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Summary of Alignment Scheme of KAGRA in O3GK (and RSE commissioning in 2020)

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Scope

- Summarize the alignment scheme used for O3GK and RSE commissioning in 2020
- To discuss if there are better schemes for O4 and beyond
- Here, we only discuss daily alignment (semi-auto alignment; SAL) for locking and ASC after locking
- The initial alignment procedure is not discussed here for initial alignment, see, for example, <u>JGW-T1604823</u> (iKAGRA), <u>JGW-T1605692</u> (bKAGRA Phase 1), <u>JGW-G1808462</u> (X&Y arm)
- References

<u>JGW-G2011544</u>: KAGRA beam alignment manual for beginners in O3 <u>JGW-G2011687</u>:ASC Status and To-Dos <u>JGW-T2112593</u>: Cable diagram (PSL, IOO, IOO1, ALS0, ALS1, LSC0, ASC0)

Acronyms

SAL (Semi-Auto Alignment)

Guardian based daily alignment where you can click buttons step by step. Manual checkings in-between the steps are necessary.

ADS (Alignment Dither System)

Dither optics and see the fluctuations in the transmitted power to control the alignment of the optics to maximize the transmitted power.

BPC (Beam Pointing Control)

Dither optics and see angle-to-length to control the alignment of the optics to control the beam spot positions on the optics.

WFS (Wave Front Sensor)

Modulation-demodulation scheme to control the alignment of the optics using RF QPDs.

• IP (Input Pointing)

Two steering mirrors at the output of PSL (pre-stabilized laser) table for input pointing to IMC (input-mode cleaner).





















