Graphical user interface for Finesse simulation tool

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Introduction



• DARFPMI (Dual Recycled Fabry-Perot Michelson Interferometer)

- The interferometer has 5 **DoF** (Degrees of Freedom) in length to be controlled.
 - 5 Dor
- DARM
- CARM • MICH
- SRCL

ETMX

InTMSX



Motivation

- KAGRA has not yet achieved full DRFPMI locking. There is a demand for a tool to support the
 - commissioning of full locking.



visually easy to use

We developed **GUI** for simulation tool.



Finesse (Frequency domain INterfErometer Simulation SoftwarE)

```
Kat format file
# DRFPMI
l i1 1 0 n0
s s_eo0 0 n0 n_eo1
mod eom1 $fsb1 0.3 3 pm n_eo1 n_eo2
s s_eo1 0 n_eo2 n_eo3
mod eom2 $fsb2 0.3 3 pm n_eo3 n_eo4
s s_eo2 0 n_eo4 REFL
## ======= PRC each mirror loss $prc_loss =======
# PRC
m1 PRM 0.1 4.5e-05 0 REFL npr1
s sLpr1 14.7615 npr1 npr2
bs1 PR2 0.0005 4.5e-05 0 $a npr3 npr2 POP POP2
s sLpr2 11.0661 npr3 npr4
bs1 PR3 5e-05 4.5e-05 0 $a dump dump npr4 npr5
s sLpr3 15.7638 npr5 npr6
# ======= Michelson =======
bs1 MIbs 0.5 0 0 45 npr6 n2 n3 n4
s lx 26.6649 n3 nx1
s ly 23.3351 n2 ny1
# X arm
m1 ITMX 0.004 0 0 nx1 nx2
s sx1 3000 nx2 nx3
m1 ETMX 5e-06 0 0 nx3 nTMSX
```

- We can use the tool called Finesse.
- Finesse is an interferometer simulation program.
- This tool calculates ISC signals in our specified interferometer configuration (Kat format file).
- kat format is Finesse's own format for reading configuration file.



Finesse (Frequency domain INterfErometer Simulation SoftwarE)

Example) Fabry-Perot resonator



Mirror sweep

Plotting the transmitted light while sweeping microscopic mirror position of a Fabry-Perot resonator. When the mirror is moved, the laser does not resonates and the transmitted light of the cavity is reduced.





Advantage of developed GUI

- Previously
 - We need to know the syntax of Finesse because the configuration file is created in Kat format.
 - We have to verify the correctness of the created models individually when we create our own interferometer models for simulation.
- What we did
 - We developed GUI.
 - We do not have to know the syntax of Finesse using this GUI.
 - We verified the correctness of created configuration file.
 - We've included the checked model for use in the GUI. (Chiaki's talk)





the commissioning process



Development environment

Anaconda

Tools to manage python packages for Windows, Mac and Linux.



Installed using Anaconda

- This GUI works in **python**.
 - → GUI works in Windows, Mac, Linux.
- pykat (Finesse)
 - A package for python that allows Finesse to be used in python.
- Pysimplegui
 - A python package for creating GUIs.
 - (A wrapper for Tkinter that makes it easier to use.)







Features of GUI

- 1. Making GUI for Simulation modes
 - sweep

we can see **power**, **amplitude** and **demodulated signal**.

- Transfer Function we can see transfer functions of each modulation frequency components.
- 2. Making GUI for changing optical parameters
- 3. Export results





Power detector

1. Select simulation mode.
 Sweep
Select PD type.
Power detector [W] Amplitud detector Demodulated signal [A.U.]
no advanced settings
🗹 REFL 🗌 AS 🗌 POP 🗌 TMSY 🗌 TMSX 🗌 POS
n0 n_eo1 n_eo2 n_eo3 n_eo4
npr1 npr2 npr3 npr4 npr5 npr6
nsr1 nsr2 nsr3 nsr4 nsr5
n2 n3 ny1 nx1 ny2 nx2 ny3 nx3
2. Select which DoF to move
DoF DARM 🖵
Plot
Ports selection menu

The DoF setting to sweep is **DARM** and the selected port is only AS.







Amplitude detector



The DoF setting to sweep is **DARM** and the selected ports are **TMSX**. kagra DRFPMI DARM sw amptd 0.15 car_ad_TMSX fsb1_upper_ad_TMSX fsb1_lower_ad_TMSX mplitude fsb2_upper_ad_TMSX 0.10fsb2_lower_ad_TMSX 0.05 0.00 1.0 0.5 -1.0-0.50.0 phi[deg]

"Carrier", "fl upper", "fl lower", "f2 upper" and "f2 lower" sideband fields are selected.







Demodulated signal 1. Select simulation mode Transfer function Sweep Select PD type. Power detector [W] O Amplitud detector O Demodulated signal [A.U.] if select "plot separately", pd results displayed all separately. overplot selected port output 💿 plot separately Which phase to plot? select "port", "demodulation frequency", "demodulation phase" demod phase = Iphase REFL demod freq = fsb1 port = 01 ✓ demod freq = fsb1 demod phase = Qphase REFL port = demod freg = fsb1 demod phase = Iphase AS port = demod phase = Qphase port = AS demod freq = fsb1 04 select option from list or input number directly 2. Select which DoF to move DoF DARM \mathbf{T} Plot additional setting menu Port Demodulation frequency Demodulation phase

The DoF setting to sweep is **DARM** and the selected ports are AS.





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Transfer function

 1. Select simulation mode. Sweep Transfer function Select PD type. Demodulated signal 	
<pre>if select "plot separately", pd results displayed all separately. overplot selected port output plot separately Which phase to plot? select "demodulation frequency", "demodulation phase", "port" select option from list or input number directly</pre>	demod phase = Iphase
2. Select which DoF to move DOF DARM	
additional setting menu	sampling num 10
• Port	 yaxis lin
 Demodulation frequency 	xaxis range
 Demodulation phase 	-180

The DoF setting to sweep is "DARM" and the selected ports are AS.





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Parameter option

DRFF	MI IFO_param OPTION
KAG	IRA
Mich	elson FPMI PRFPMI DRFPMI
\bigtriangledown	laser parameter
\bigtriangledown	mirror parameter
\bigtriangledown	length parameter
\bigtriangledown	eom parameter
\bigtriangledown	hom parameter
	length parameter
	eom parameter
	modulation f1 frequency 16881000.0
	modulation f2 frequency 45015900.0

number of produced modulator sidebands	3 🔻
	-

∇	hom	paramete
∇	hom	paramete



When option checkbox selected, Additional menu appear.





Parameter option

✓ laser parameter	
mirror parameter	
note: Reflectance and transmittance are values between 0 and 1.	
BS mirror power transmittance 0.5	
BS mirror power loss 0	
load mirror map file?	J

✓ length parameter

length PR3-BS 15.7638	
length BS-ITMX 26.6649	
length ITMX-ETMX 3000	
length BS-ITMY 23.3351	
length ITMY-ETMY 3000	L
length SRM-SR2 15.7386	



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Parameter option





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Export results

plot_20201104111822840030. % Generated by PyKat 04.11.2020 11:18:22 l i1 1.0 0.0 0.0 n0 s s_eo0 0.0 n0 n_eo1 mod eom1 16881000.0 0.3 3 pm 0.0 n_eo1 n_eo2 s s_eo1 0.0 n_eo2 n_eo3 mod eom2 45015900.0 0.3 3 pm 0.0 n_eo3 n_eo4 s s_eo2 0.0 n_eo4 REFL m PRM 0.899955000000001 0.1 0.0 REFL npr1 s sLpr1 14.7615 npr1 npr2 bs PR2 0.9994550000000001 0.0005 0.0 0.686 npr3 npr2 POP POP2 s sLpr2 11.0661 npr3 npr4 bs PR3 0.999905 5e-05 0.0 0.686 dump dump npr4 npr5 s sLpr3 15.7638 npr5 npr6 bs bs1 0.5 0.5 0.0 45.0 npr6 n2 n3 n4 s lx 26.6649 n3 nx1 s ly 23.3351 n2 ny1 m ITMX 0.995955 0.004 0.0 nx1 nx2 s sx1 3000.0 nx2 nx3 m ETMX 0.99995 5e-06 0.0 nx3 TMSX m ITMY 0.995955 0.004 90.0 ny1 ny2 s sy1 3000.0 ny2 ny3 m ETMY 0.99995 5e-06 90.0 ny3 TMSY s sLsr3 15.7386 n4 nsr5 bs SR3 0.999905 5e-05 0.0 0.686 nsr5 nsr4 dump dump s sLsr2 11.1115 nsr4 nsr3 bs SR2 0.9994550000000001 0.0005 0.0 0.686 nsr2 nsr3 POS dump s sLsr1 14.7412 nsr2 nsr1 m SRM 0.8463550000000001 0.1536 0.0 nsr1 AS xaxis sig1 f lin -180 180 1000 put pd2 fsb1 0 REFL f2 \$x1 put pd2 fsb1 90 REFL f2 \$x1 put pd2 fsb1 0 AS f2 \$x1 put pd2 fsb1 90 AS f2 \$x1 put pd2 fsb1 0 POP f2 \$x1 put pd2 fsb1 90 P0P f2 \$x1 put pd2 fsb1 0 POS f2 \$x1 put pd2 fsb1 90 POS f2 \$x1 nd2 nd2 fch1 0 PEEL 16881000 0 0 0 10 0 PEEL







Cross Check the GUI

Motivation

- from the GUI, and confirmed to be computed correctly analytically. We run the same simulation with Ifo-models and GUI configuration files respectively, compare the results.
- model to GUI, we check if the changes are reflected in the GUI configuration file.

Ifo-models are models written in Finesse syntax, independent

When using GUI options to set optical parameters set in ifo-

Method

- We use the Python package to output two configuration files. • We plot the results of both in a single figure.
- We set the ifo-models parameter in the GUI in the GUI options.
- The following conditions must be met. (interferometer configuration, simulation mode, PD type, DoF, port put PD)

Result

Example) DRFPMI DoF: DARM port: AS

simulation mode: Sweep PD type: Amplitude detector (f1,f2 =sidebands)



simulation mode: Transfer function PD type: Demodulated signal (I=in phase, Q=quadrature phase)

DRFPMI_DARM_AS of transfer function



 We tried most of the functions of the GUI and found that the results of ifo-models and the GUI.

 We looked at the output GUI configuration file and confirmed that reflected parameters setting.

The ifo-models and GUI results matched for all simulation results.

Summary

- There are three types of simulation mode.
 - In sweep option, we can see **power**, **amplitude** and **demodulated signal**.
 - In transfer function option,
- Future tasks
 - Implementation of simulation mode sensitivity.
 - Implementation of mirror map.

We developed GUI that makes it easy to use Finesse for KAGRA commissioning.

we can see transfer functions of each modulation frequency components.

