

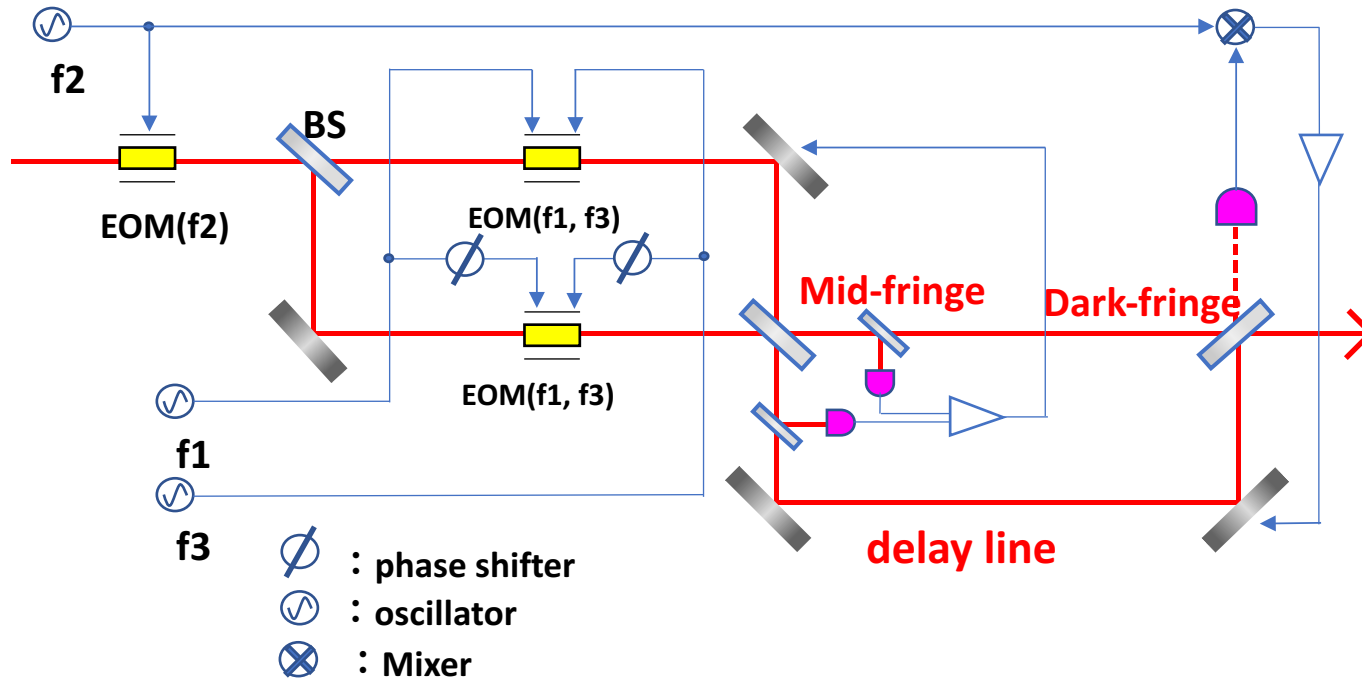
PSL review

Mach-Zehnder modulation

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Configuration and why needed



Why we use this?

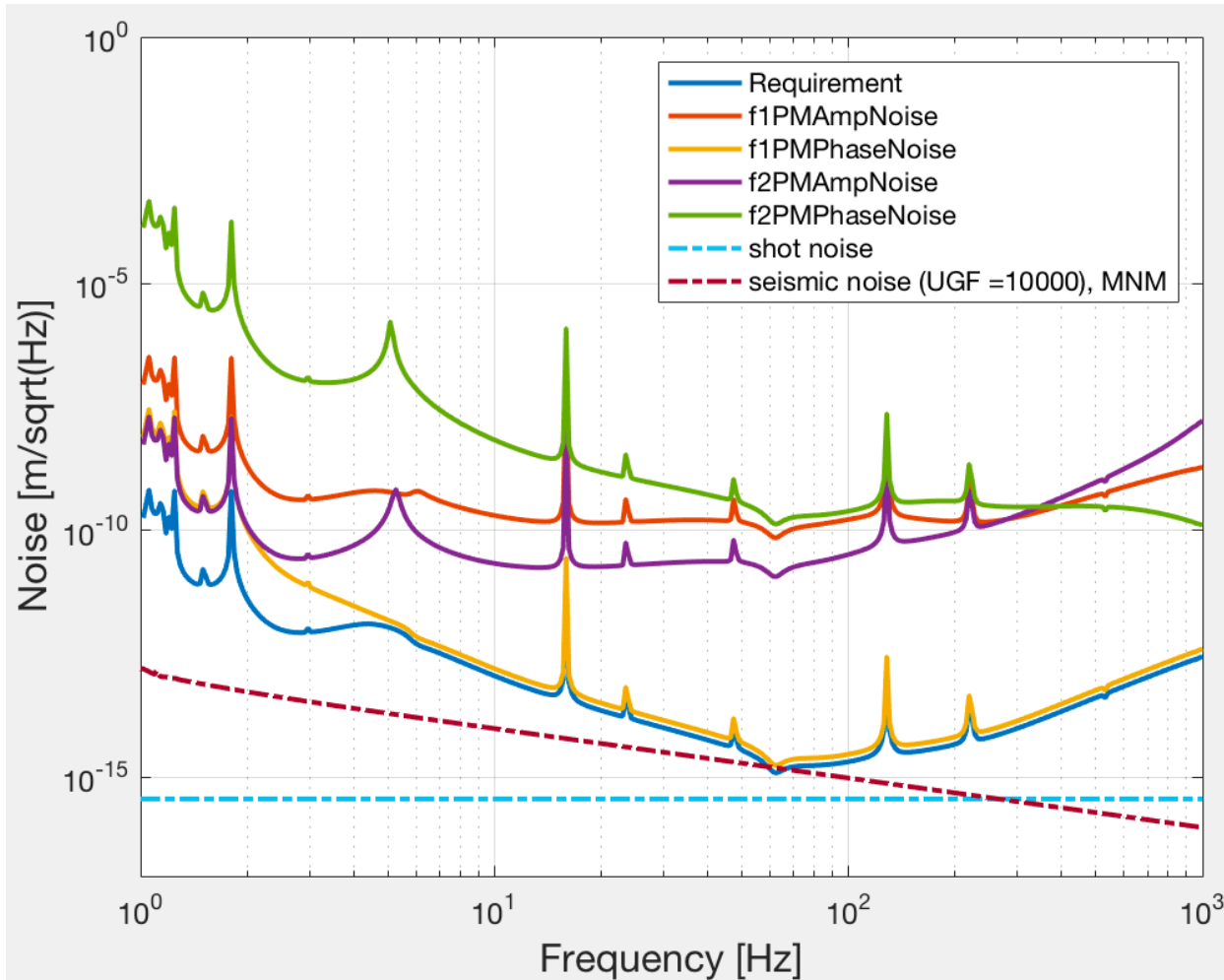
1. Get the signal of the center region independently from that of the arm region
2. Relax the noise requirement for the DRSE[1]

	frequency [MHz]	modulation type	Signal extraction
$f1$	16.88	PM & AM	MICH & SRCL
$f2$	45.02	PM	PRCL
$f3$	56.27	AM	Local oscillator for center

[1]S.Ueda et al., Class. Quantum Grav. 31 (2014) 095003

Simulation

Displacement noise requirement for mid-fringe, DRSE



The variety of laser noise caused by MZI

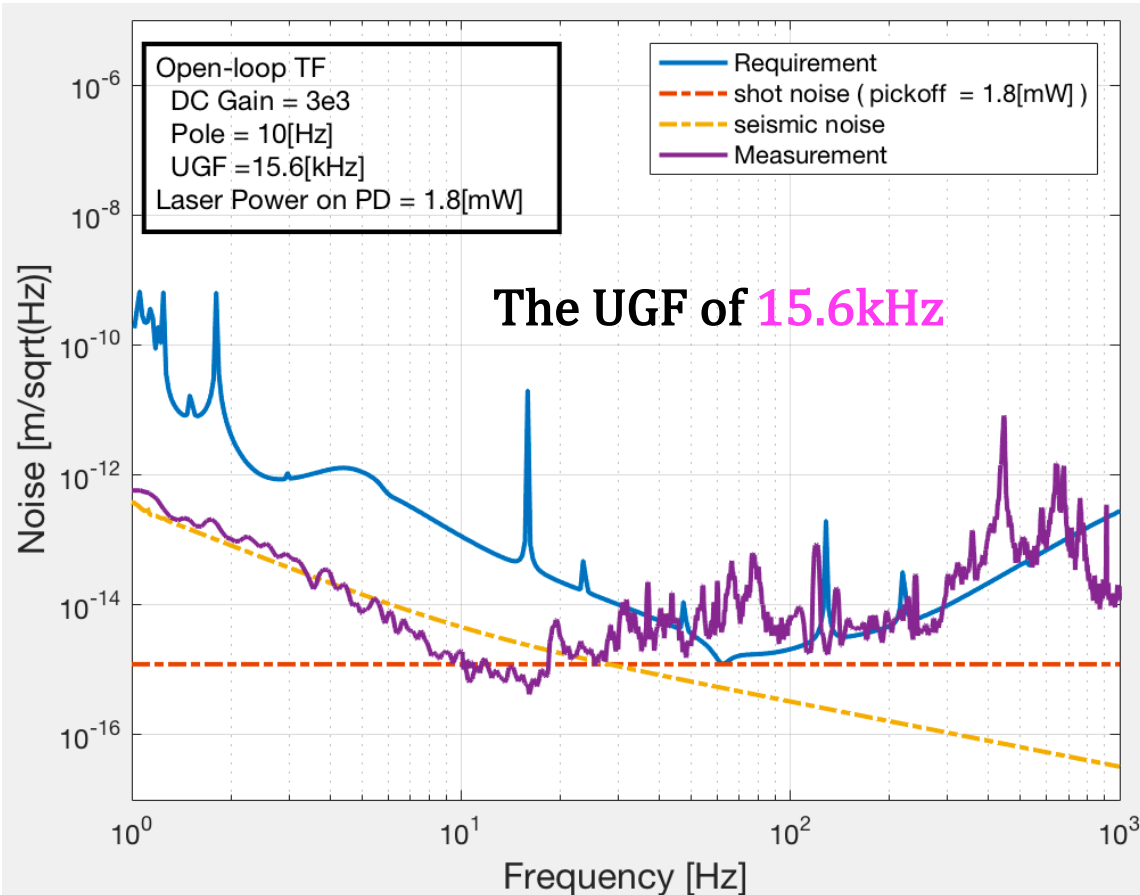
frequency \times modulation type \times noise type
(f1, f2) (AM, PM) (Amplitude, Phase)

- This is feasible in terms of the shot noise (supposed 10[mW] on PD here)
- It is phase noise of f1 PM which set the requirement on the displacement noise of mid-fringe.
- In order to suppress the seismic noise under the requirement, high UGF seems necessary like 10[kHz].

Experiment

***Laser Power Measurement is not precise. Shot noise is put as reference.**

PZT test with simple MZI



experiment condition

- Filter : SR560
DC gain = 2e4
pole = 10 [Hz]
- Optical component
PZT : PA44LEW (thorlabs)
*PZT mirror : HYD-05 (AUTEX)
- Laser Power on PD
~ 1.8 [mW]
*Half-inch mirror

With the higher power, I think we can meet the requirement with this PZT and mirror.

The future experiment on the main path

- Wait for the completion of PMC installation?
(the schedule is tight)
- Bypass?
(calculation of mode match and add other optics, e.g. flip mounts)