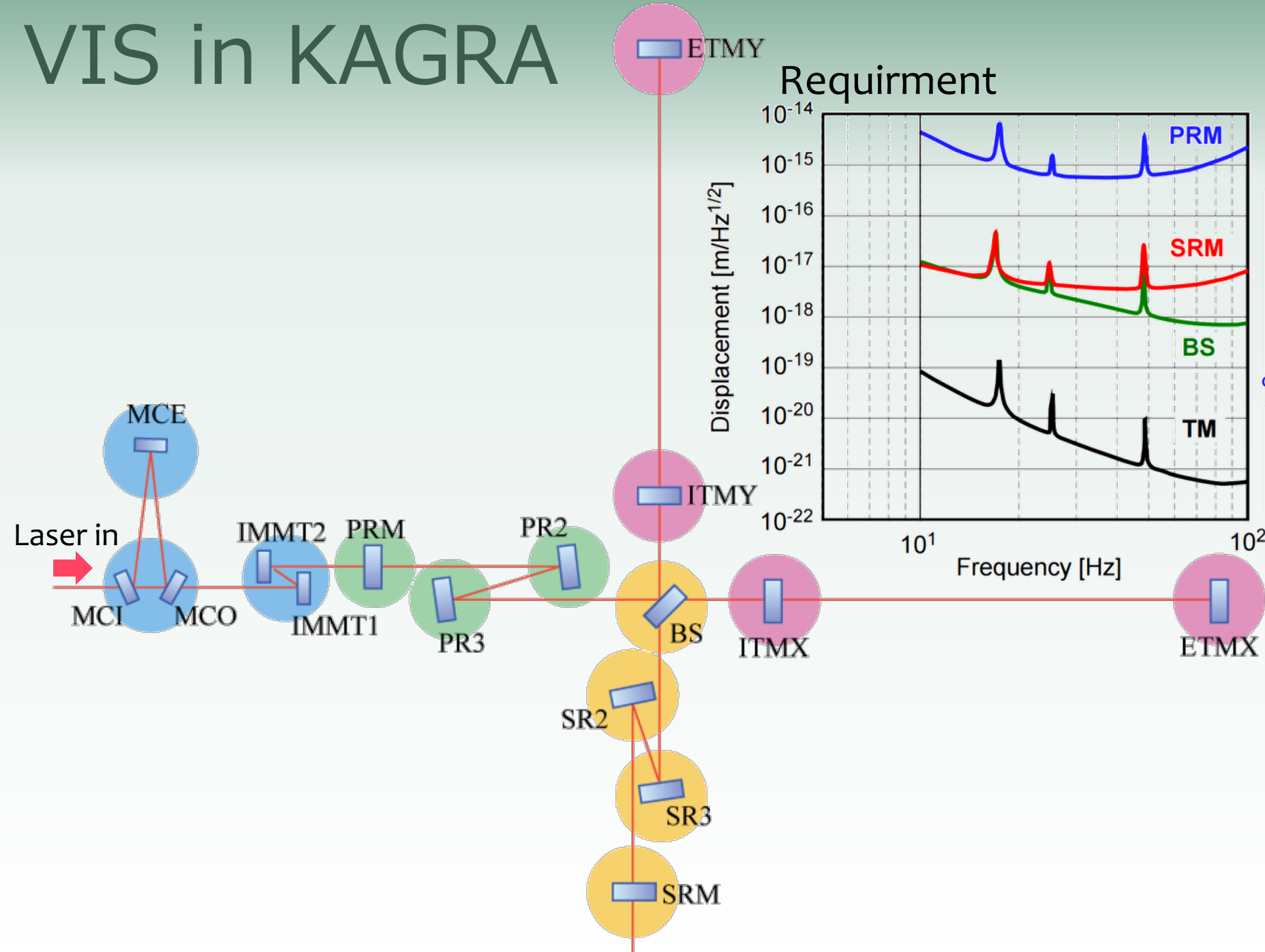


Introduction to Vibration Isolation System

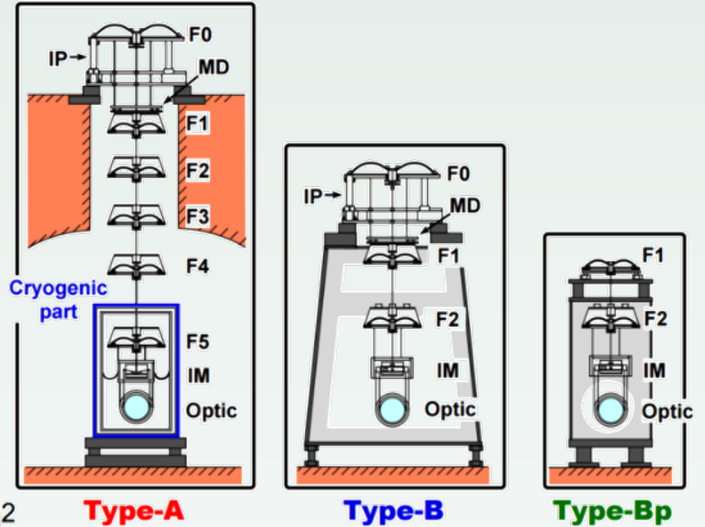
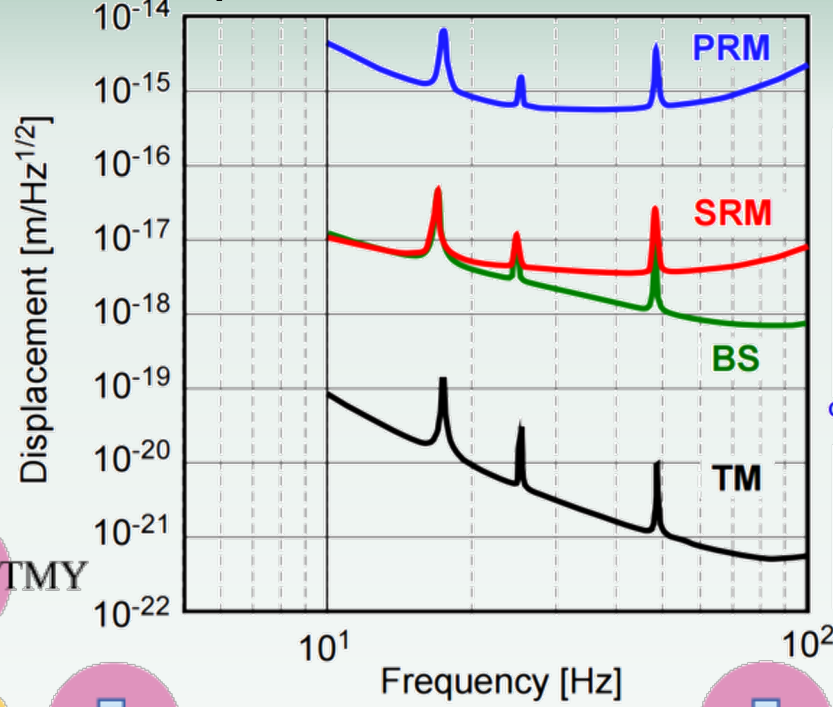
~~Ayaka Shoda (NAOJ)~~

Kouseki Miyo (ICRR)

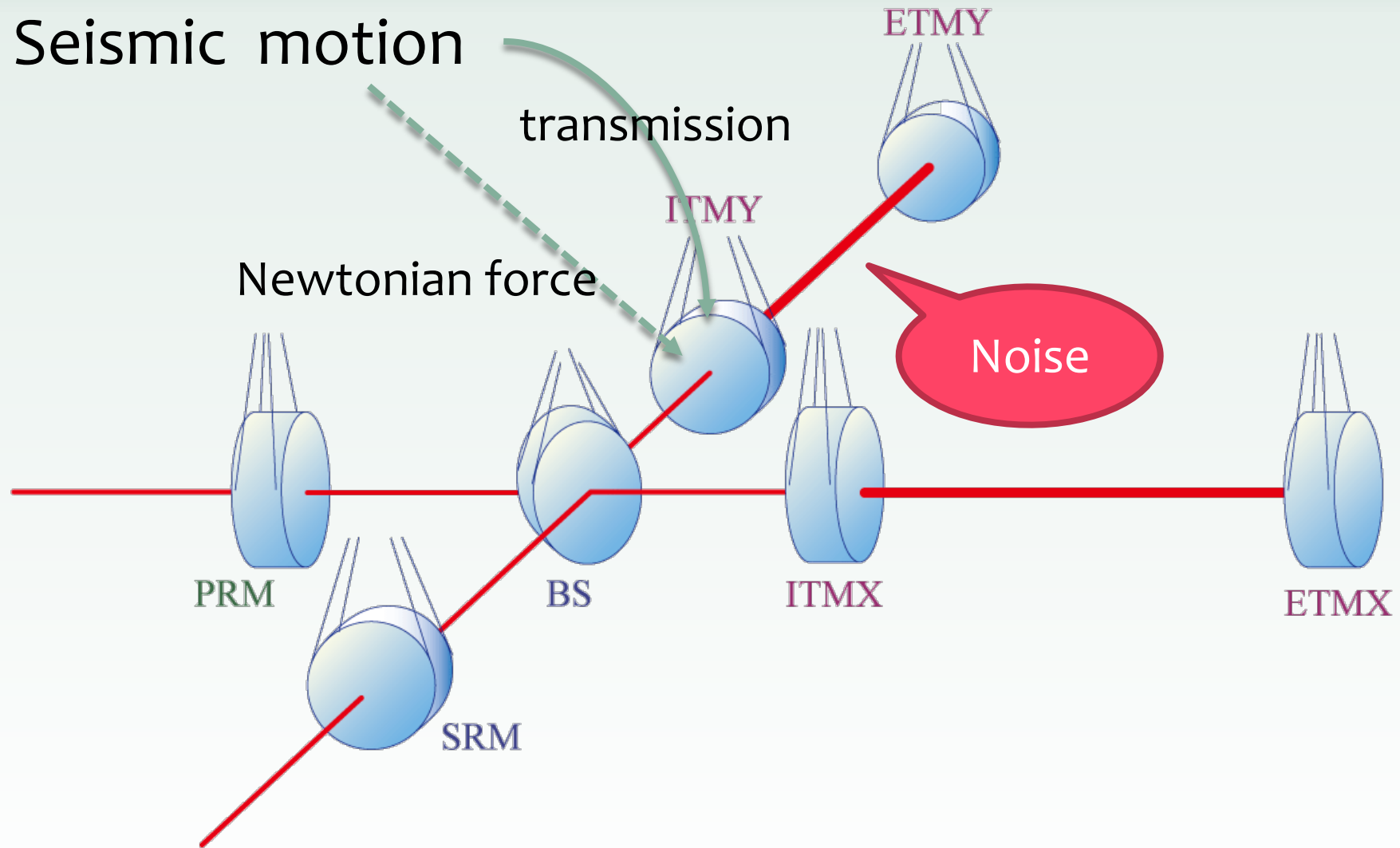
VIS in KAGRA



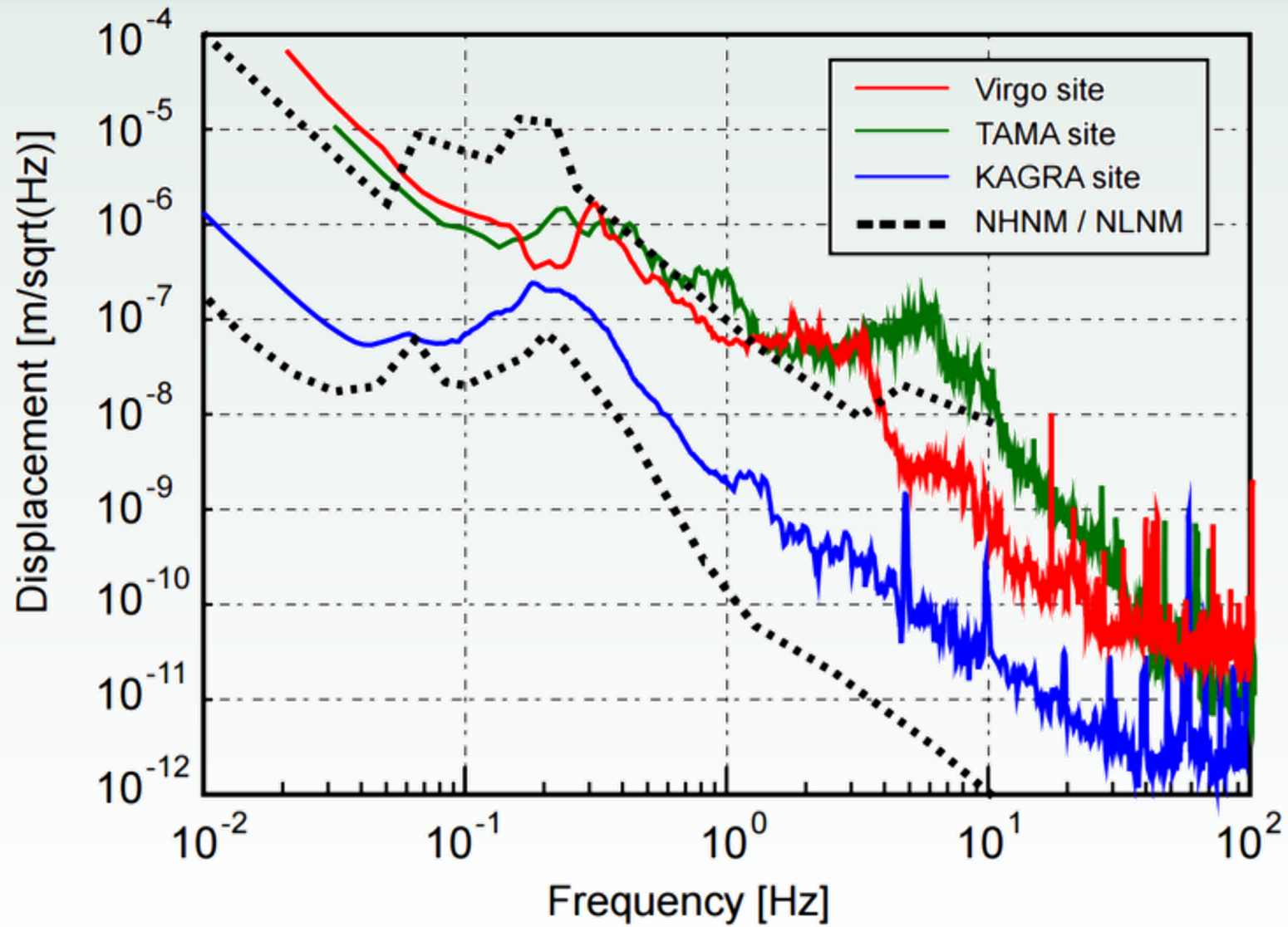
Requirement



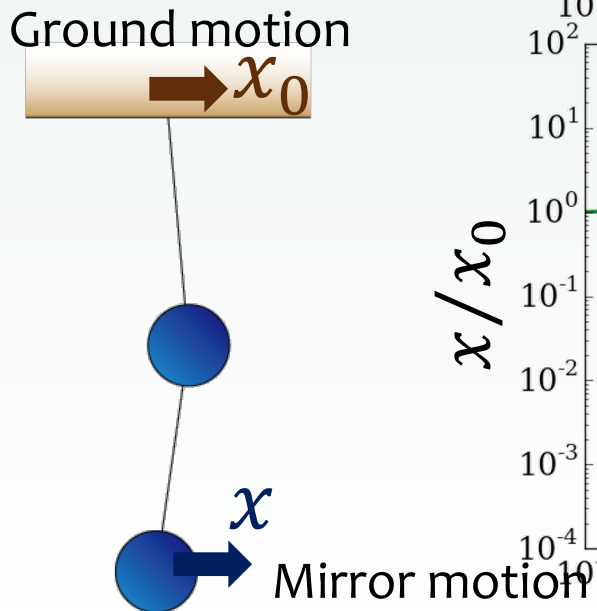
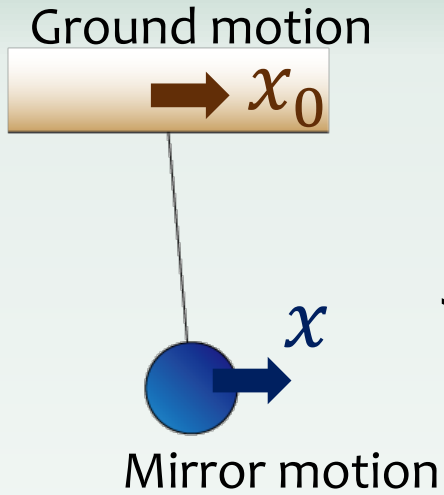
How do we reduce the mirror motion?



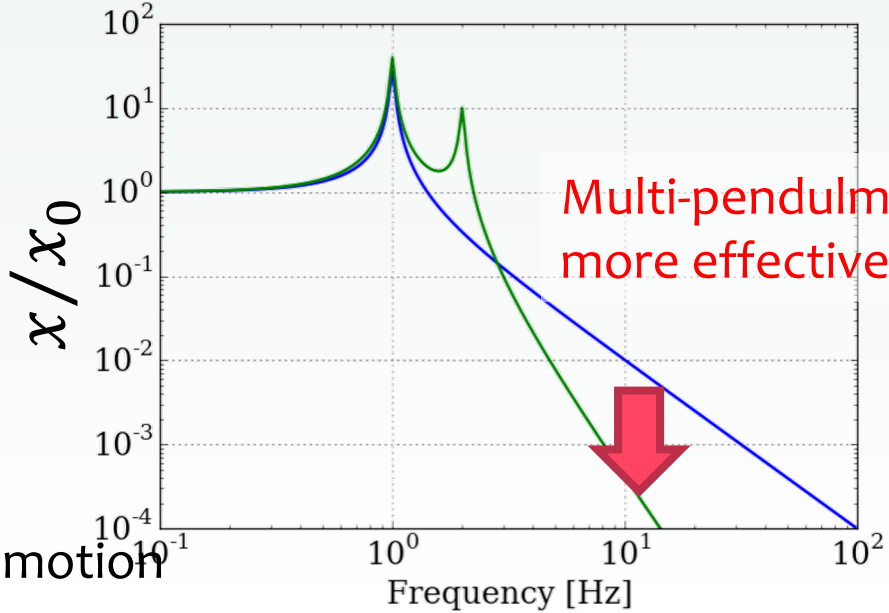
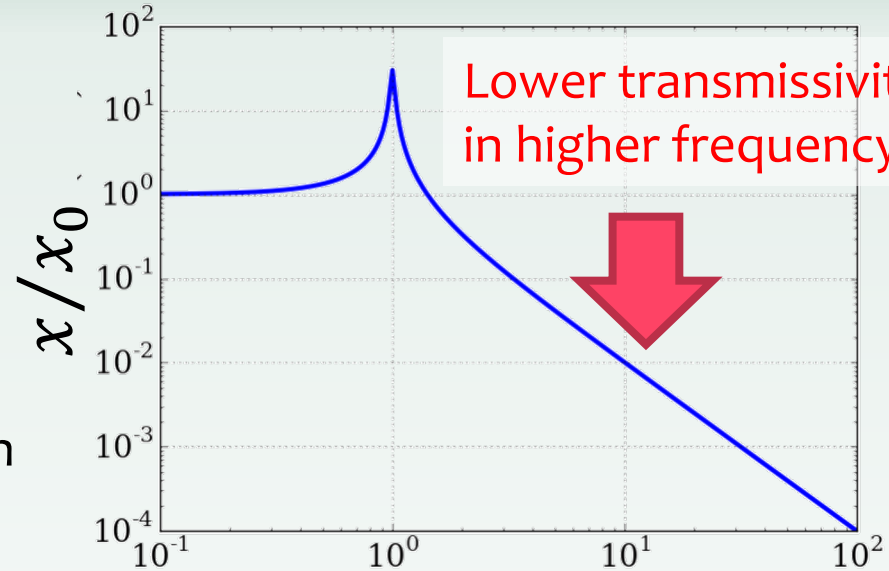
Choose quiet site

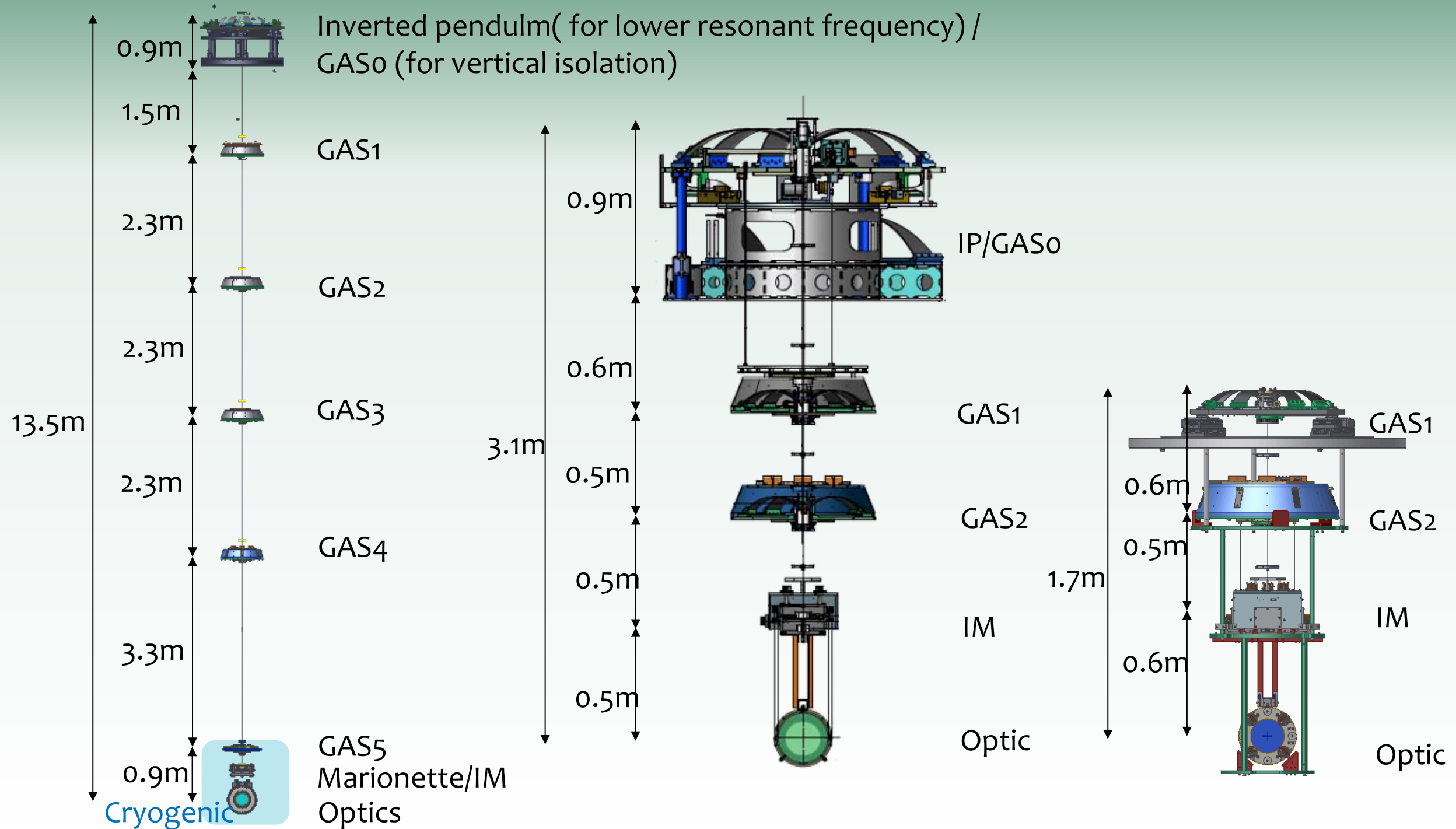


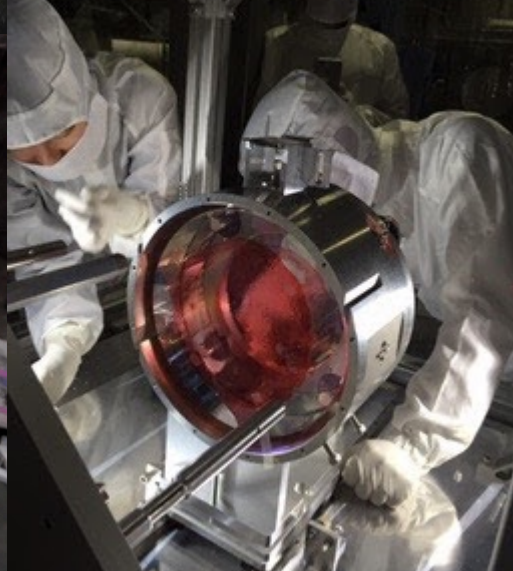
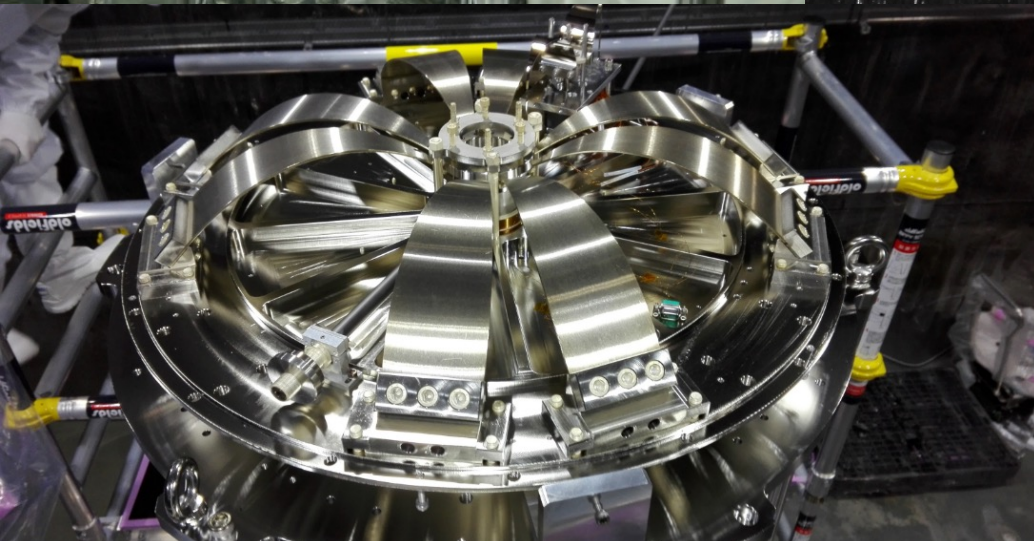
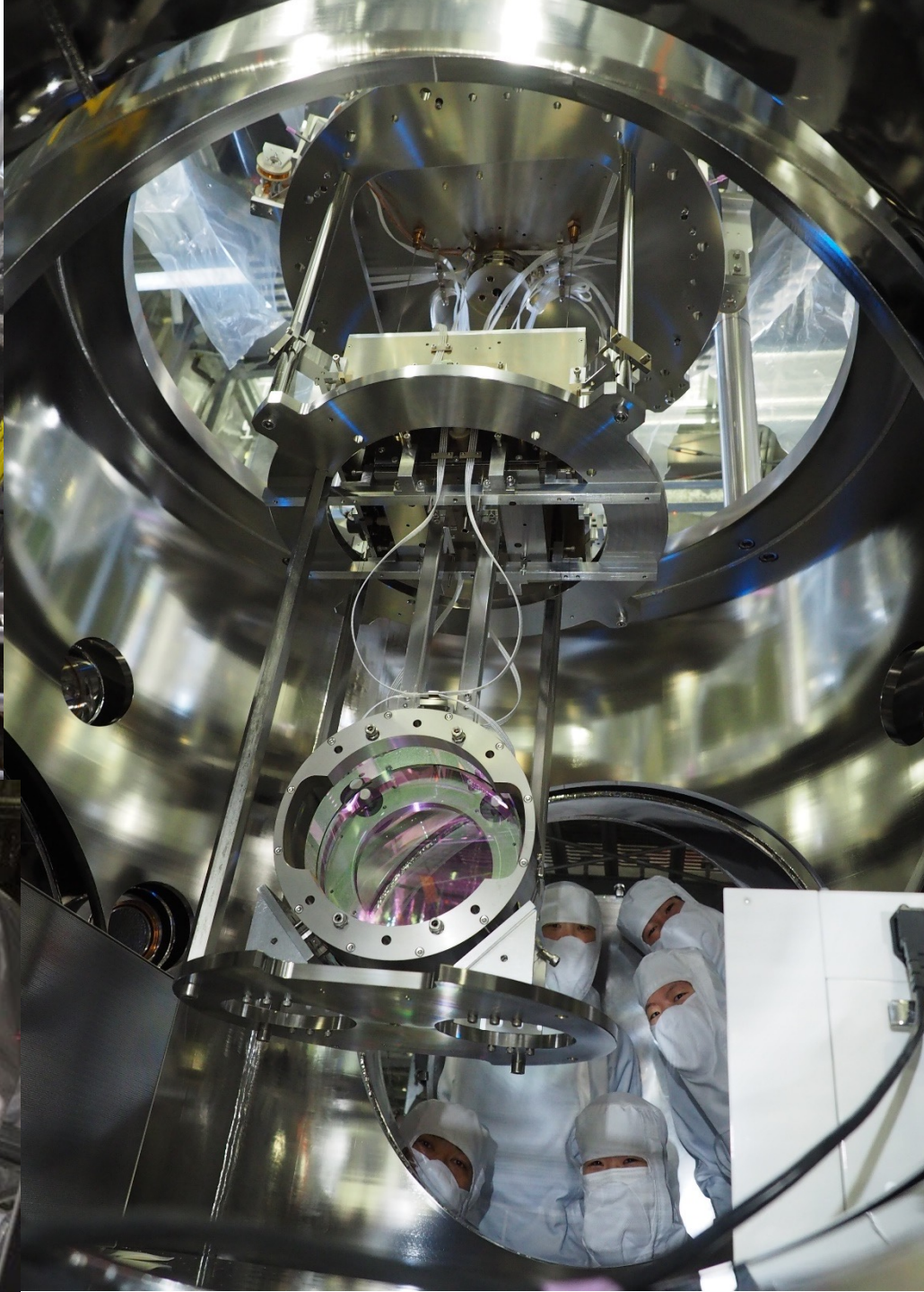
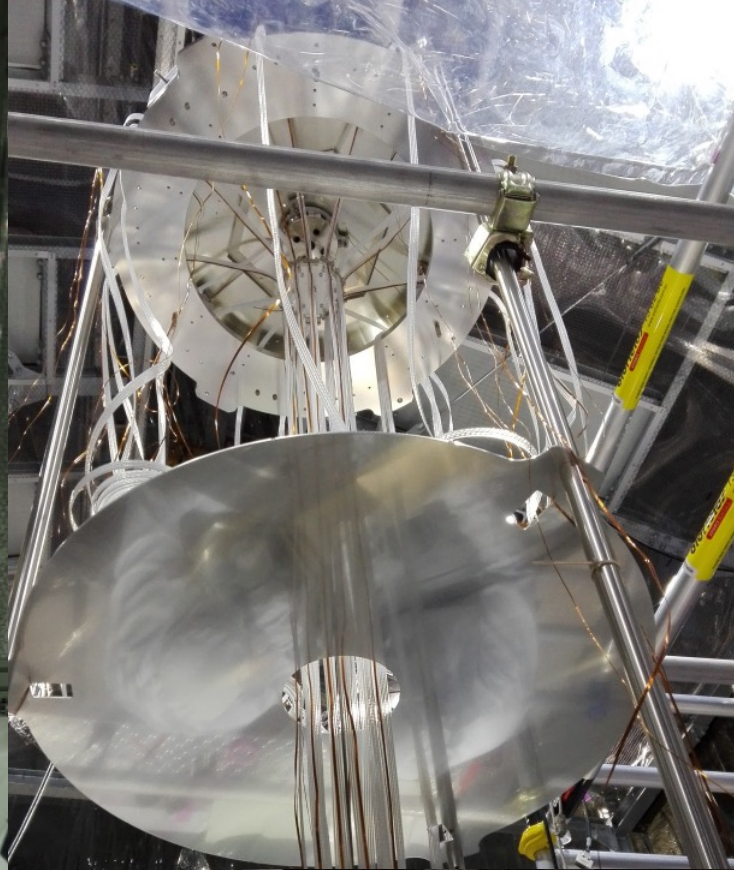
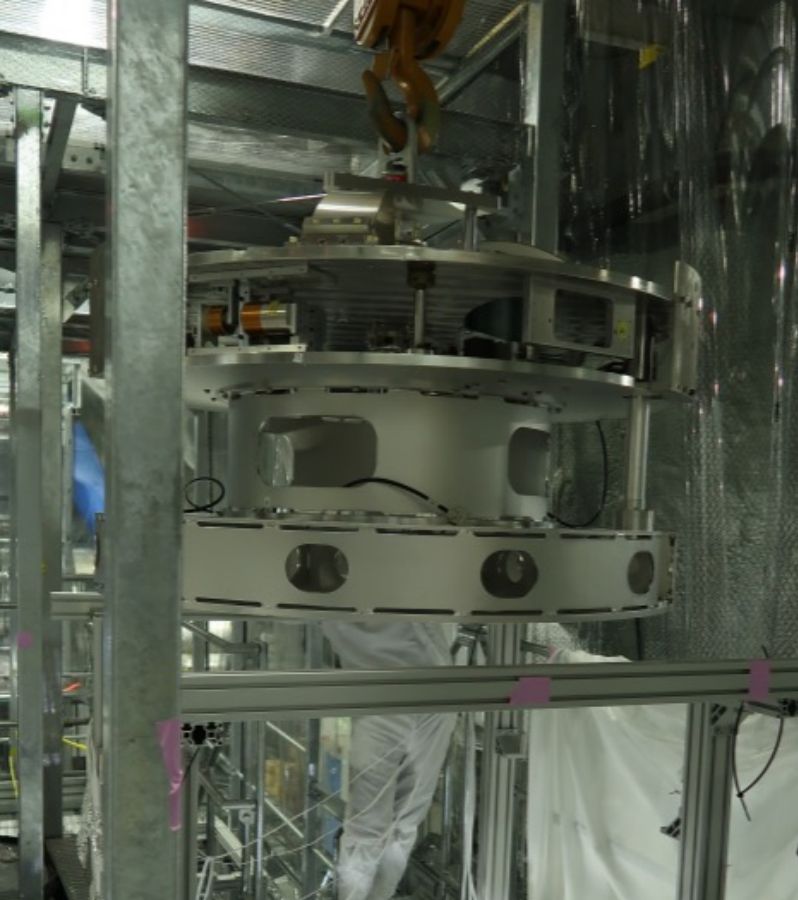
Vibration isolation by pendulum



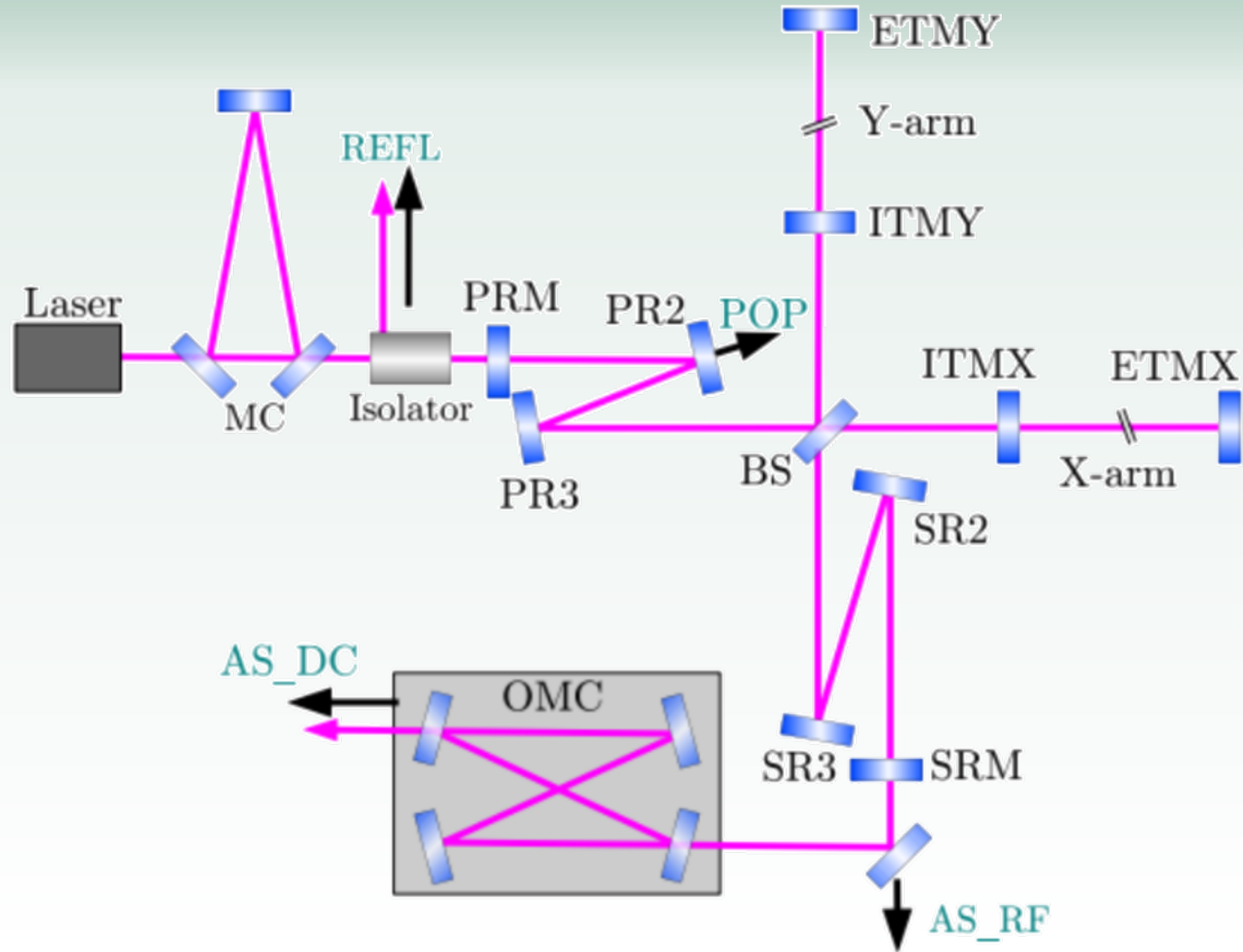
Transfer function from ground to mirror







Interferometer as GW detector



VIS as the very low noise actuator

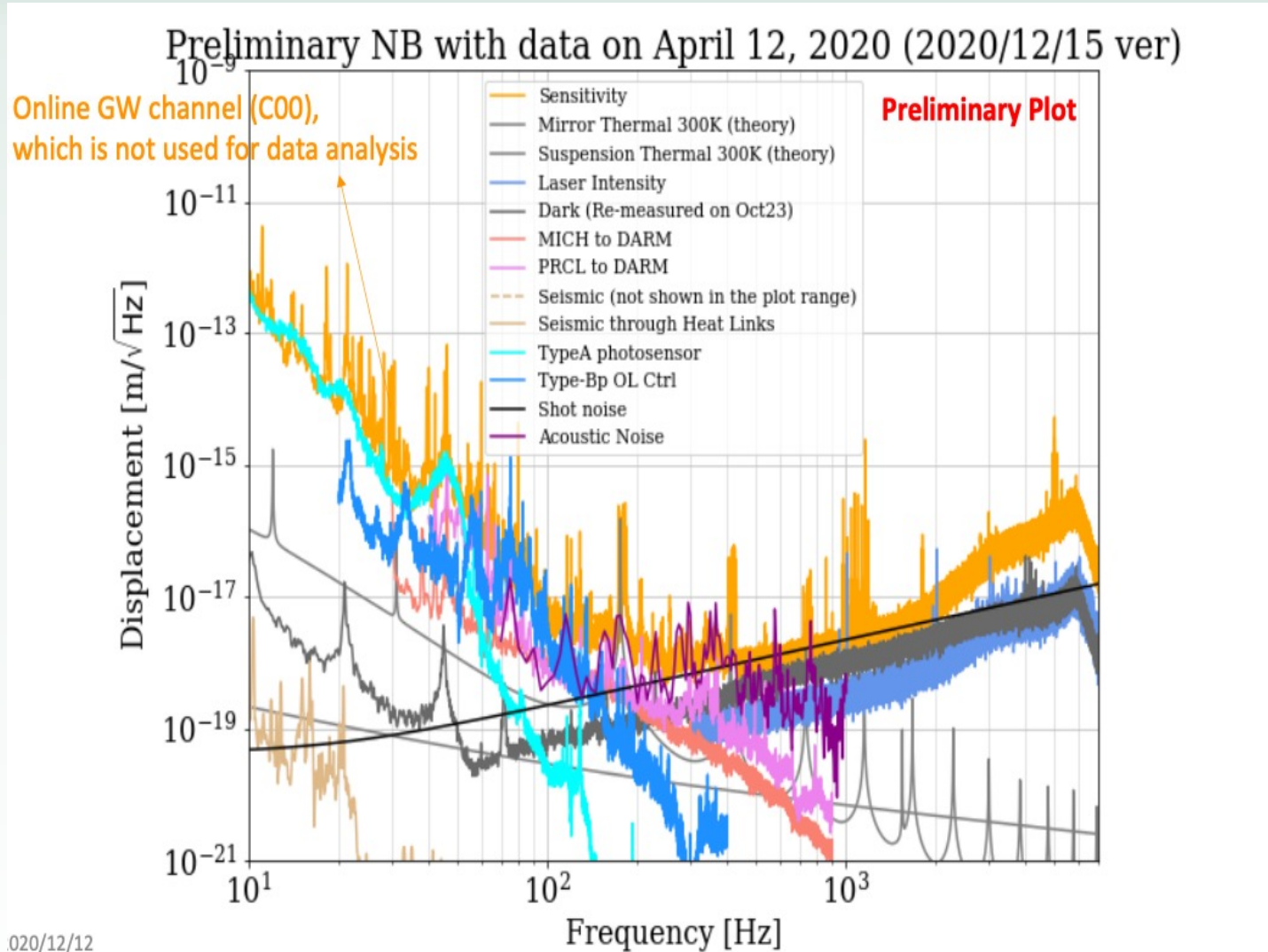


Low noise actuator

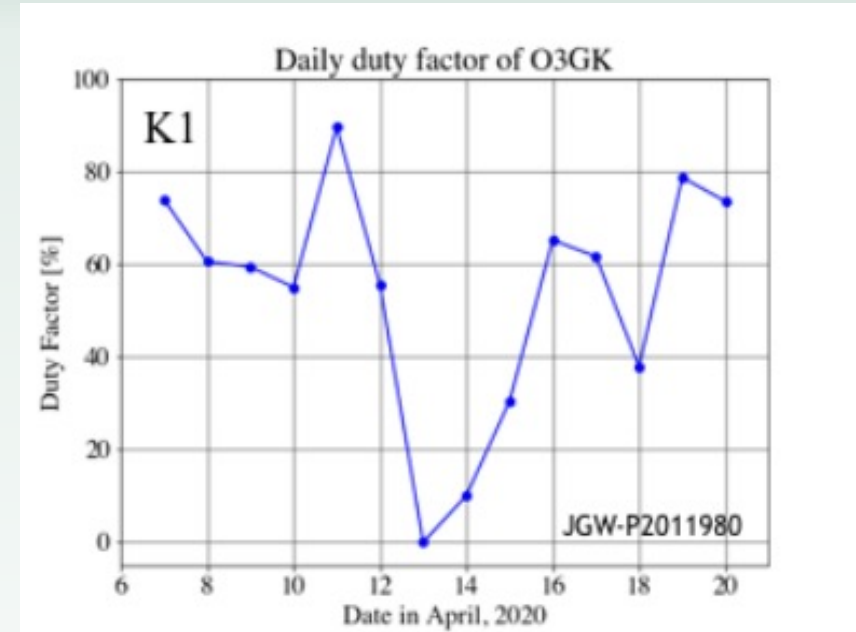


How quickly do we damp the pendulum?
How do we provide low control noise?
How do we provide stable VIS operation?

Current performance of KAGRA



020/12/12



	Observation Time [s]	Duty Factor
GEO	940133 (11 days)	80%
KAGRA	628135 (7.3 days)	53%
Coincident	551340 (6.4 days)	47%

from Tagoshi-san material [?]

Research topics

VIS (Vibration Isolation System)

Sensor Development

- Development of new local sensor with high-sensitivity, wide-range and cryogenic use, replaced from OSEM and photo-sensor
- Development of new local sensor by using optical comb technology
- Development of inertial sensor (seismometer, accelerometer)

Performance Improvement

- Optimization of control, development of active filter
- Control of low frequency range by using GIF
- Improvement of lower frequency performance of IP
- Development of light and easy maintenance GAS filter