Development of KAGRA Burst Pipeline

Kazuhiro Hayama on behalf of KAGRA Burst Group

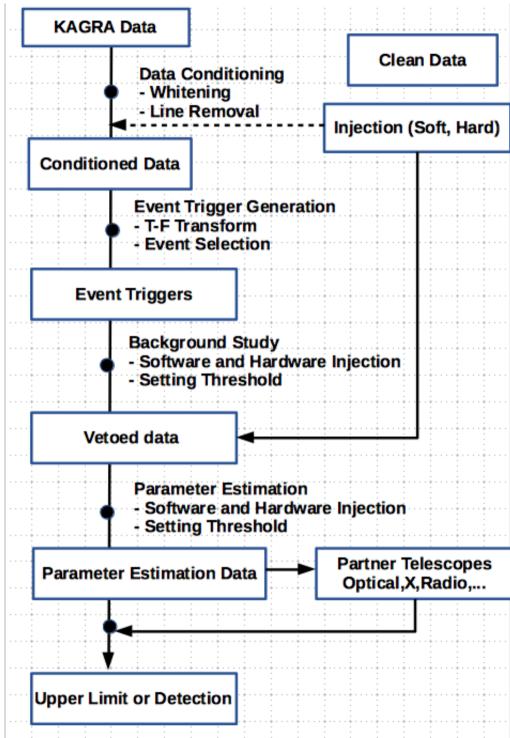
KAGRA Burst Group

- Hayama
- Arima, Kanda, Yokozawa

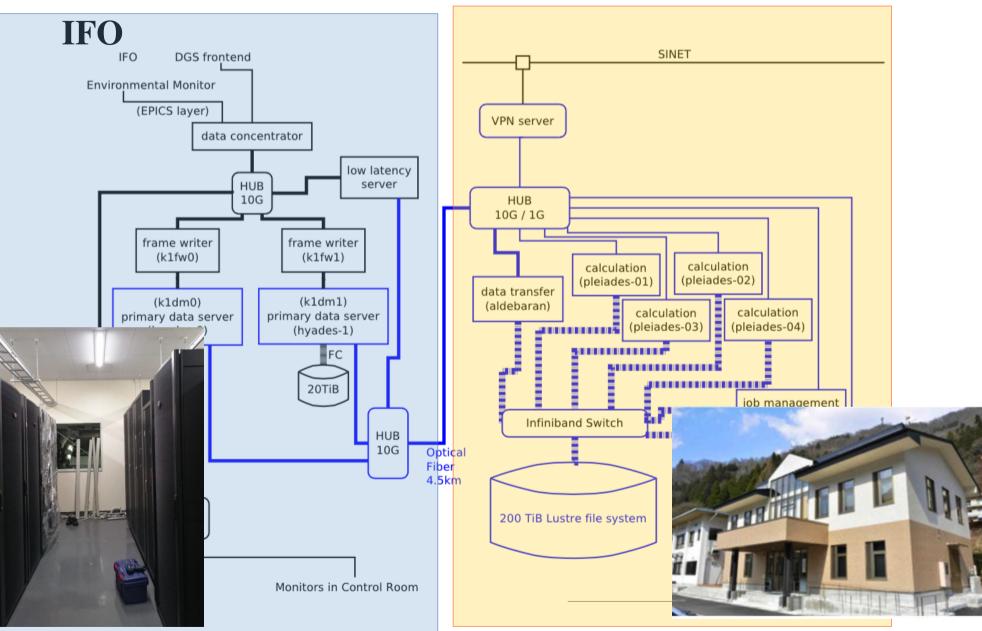
- The burst pipeline is being developed using
 - KAGALI (C-based)
 - HasKAL (Haskel-based)
 - The roles of HasKAL is mainly two
 - As a wrapper of KAGALI, LAL (like PyLAL)
 - As a detector characterization library

Speed is 1~1/2 x C Code is quite compact. (typically 1/5~1/10 smaller than C) Parallelization is very easy!

Flow Chart



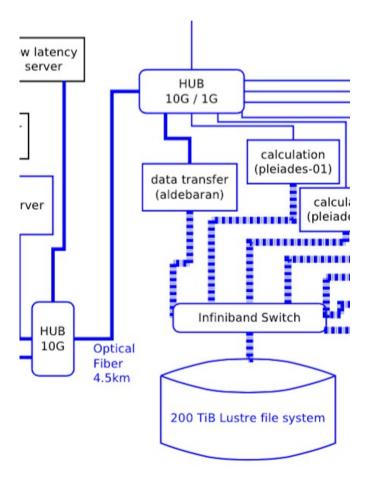
Data from KAGRA



Kamioka Mine

Analysis Building

Data from KAGRA



- Data is transferred to the analysis building via optical fiber lines.
- The data is first stored in a server with 200Tib storage.
- The data will be ~TByte/day. So we need to have a database system as a part of the KAGRA DAQ system.

Database

Two methods are being developed.

The approach to be adopted will be decided with DMG subsystem.

- framecache
- Database

framecache

Format of the framecache is not defined yet.

What parameters should be included?

• •	 cliocache.lst – cachefiles (git: master)
1	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553792-16.gwf
2	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553808-16.gwf
	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553824-16.gwf
4	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553840-16.gwf
	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553856-16.gwf
	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553872-16.gwf
	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553888-16.gwf
	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553904-16.gwf
	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553920-16.gwf
10	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553936-16.gwf
11	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553952-16.gwf
12	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553968-16.gwf
13	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034553984-16.gwf
14	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034554000-16.gwf
15	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034554016-16.gwf
16	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034554032-16.gwf
17	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034554048-16.gwf
18	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034554064-16.gwf
19	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034554080-16.gwf
20	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034554096-16.gwf
21	/data/clio/full/10345/X-R-1034554112-16.gwf
Line:	1 Plain Text

Database

• UpdateFrameDB

The information of the file is inserted into a database as soon as a frame file is stored in a specific directory.

• The database engine is MySQL.

Contraction 2. mysql								
sql> select * from framedb;								
frame_id	fname	+ gps_start	+ gps_stop	chname	sampling_rate	dq_flag		
1	//data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC1	2048	4		
2	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC2	2048	4		
3	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC3	2048	4		
4	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC4	2048	4		
5	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC5	2048	4		
6	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC6	2048	4		
7	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC7	2048	4		
8	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC8	2048	4		
9	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_ACC_N02_X_FLOOR	2048	4		
10	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_ACC_N02_Y_FLOOR	2048	4		
11	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_ACC_N02_Z_FLOOR	2048	4		
12	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_MAG_X_FLOOR	2048	4		
13	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_MAG_Y_FLOOR	2048	4		
14	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_MAG_Z_FLOOR	2048	4		
15	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_MIC_FLOOR	2048	4		
16	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_REF	2048	4		
17	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC1-RAW	2048	4		
18	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC2-RAW	2048	4		
19	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC3-RAW	2048	4		
20	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC4-RAW	2048	4		
21	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC5-RAW	2048	4		
22	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC6-RAW	2048	4		
23	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC7-RAW	2048	4		
24	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	ADC8-RAW	2048	4		
25	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_ACC_NO2_X_FLOOR-RAW	2048	4		
26	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_ACC_N02_Y_FLOOR-RAW	2048	4		
27	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_ACC_N02_Z_FLOOR-RAW	2048	4		
28	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_MAG_X_FLOOR-RAW	2048	4		
29	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_MAG_Y_FLOOR-RAW	2048	4		
30	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_MAG_Z_FLOOR-RAW	2048	4		
31	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_MIC_FLOOR-RAW	2048	4		
32	/data/kagra/xend/test/R0201/K-K1_R-1113209036-32.gwf	1113209036	1113209068	K1:PEM-EX_REF-RAW	2048	4		

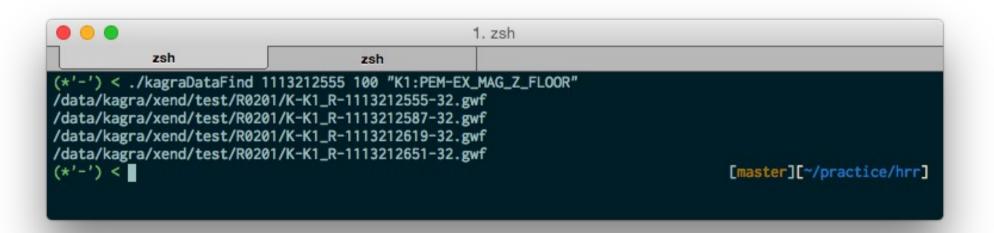
mysql>

Accessing Database

- Command line tools
 - kagraDataFind

If you give GPS start time, duration, channel_name, you can get a list of corresponding frame files.

e.g. kagraDataFind 1113212555 100 "K1:PEM-EX_MAG_Z_FLOOR"



The software

- MySQL 5.6.24 http://www.mysql.com
- Generation of framecache https://github.com/gw-analysis/detector-characterization/blob/master/HasKAL/src/Has KAL/FrameUtils/FileManipulation.hs
- Database using MySQL

https://github.com/gw-analysis/detectorcharacterization/tree/master/HasKAL/src/HasKAL/DataBaseUtils

Data Structure

• The data is defined below

https://github.com/gw-analysis/detector-characterization/tree/master/HasKAL/src/HasKAL/WaveUtils

```
data WaveData = WaveData
21
       { detector :: Detector
22
       , dataType :: String
23
       , samplingFrequency :: Double
24
       , startGPSTime :: GPSTIME
25
       , stopGPSTime :: GPSTIME
26
       , gwdata :: TimeSeries
27
       } deriving (Show, Eq, Read)
28
29
30
     data WaveProperty = WaveProperty
31
       { mean :: Vector Double -> Double
32
       , variance :: Vector Double -> Double
33
       , spectrum :: Vector Double -> Double -> [(Double, Double)]
34
       , spectrogram :: Vector Double -> Double -> [(Double, Double, Double)]
35
       }
36
```

https://github.com/gw-analysis/detectorcharacterization/blob/master/HasKAL/src/HasKAL/WaveUtils/Data.hs

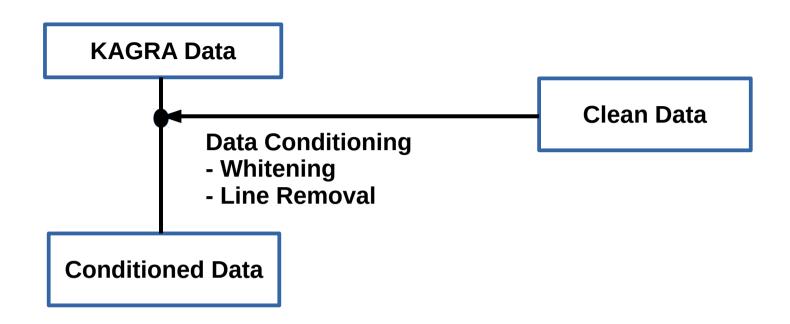
Handling data

Every processed data comes with GPS time, its sampling frequency...

So that we can avoid careless miss like wrong sampling frequency, time shift etc.

```
updateWaveDatagwdata :: WaveData -> TimeSeries -> Maybe WaveData
64
     updateWaveDatagwdata v w
65
      dim (gwdata v)==dim w
66
         = Just $ mkWaveData (detector v) (dataType v) (samplingFrequency v) (startGPSTime v) (stopGPSTime v) w
67
       otherwise = Nothing
68
69
70
     dropWaveData :: Int -> WaveData -> WaveData
71
     dropWaveData n x = do
72
      let t = (fromIntegral n) / (samplingFrequency x)
73
           newstartGPSTime = formatGPS $ deformatGPS (startGPSTime x) + t
74
           newgwdata = subVector n (dim (gwdata x) - n) (gwdata x)
75
       mkWaveData (detector x) (dataType x) (samplingFrequency x) newstartGPSTime (stopGPSTime x) newgwdata
76
77
78
79
     takeWaveData :: Int -> WaveData -> WaveData
     takeWaveData n x = do
80
       let t = (fromIntegral n) / (samplingFrequency x)
81
           newstopGPSTime = formatGPS $ deformatGPS (startGPSTime x) + t
82
           newgwdata = subVector 0 n (gwdata x)
83
       mkWaveData (detector x) (dataType x) (samplingFrequency x) (startGPSTime x) newstopGPSTime newgwdata
84
```

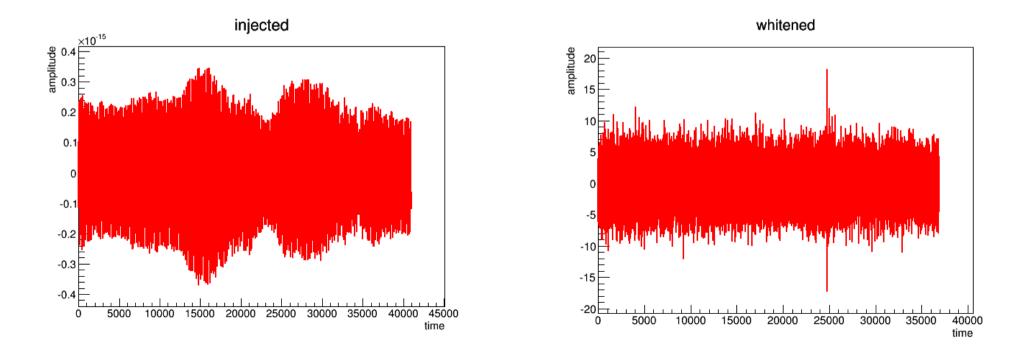
Data Conditioning



- Clean Data Finder (Yokozawa) To find "stationary" data without any tangients
- Whitening (Hayama) To remove frequency dependency from the data
- Line Removal (Asano) To remove narrow-band artifacts s.t. violin modes

Data Conditioning

- Linear Prediction Error Filter
 - Estimating IIR filter coefficients that obtain a transfer function having inverse of the PSD.
 - Very stable



The software

```
t9 <- getCurrentTime
print "{- whitening filter coefficients -}"
let trlen = truncate fs
    trdat = take trlen $ toList $ gwdata injected
    whnParam = lpefCoeff nC (gwpsd trdat nfft fs)

print (snd whnParam)
t10 <- getCurrentTime
print $ diffUTCTime t10 t9

t11 <- getCurrentTime
print "{- apply whitening filter -}"
let whnWaveData = dropWaveData (2*nC) $ whiteningWaveData whnParam injected</pre>
```

```
{- exposed functions -}
lpefCoeff :: Int -> [(Double,Double)] -> ([Double],Double)
lpefCoeff p psddat = (out,rho)
where
   (out,rho) = levinson p r
   r = toList.fst.fromComplex.ifft.fromList
    $ [fs*nn*x/nn:+0|x<-(snd.unzip) psddat]
   fs = last.fst.unzip $ psddat
    nn = fromIntegral $ length psddat :: Double
   whiteningWaveData :: ([Double],Double) -> WaveData -> WaveData
   whiteningWaveData (whnb,rho) x = do
    let y = map (/sqrt rho) $ fir whnb $ toList (gwdata x)
    fromJust $ updateWaveDatagwdata x $ fromList y
```

https://github.com/gw-analysis/detectorcharacterization/blob/master/HasKAL/src/HasKAL/SignalProcessingUtils/LinearPrediction.hs

Line removal : https://github.com/gw-analysis/detectorcharacterization/tree/master/HasKAL/src/HasKAL/LineUtils/LineRemoval

As a wrapper of KAGALI

Functio

FIR, IIR Filter by Ueno

ImpulseResponse.c File Reference

Functions of FIR and IIR filters. More ...

#include <kagali/KGLStdlib.h>
#include <kagali/ImpulseResponse.h>

Go to the source code of this file.

Functions

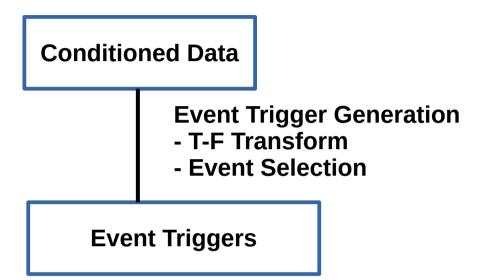
void KGLFIRFilterCore (KGLStatus *status, double *output, double *input, unsigned inputlen, double fir_coeff[], double fir_buffer[], unsigned *indexn, unsigned nKernel)
 void KGLFIRFilter (KGLStatus *status, double *output, double *input, unsigned inputlen, double fir_coeff[], unsigned nKernel)
 void KGLIIRFilterCore (KGLStatus *status, double *output, double *input, unsigned inputlen, double num_coeff[], double denom_coeff[], unsigned nKernel, double init_coeff[])
 void KGLIIRFilter (KGLStatus *status, double *output, double *input, unsigned inputlen, double num_coeff[], double denom_coeff[], unsigned nKernel)

Parallelization in Haskell

• If you replace computeS to computeP, then codes are parallelized!

```
fir'Orepa :: Repa.Array Repa.U Repa.DIM1 Double -> Repa.Array Repa.U Repa.DIM1 Double -> Repa.Array Repa.U Repa.DIM1 Double -> :
40
     fir'Orepa rh rw rx
41
       rx == fromListUnboxed (Z:.(1::Int)) [] = do
42
         y' <- computeP (rh *^ rw) :: IO (Array U DIM1 Double)
43
         sumy <- sumAllP y'
44
         return (fromListUnboxed (Z :.(1::Int)) [sumy]) :: IO (Array U DIM1 Double)
45
       otherwise = do
46
         v' <- computeP (rh *^ rw) :: IO (Array U DIM1 Double)</pre>
47
         let y = (fromListUnboxed (Z :.(1::Int)) [sumAllS y']) :: Array U DIM1 Double
48
         rw' <- computeP (extract (Z:.(0::Int)) (Z:.(1::Int)) rx</pre>
49
           Repa.++ (extract (Z :.(1::Int)) (Z :.(size (extent rw)-1)) rw)) :: IO (Array U DIM1 Double)
50
         rx' <- computeP (extract (Z:.(1::Int)) (Z:.(size (extent rx)-1)) rx) :: IO (Array U DIM1 Double)</pre>
51
         output <- fir'0repa rh rw' rx' :: IO (Array U DIM1 Double)
52
         computeP (y Repa.++ output) :: IO (Array U DIM1 Double)
53
```

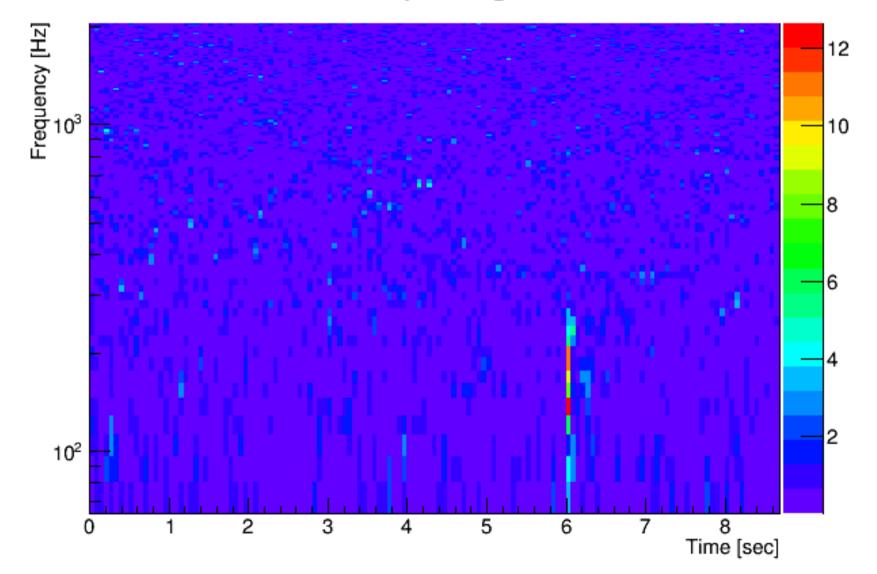
Event Trigger Generation



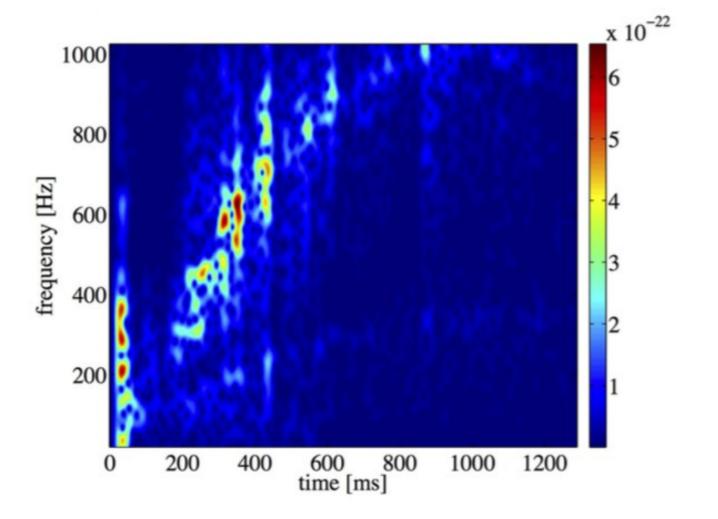
- Excess power based method to find signal
 - Detection on Time-Frequency maps
 - Short Fourier Transform (Hayama)
 - Constant Q-Transform (Hayama)
 - Wavelet Packet Transform (Yokozawa)
 - Event Selection
 - Pixel clustering
 - Other method needed!

Event Trigger Generation

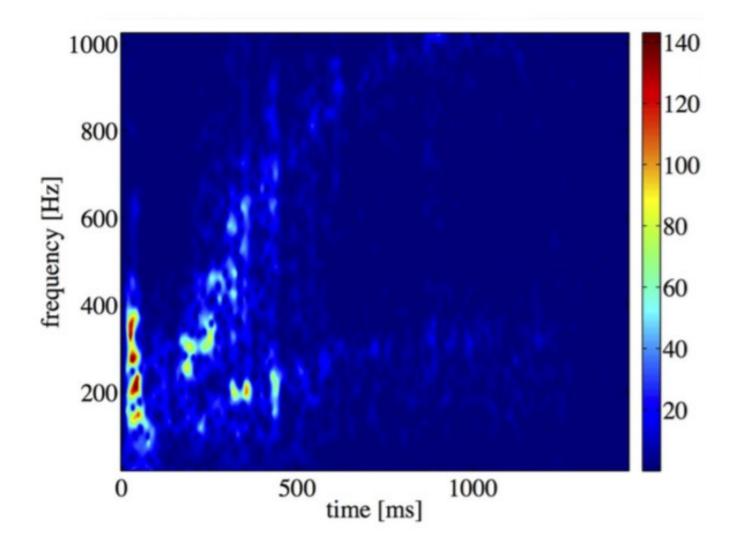
SNR Spectrogram



Event Selection: Simple clustering method may not work Injection



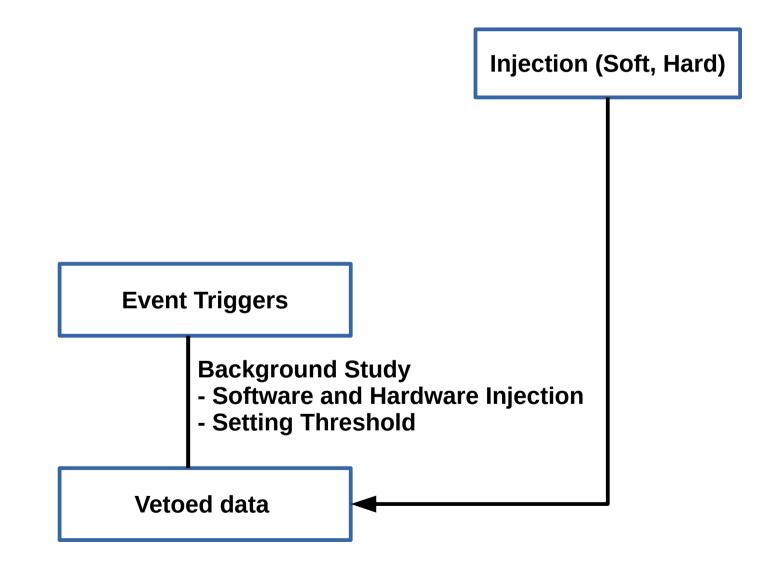
SNR TF plot



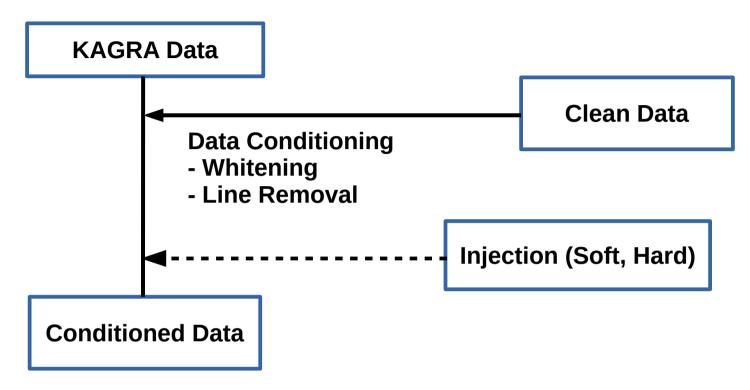
The software

```
115
        t13 <- getCurrentTime
        print "{- Time-Frequency SNR Map -}"
116
        let noverlap = 0 :: Int
117
            nfreg = 256 :: Int
118
            ntime = 140 :: Int
119
           fs2 = floor $ ((fromIntegral nfreq)/2) :: Int
120
121
            nrefset = 100 :: Int
122
            refpsd = snd $ gwpsdV (subVector 0 (nfreq*nrefset) (gwdata whnWaveData)) nfreq fs
123
            refpsd2 = scale sigma $ subVector 0 fs2 refpsd
124
            refpsd2s= subVector 0 fs2 refpsd
125
126
       HR.plot HR.LogXY HR.Line 1 HR.RED ("frequency", "Spectrum") 0.05 "ref psd" "testburst_refpsd.png" ((0, 0), (0, 0))
127
          $ zip [0..] (toList refpsd2)
128
          -- todo : functionalization
129
        let snrMatF = scale (fs/fromIntegral nfreq) $ linspace nfreq (0, fromIntegral nfreq)
130
            snrMatT = scale ((fromIntegral nfreq)/fs) $ fromList [0.0, 1.0..(fromIntegral ntime -1)]
131
            snrMatP = fromColumns
132
              $ map (\i->zipVectorWith (/)
133
134
              (
              subVector 0 fs2 $ snd $ gwpsdV (subVector (nfreq*i) nfreq (gwdata whnWaveData)) nfreq fs)
135
             refpsd2
136
             ) [0..ntime-1]
137
            snrMat = (snrMatT, snrMatF, snrMatP)
138
            nrow = rows snrMatP
139
            ncol = cols snrMatP
140
        t14 <- getCurrentTime
141
        print $ diffUTCTime t14 t13
142
```

Background Study



Injection



- Injection (Hayama) To estimate background noise and set detection threshold.
 - Software Injection Currently implemented using S5 burstMDC
 - Hardware Injection

To be discussed with DGS group (?)

The Software

```
data SOURCE_TYPE = SOURCE_TYPE
```

```
{ sigType :: SigType
```

- , longitude :: Double
- , latitude :: Double
- , psi :: Double
- , fs :: Double
- , hrss :: Double
- } deriving (Show, Eq)

```
47
     injDetectorResponse :: Detector -> SOURCE_TYPE -> GPSTIME -> WaveData
     injDetectorResponse detName srcType gps = do
48
       let detparam
49
             detName == LIGO Hanford = ligoHanford
50
               detName == LIGO Livingston = ligoLivingston
51
             detName == KAGRA = kagra
52
             otherwise = error "not recognized"
53
54
55
           (antennaPattern, tauS) =
             fplusfcrossts detparam (longitude srcType) (latitude srcType) (psi srcType)
56
57
           detresp = genDetectorResponse antennaPattern $ getPolarizations srcType
58
59
           startGPSTime' = fromIntegral (fst gps) + 1E-9 * fromIntegral (snd gps) + taus
60
       WaveData { detector = detName
61
                , dataType = "SoftwareInjection"
62
                , samplingFrequency = fs srcType
63
                , startGPSTime = formatGPS startGPSTime'
64
                , stopGPSTime = formatGPS $ startGPSTime'+(fromIntegral (dim detresp)-1)/(fs srcType)
65
66
                , gwdata = detresp
                }
67
```

 https://github.com/gw-analysis/detectorcharacterization/tree/master/HasKAL/src/HasKAL/SimulationUtils/Injection

Calculation of antenna pattern (Hayama)

```
fplusfcrossts :: DetectorParam -> Double -> Double -> Double -> (AntennaPattern, Double)
27
     fplusfcrossts detname phi theta psi = do
28
29
      -- Detector Tensor
      let d = calcd (tuple2mat (deta detname)) (tuple2mat (detb detname))
30
           rr = rz (90+psi) <> ry (90-theta) <> rz (phi)
31
           dtensor = rr <> d <> trans rr
32
           fplus = (dtensor @@> (0, 0) - dtensor @@> (1, 1)) / 2.0
33
           fcross= -(dtensor @@> (0, 1) + dtensor @@> (1, 0)) / 2.0
34
           tau = (tuple2mat (detr detname) <> (unitVector phi theta) / (scalar speedofLight)) @@> (0, 0)
35
       ((fplus, fcross), tau)
36
```

```
data DetectorParam =
14
       DetectorParam { name :: Detector
15
                     , detr :: (Double, Double, Double)
16
                     , deta :: (Double, Double, Double)
17
                     , detb :: (Double, Double, Double)
18
                     } deriving (Show)
19
20
     ligoHanford :: DetectorParam
21
22
     ligoHanford = DetectorParam { name = LIGO Hanford
23
                                  , detr = (-2.161414928E6, -3.834695183E6, 4.600350224E6)
                                  , deta = (-0.223891216, 0.799830697, 0.556905359)
24
                                  , detb = (-0.913978490, 0.026095321, -0.404922650)
25
26
27
```

https://github.com/gw-analysis/detectorcharacterization/tree/master/HasKAL/src/HasKAL/DetectorUtils

Parameter Estimation

- Not yet implemented
- One of featured parameter estimation of the burst analysis in KAGRA is Hilbert-Huang Transform. (Kaneyama)

Alert

- Not yet determined.
- VOEvent is one of good candidates.
 - Duration, Power, Frequency, Waveform, Sky region