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# **Assembly report about Input Faraday Isolator of KAGRA**


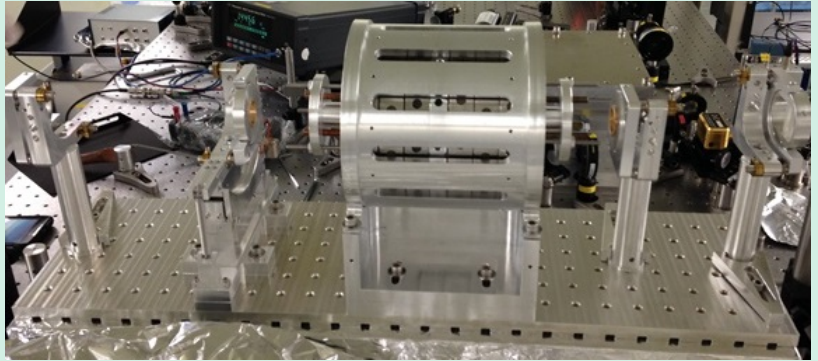
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f2f Meeting at Tokyo  
Feb 6<sup>th</sup> 2015

**Kazushiro Yano Tokyo Institute of Technology**

C.Mueller, R.Goetz, Y.Kataoka,  
D.Tanner and K.Somiya

► **Design** – KAGRA adopts arranged IFI of aLIGO.

	Commercial Faraday	KAGRA's high-power Faraday isolator
Photo		
Price	3k USD	48k USD
Weight	1kg	45kg
Max power	50W	200W
Work in vacuum	No	Yes
Mode distortion	Yes	No

**Commercial one would not work for KAGRA**

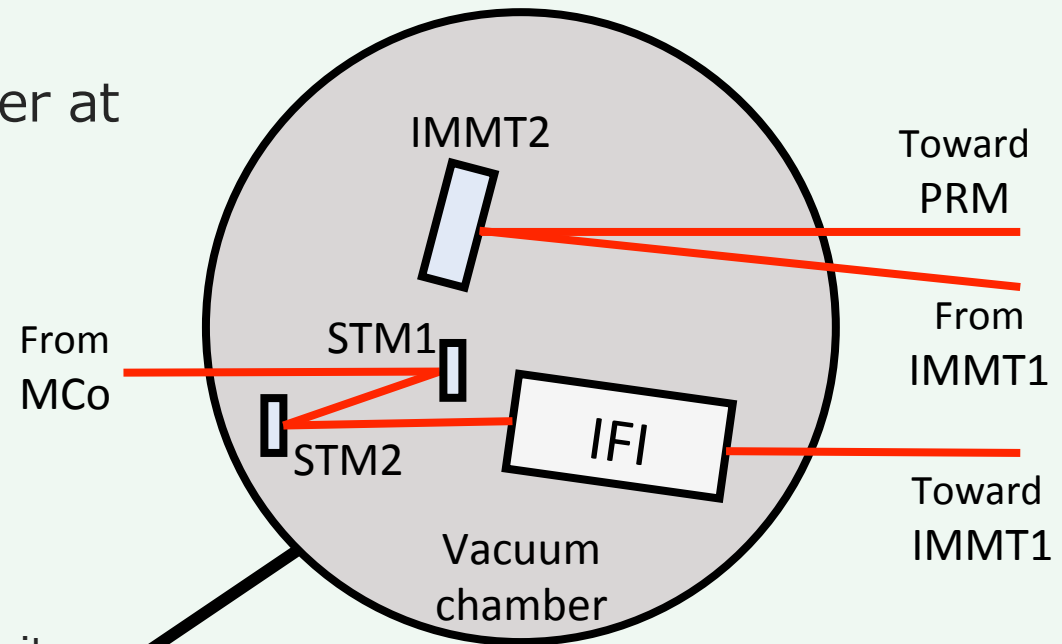
# IFI of KAGRA

## ▷ Location

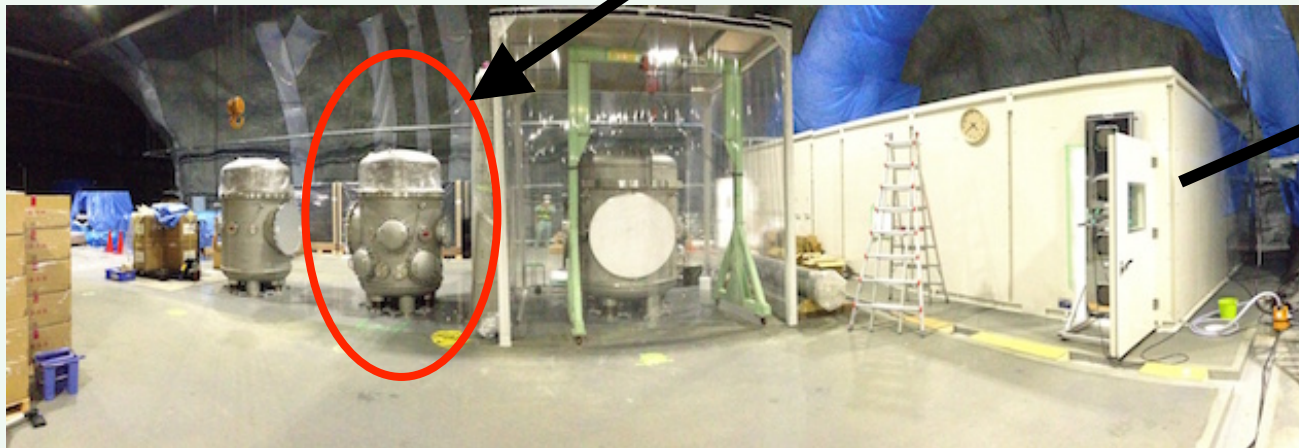
- Put in the vacuum chamber at the between MC & MMT.

## ▷ Requirement

- Transmittance: 95%
- Isolation ratio: 35dB
- Vacuum correspondence



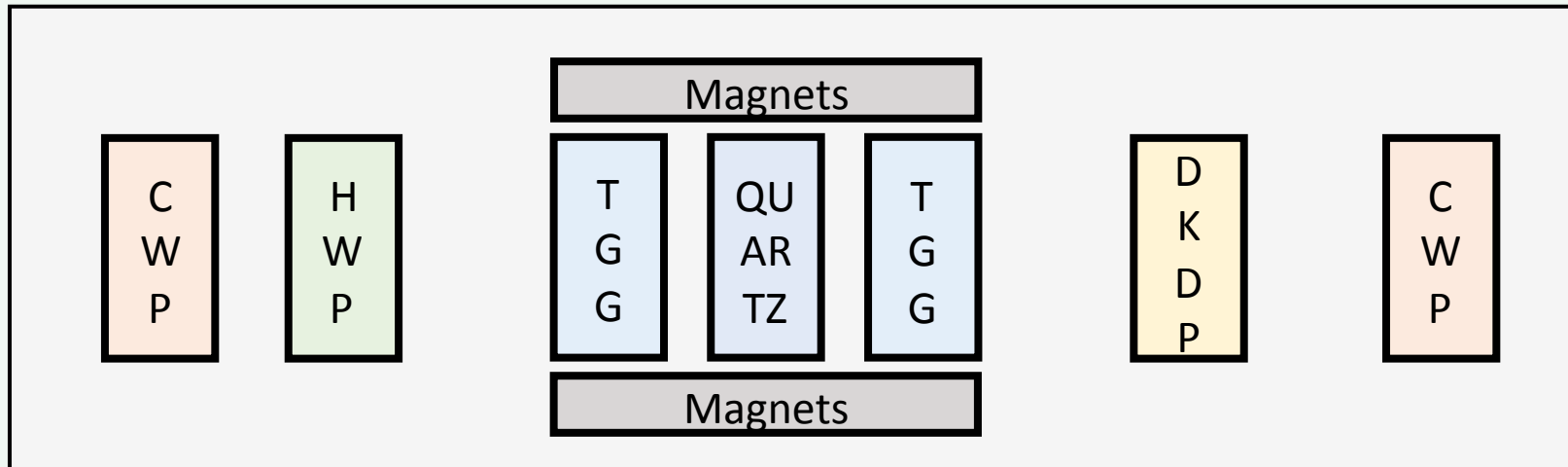
Center room at KAGRA site



Clean room for PSL

# IFI of KAGRA

## ▷ Components – 6 kinds of optical elements

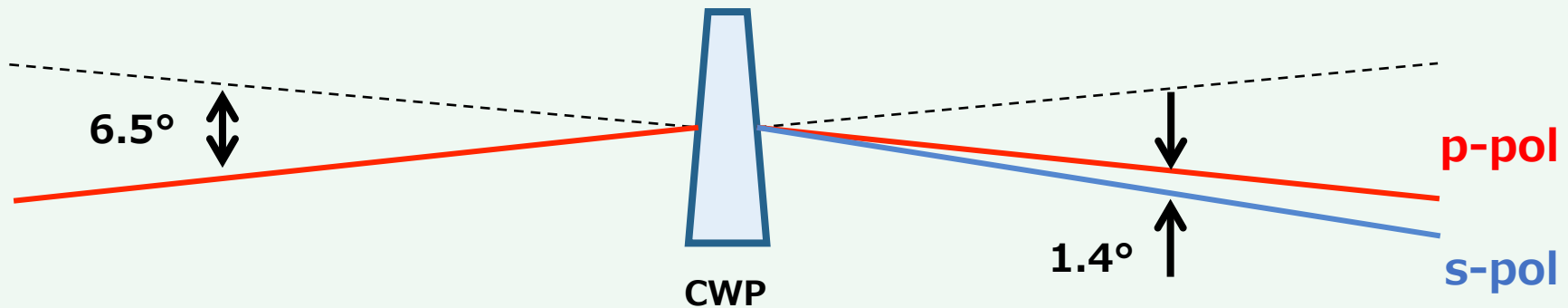
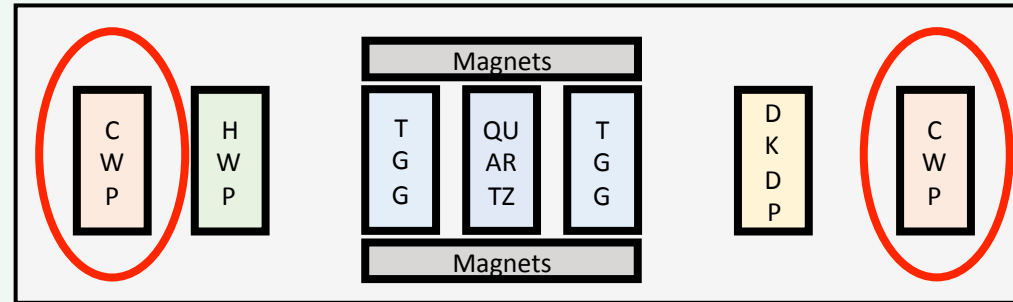


	Diameter [mm]	Thickness [mm]	Reflectance* [ppm]	Refractive index
CWP	25*25 (trapezium)	3 ~ 6.825	1200	S:1.6424 P:1.4797
HWP	25.4	1.8	300	1.5341
TGG	20	10.41	1500	1.9437
QUARTZ	20	10.69	500	1.5340
DKDP	25.4	3	1500	1.4931

# IFI of KAGRA

## ▷ CWP (Calcite Wedge Plate)

- Split the p-pol and s-pol.
- Performance is better than PBS or TFP



After beam passed CWP

- p-pol  $6.5^\circ$  refracted
- s-pol  $7.9^\circ$  refracted

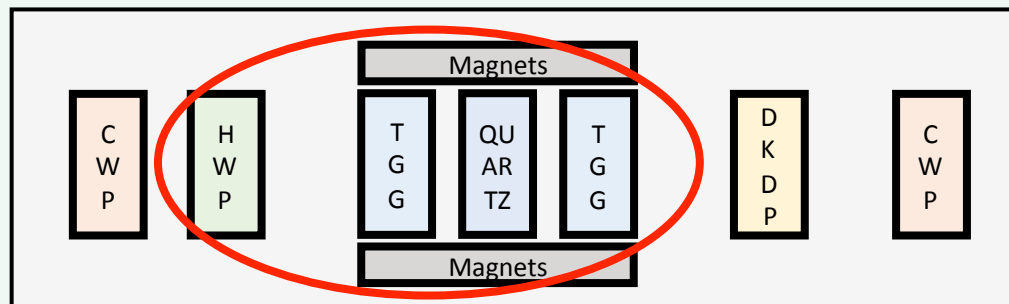


**p and s-pol are split  $1.4^\circ$**

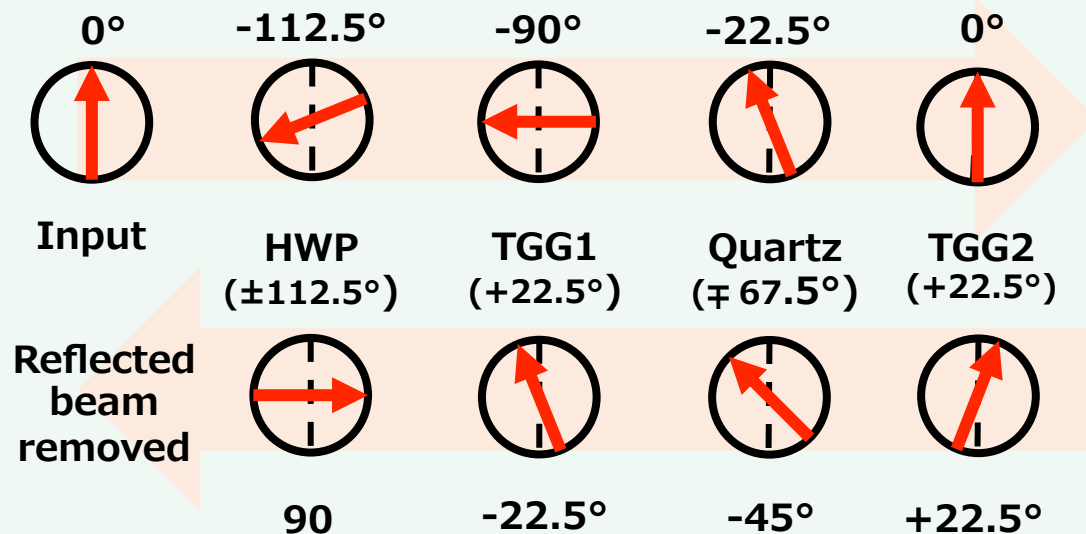
# IFI of KAGRA

## ▶ Rotators

- HWP (Half wave plate)
- A pair of TGG crystals
- Quartz rotator
- Strong magnet rings



## Steps of rotation



**KAGRA IFI's rotators suppress  
self-induced depolarization of high-power laser**

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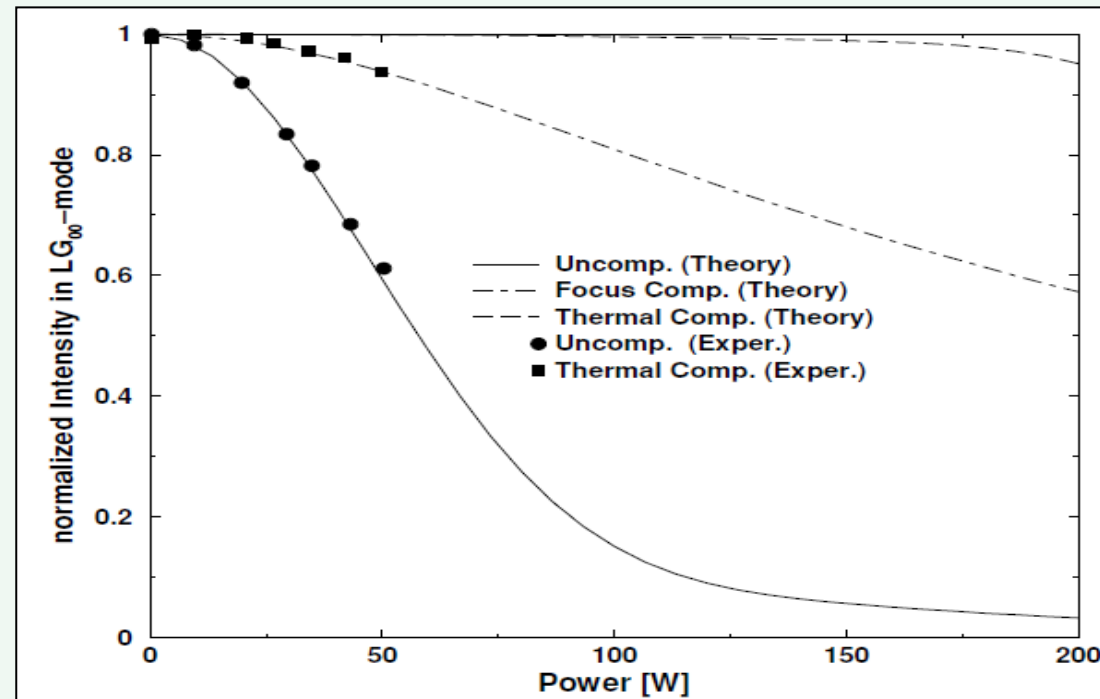
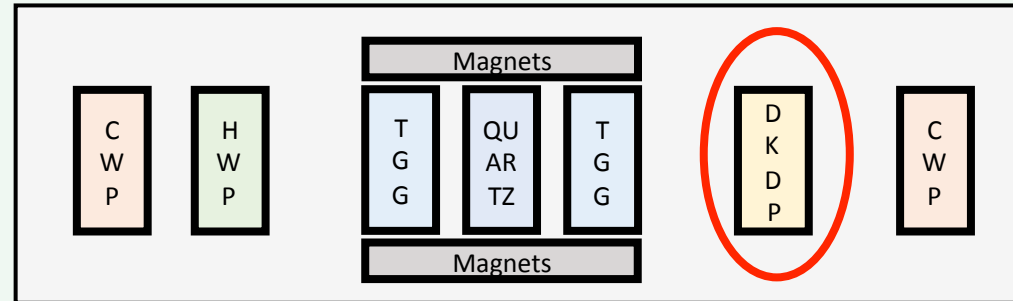
# IFI of KAGRA

## ▷ DKDP

- Compensate the thermal distortion depending on power.
  - Sensitive to humidity.
- 
- Laser **power changes** under lock acquisition.
  - KAGRA's IFI is in **vacuum**.



**KAGRA needs DKDP**



# Assembly at KAGRA site ①

- ▷ Dec 1-16 2014, @PSL table in Kamioka mine
- ▷ with 3 people from Tokyo Tech & 3 people from U.Florida  
(Yano, Kataoka and Somiya) (Mueller, Goetz and Tanner)

## Place

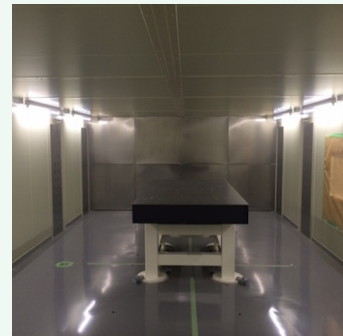
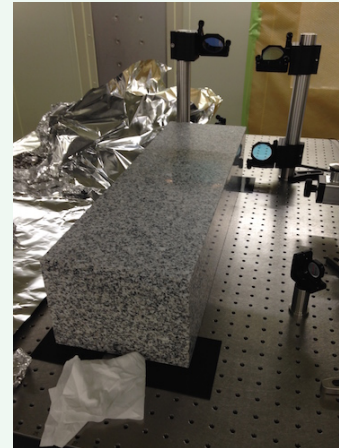
- There is no particle  $>0.3\mu\text{m}$ .
- Assemble at the cleanest upper side.

## Additional table

- Reduce magnetic effect from PSL table.
- Beam passes with periscope.

## IFI parts & tools

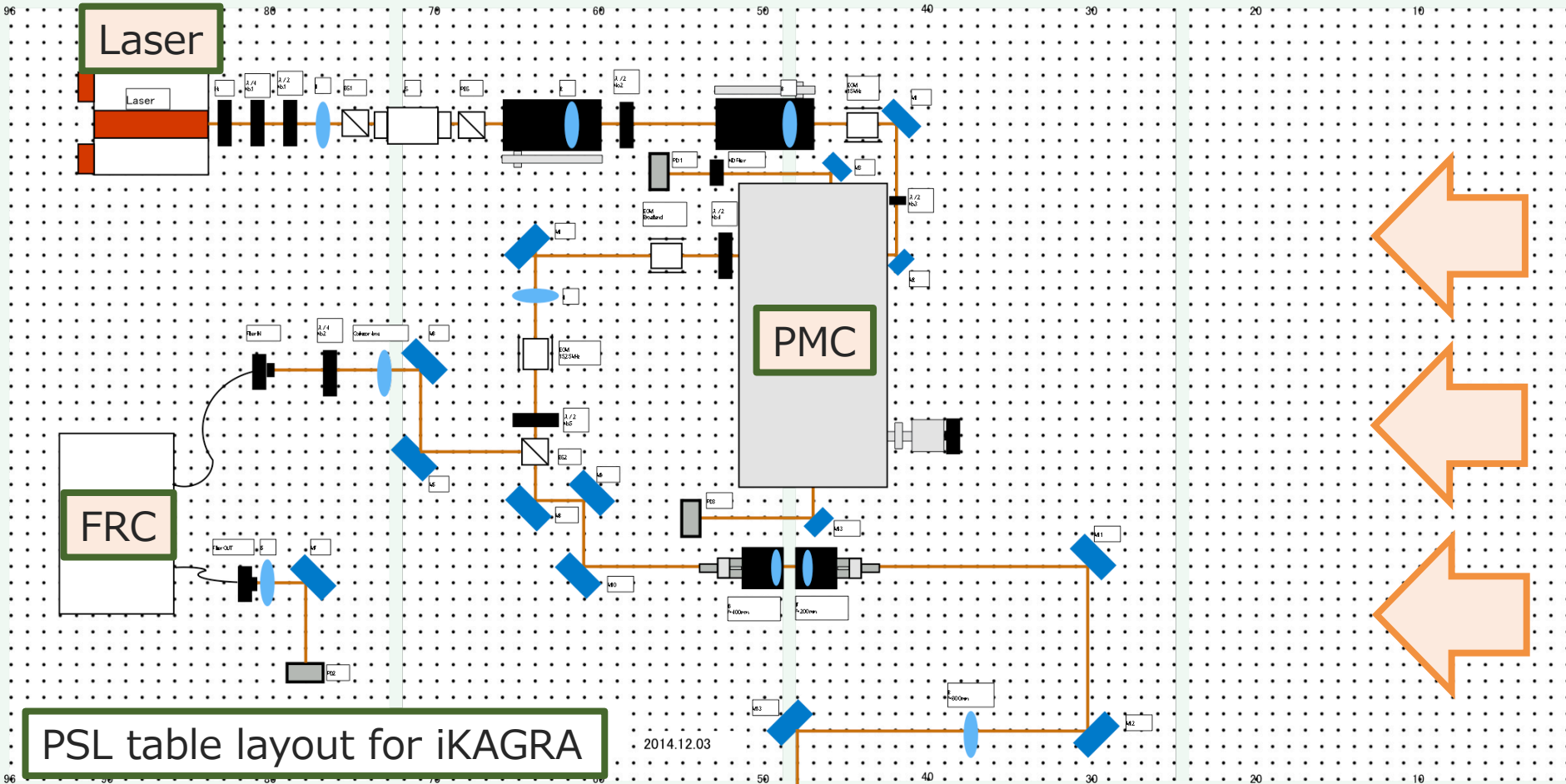
- Cleaned and baked @U.S.
- Used with UHV (Ultra High Vacuum) foil





# 9 Assembly at KAGRA site ①

- Layout of the PSL table
- Cleaned air flows from right side.

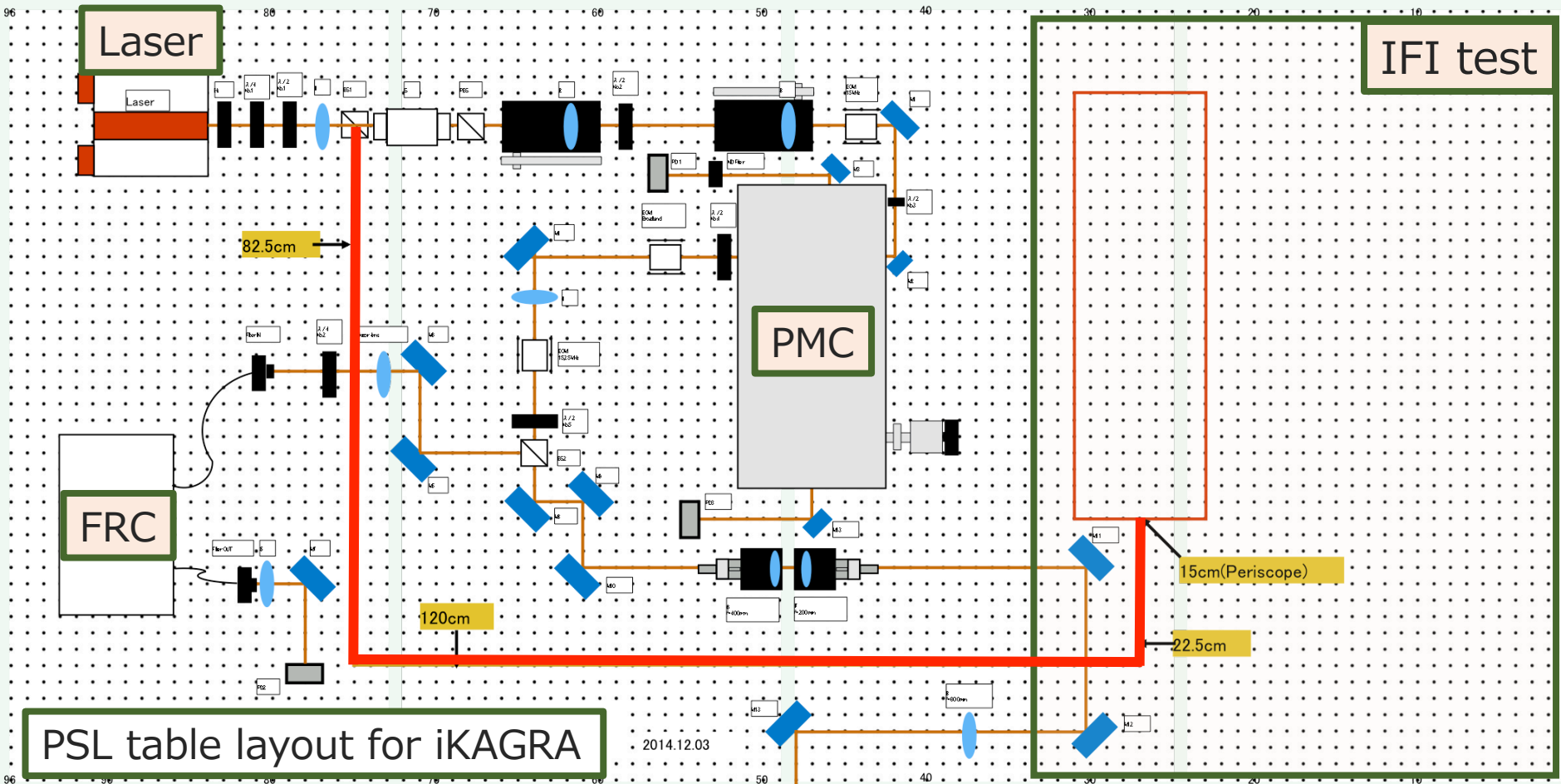


Made by Kataoka

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# Assembly at KAGRA site ①

- Layout of the IFI assembling
- We use beam before PMC because PSL's work was late.



Made by Kataoka

# Assembly at KAGRA site ①

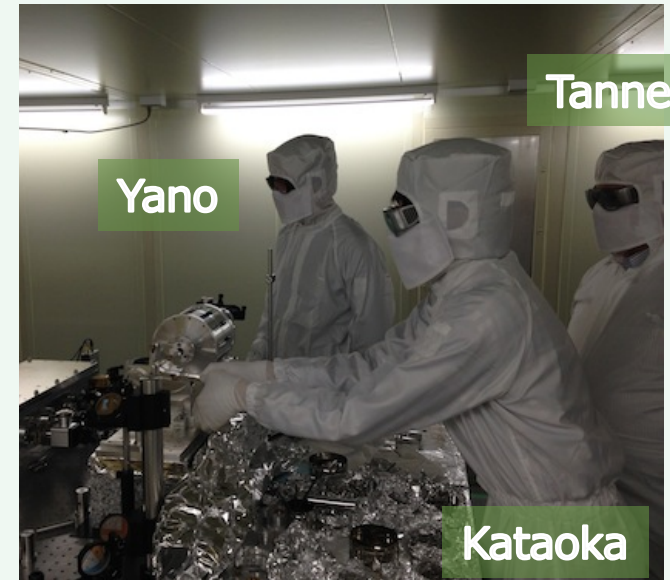
## ▷ Assembly steps.

### Installation and alignment

1. HWP
2. CWPs
  - rotate to adjust the height of both pol.
3. Magnet rings
4. Second TGG holder
  - adjust the angle to adjust the polarization.
5. First TGG-Quartz holder
6. DKDP

### Measuring




7. Transmittance of s-pol
8. Isolation ratio
9. Reflected beam's isolation ratio
  - optimize by adjustment of the sTGG-QR holders.
10. Reflected one's transmittance of s-pol





# Assembly at KAGRA site ①

## ▷ Assembly steps.

### Installation and alignment

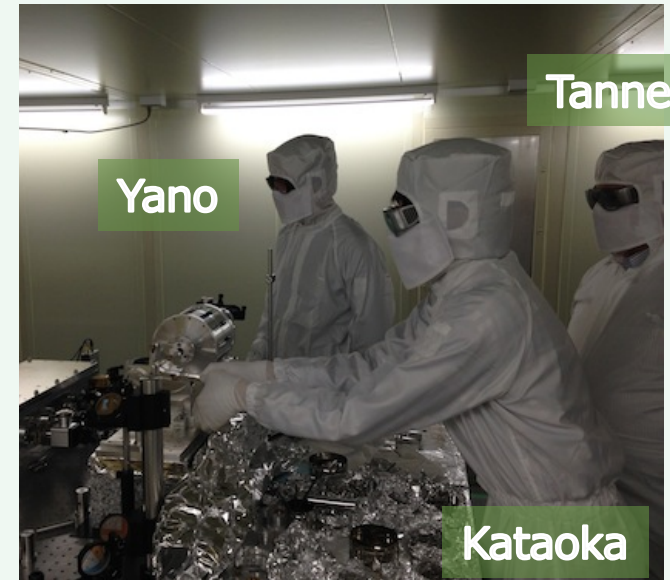
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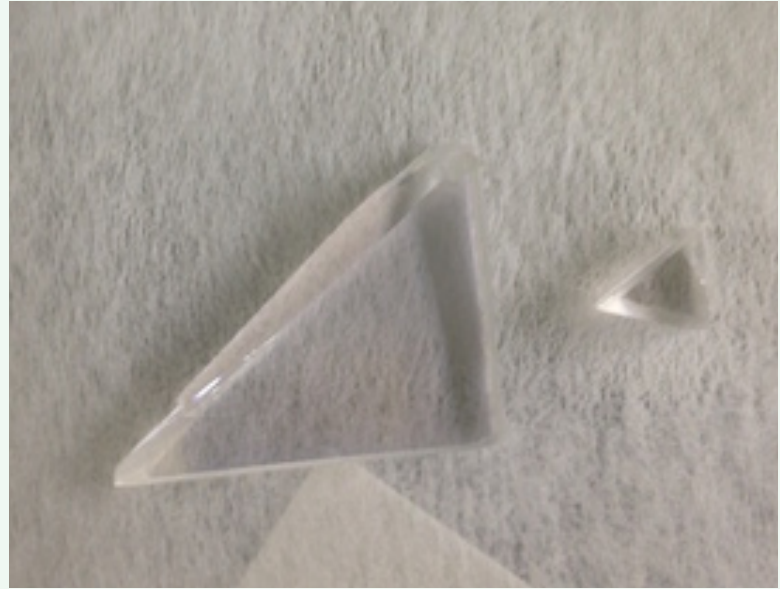
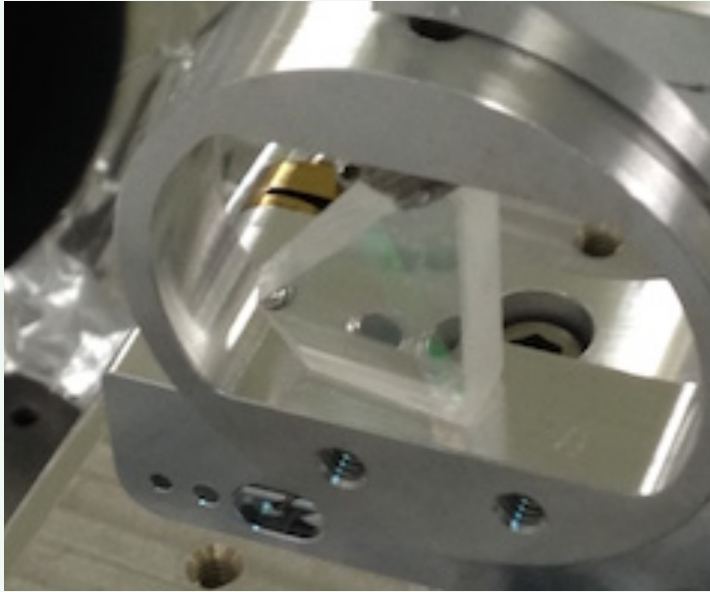
Tokyo Tech students worked  
under the direction of UF people.





## Assembly at KAGRA site ①

- ▷ Most of the assembly of the IFI was completed.
- ▷ Second CWP was dropped. – We measured with the broken one.



We achieved

Transmittance: 94%  
Isolation ratio: 43dB

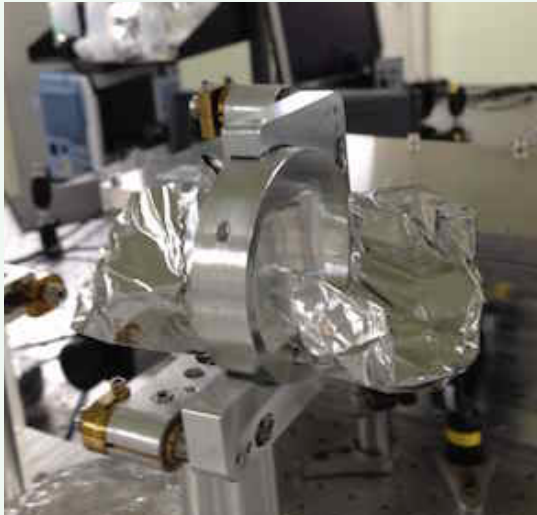
Broken CWP may have  
invisible cracks.



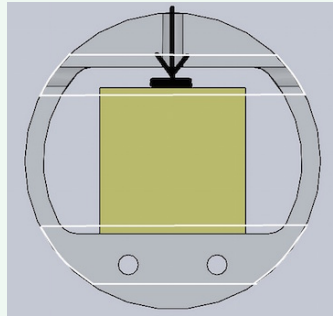
**The broken CWP  
should be replaced.**

## Assembly at KAGRA site ②

- ▷ Jan 8-11 2015, @PSL table in Kamioka mine
- ▷ with 3 people from Tokyo Tech



safety stops image



New CWP was dropped again.  
The CWP didn't get broken,  
but possibly contaminated.

- Measure the reflected beam.
- Made safety stops temporarily.  
aLIGO may need one too.

We achieved  
(w/o DKDP)

Transmittance: 93%  
Isolation ratio: 41dB

### Good isolation ratio but insufficient transmittance

# Summary

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## ▷ **Assembly**

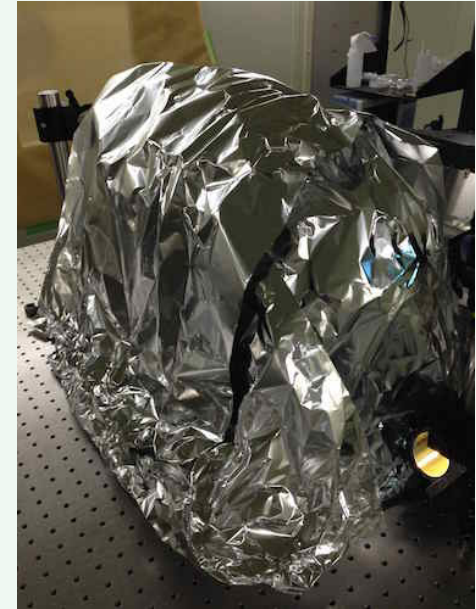
- Most of the assembly was completed.
- Isolation ratio → optimized
- Transmittance → not enough  
(Caused by uncleaned beam?)

## ▷ **Now situation**

- IFI is covered with UHV @clean room.
- DKDP is stored @Tokyo Tech.

## ▷ **Future work**

- Optimize the transmittance.
- Consider ghost beams.
- Install to the vacuum chamber.

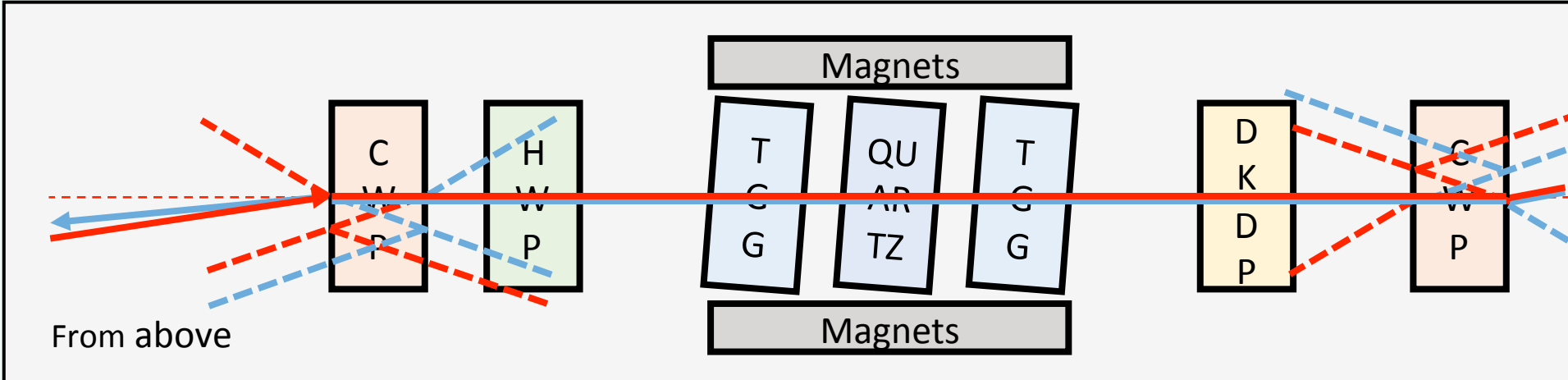


**Fin.**

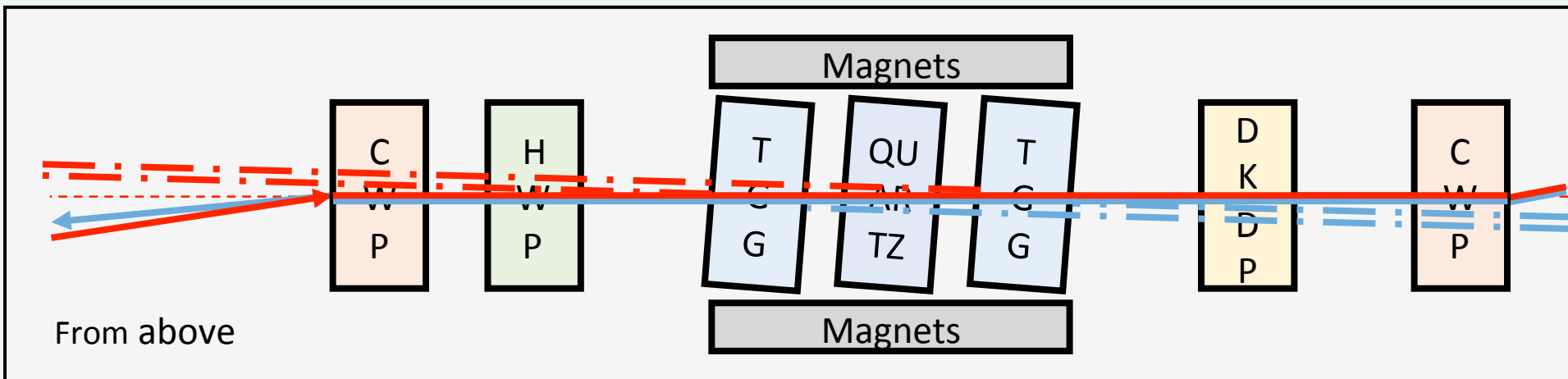
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# Ghost beams

Ghost Beam from CWP's ( $\sim 1.0e-06$  power times of input)



Ghost Beam from TGGs

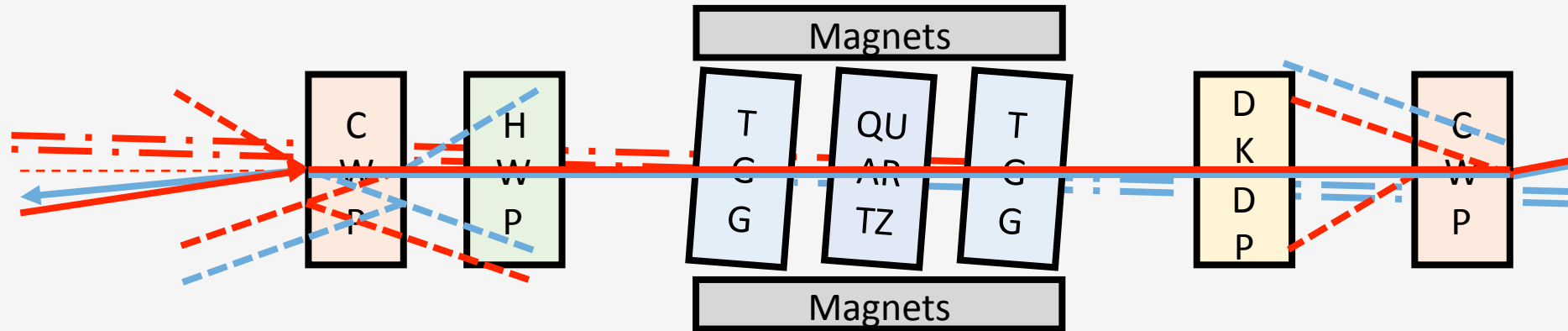


Holders of TGGs and QUARTZ are adjusted by rotating a little.

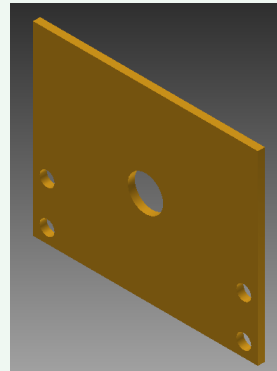


# Ghost beams

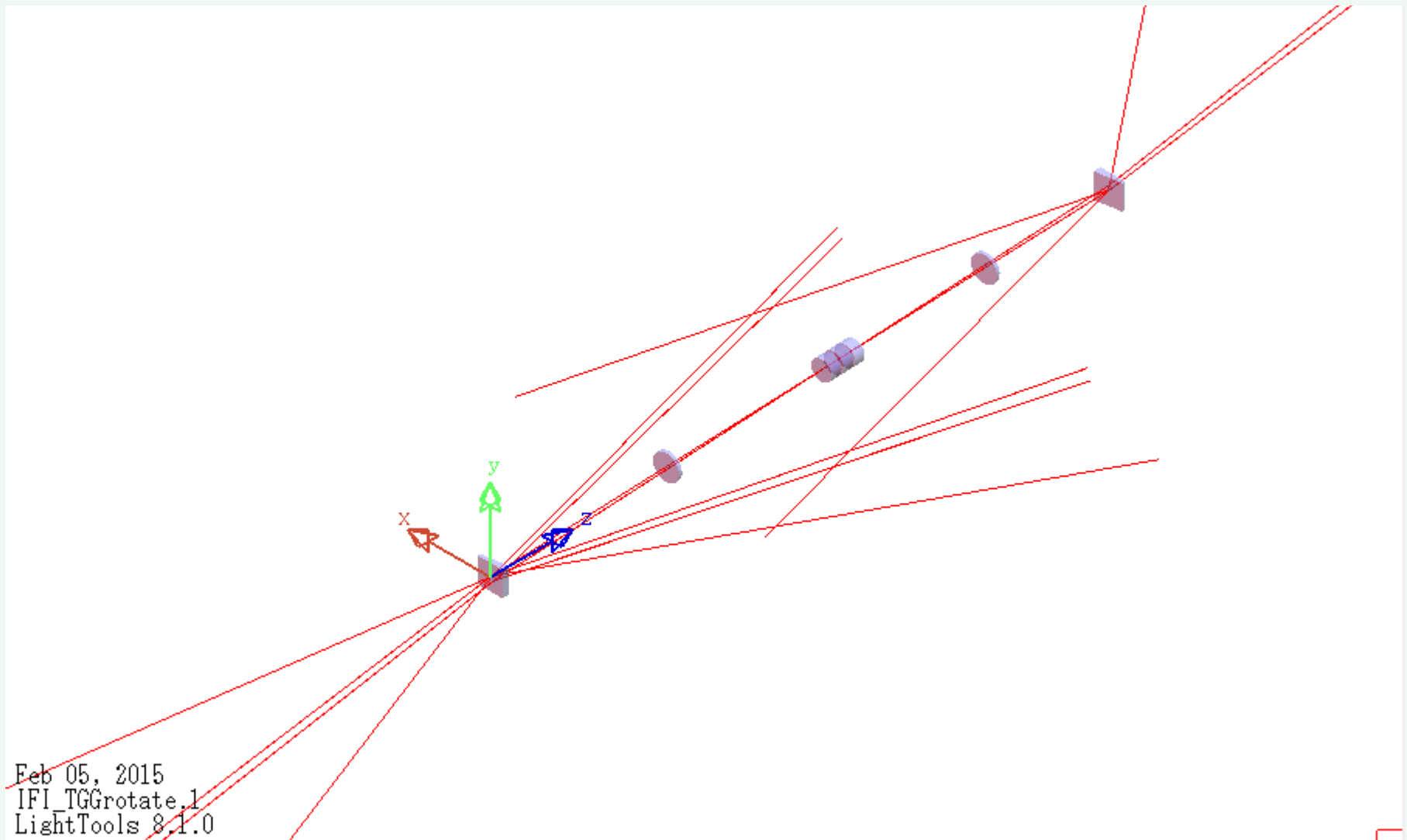
Ghost Beam from CWPs ( $\sim 1.0e-06$  power times of input)

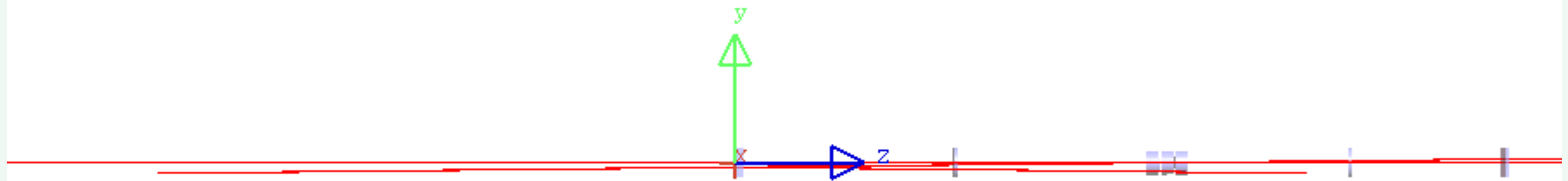


- 6 baffles are necessary at least to cut the ghost beams. 4 are for CWPs, 2 are for TGGs.
- We already have 3 baffles which are designed for aLIGO.



# Ghost beams

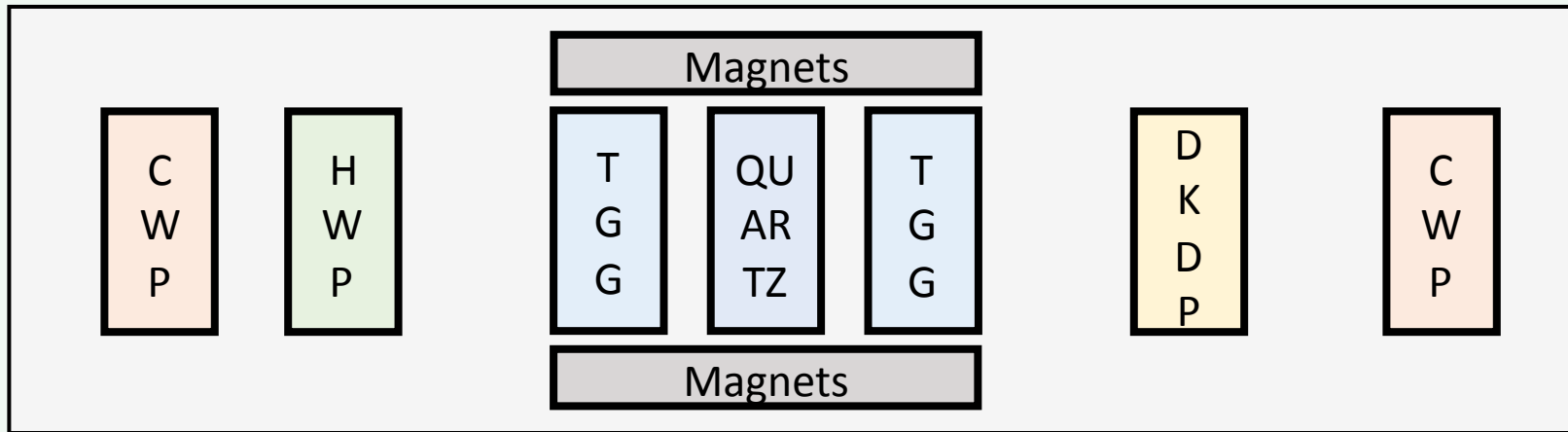




Feb 05, 2015  
IFI\_TGGrotate.1  
LightTools 8.1.0

# IFI of the KAGRA

## ► Details of the IFI



	Diameter [mm]	Thickness [mm]	Reflectance [ppm]	Ghost beams power (Measured) [ppm]
CWP	25*25 (trapezium)	3 ~ 6.825	1200	1: 124 2: 496
HWP	25.4	1.8	300	
TGG	20	10.41	1500	575
QUARTZ	20	10.69	500	
DKDP	25.4	3	1500	

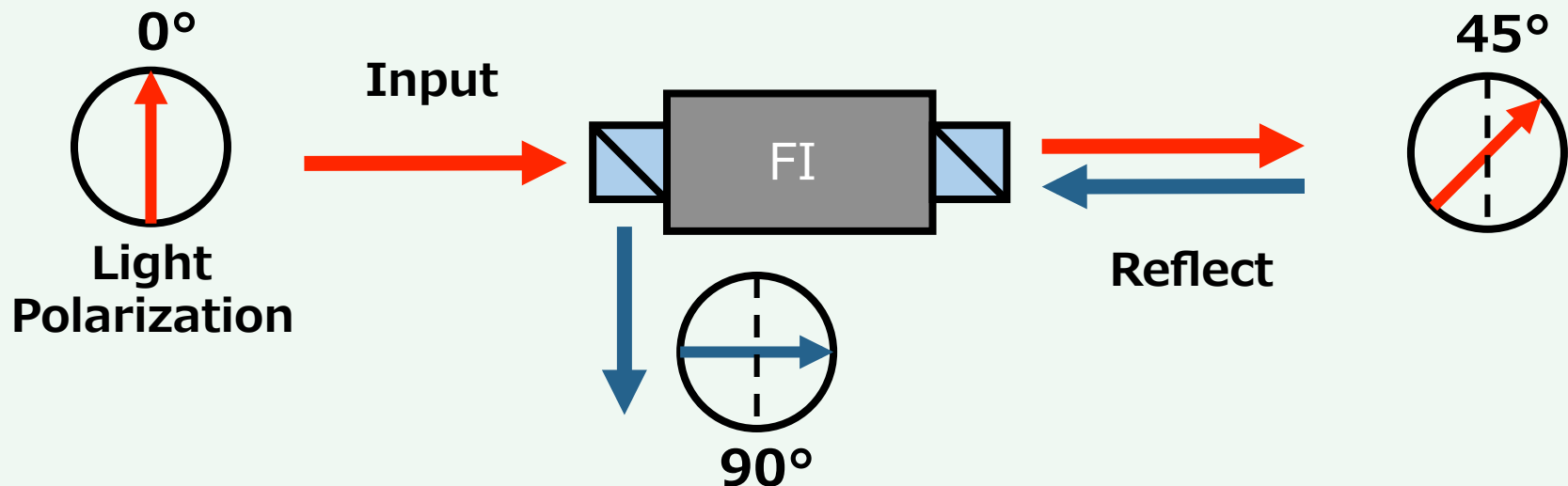
# Faraday Isolator

## ▷ Roll

- Isolate the reflected beam from input beam not to break the laser.

## ▷ Mechanism

- Rotate the polarization of the beam by using the magnetic effect.



**KAGRA will use 180W laser,  
so we adopt the FI which can work in high power .**