November 20, 2014

Requirements for IMC Mirror Placement

Yuta Michimura

Ando Group Department of Physics, University of Tokyo

Scope

- Set the requirement for placement errors for input mode cleaner (IMC) mirrors.
- References:
 - <u>J. Opt. 13 055504 (2011)</u> (triangular cavity eigenmode paper by Kawazoe)
 - JGW-T1402481 (calculation by T. Saito)
 - <u>JGW-D1402507</u> (IOO 3D drawing)
 - JGW-T1402486 (layout around IFI)

Conclusion

- MCi placement error should be yaw < 0.5 deg, pitch < 1 deg, disp < 1 mm, roll < 4 deg
- MCo placement error should be yaw < 0.5 deg, pitch < 1 deg, disp < 1 mm, roll < 6 deg
- MCe placement error should be yaw < 0.5 deg, pitch < 1 deg, disp < 1 cm, roll < 30 deg
- Angular requirements are from actuation range (alignment should be done within ~0.1 mrad to get the beam resonating in the cavity).
- Displacement requirements are from beam displacements at succeeding mirrors/viewports.

Requirement 1

• The beam should hit the IMC mirrors.

Definitions



Miscentering from Misalignments

- all values are in m/rad
- $\alpha b < 0.5 mrad$ $\alpha - < 1.5 mrad$ $\alpha + < 50 mrad$ $\beta b < 1.5 mrad$ $\beta - < 250 mrad$ $\beta + < 1.5 mrad$

	$\Delta r_{ m c}$ (MCi)	$\Delta r_{\rm a} \ ({ m MCo})$	$\Delta r_{\rm b}$ (MCe)
$lpha_{ m b}$	$rac{\sqrt{2}Rd}{R-L-d}$	$rac{\sqrt{2}Rd}{R-L-d}$	$-rac{R(L+d)}{R-L-d}$
	= 1.24	= 1.24	= -93.3
α_{-}	$\sqrt{2(L^2+d^2)}$	$-\sqrt{2(L^2+d^2)}$	0
	= 37.3	= -37.3	
α_+	$-rac{\sqrt{2}(R-L)d}{R-L-d}$	$-rac{\sqrt{2}(R-L)d}{R-L-d}$	$rac{Rd}{R-L-d}$
	= -0.362	= -0.362	= 0.876
$eta_{ m b}$	-R	-R	-R
	= -37.3	= -37.3	= -37.3
β_{-}	$\frac{d}{\sqrt{2}}$	$-\frac{d}{\sqrt{2}}$	0
	= 0.177	= -0.177	
β_+	$\frac{R-L}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{R-L}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{R}{\sqrt{2}}$
	= 7.71	= 7.71	= 26.38

Note that miscentering is defined by $\Delta r = \sqrt{(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta y)^2 + (\Delta z)^2}$, where Δx , Δy , Δz are the displacements defined in <u>J. Opt. 13 055504 (2011)</u>.

Miscentering from Displacements

- all values are in m/m
- γc < 2 cm
 γa < 2 cm
 γb < 2 cm

	$\Delta r_{\rm c}$ (MCi)	$\Delta r_{\rm a}$ (MCo)	$\Delta r_{\rm b}$ (MCe)
$\gamma_{ m c}$	0	1	$rac{R}{\sqrt{2}(R-L-d)}$
			= 2.48
$\gamma_{ m a}$	1	0	$-rac{R}{\sqrt{2}(R-L-d)}$
			= -2.48
$\gamma_{ m b}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}d}{R-L-d}$	$rac{\sqrt{2}d}{R-L-d}$	$rac{L+d}{R-L-d}$
	= 0.03	= 0.03	= 2.50

- γ in vertical direction with respect to the mirror surface is considered for MCi and MCo
- γ in horizontal direction in the plane of the mirror surface is considered for MCe (note that MCe displacement in vertical direction creates larger beam displacement at MCi and MCo by √2 m/m)



Summary 1

- If we set the requirement for the beam miscentering to be 5 cm (c.f. mirror diameter = 10 cm);
- MCi placement error should be yaw < 0.7 mrad, pitch < 0.7 mrad, disp < 2 cm
- MCo placement error should be yaw < 0.7 mrad, pitch < 0.7 mrad, disp < 2 cm
- MCe placement error should be yaw < 0.5 mrad, pitch < 0.7 mrad, disp < 3.5 cm (c.f. 1 mrad = 0.06 deg)
- It seems impossible to meet the angular requirements only by placing the optics. Fine adjustment should be done with picomotors on IMC suspensions.

 \rightarrow angular requirement should be set from actuation range

• The displacement requirements seem to be too easy from other point of view.

Requirement 2

- IMC transmitted beams should hit the succeeding optics.
- IMC incident beam path and oplev beam paths should be clear.



Beam Displacements

- Assumption: All the mirrors are aligned so that the beam hits the mirror at the center, even if they are misplaced
- all values are in m/m

	Laser Inj.	IMC REFL	IMC TRANS	STM1
$\gamma_{ m c}$	8.6	1.0	0	5.5
γ_{a}	7.6	0	0.03	6.5
$\gamma_{ m b}$	0	0.03	1.0	0

 beam displacements at each viewport and STM1 from γ is shown in the table

Summary 2

- If we set the requirement for the beam displacement at STM1 and viewports to be less than 1 cm;
- MCi placement error should be disp < 1 mm
- MCo placement error should be disp < 1 mm
- MCe placement error should be disp < 1 cm
- Oplev beams won't be blocked if mirrors are placed within the requirements above.

Requirement 3

- Alignments of IMC mirrors should be able to be fine adjusted with picomotors.
- So, placement error should be smaller than the picomotor actuation range.

IMC Angular Actuation Range

 Actuation range is limited by the gap (~1 mm) between the middle stage mass and damping magnets



Summary 3

 Angular actuation range of IMC mirrors are ~1 deg in yaw, ~2 deg in pitch.

Requirement for Roll

• IMC transmitted beams is displaced when IMC mirrors are rotated in roll because of wedge

Wedge and Transmitted Beam

- the wedg angle: $heta_{
 m w}$
- angle between incident beam and transmitted beam



Beam Displacement vs Roll

- beamspot on the screen in the previous slide rotates as the mirror rotates
- when mirror roll is ρ , beam displacement is $\delta x = D\theta_{\rm d}\rho$
- for IMC mirrors, n = 1.45 $\theta_w = 2.5 \deg$ $\theta_i = 44.7 \deg$ for MCi/o $\theta_i = 0.5 \deg$ for MCe

- so, $\theta_{\rm d} = 0.032 \, {\rm rad} \, {\rm for} \, {\rm MCi/o} \\ \theta_{\rm d} = 0.020 \, {\rm rad} \, {\rm for} \, {\rm MCe}$



Summary for Roll

- If we set the requirement for the beam displacement at STM1 and viewports to be less than 1 cm;
- MCi roll error should be roll < 4 deg
- MCo roll error should be roll < 6 deg
- MCe roll error should be roll < 30 deg