

Requirements for IMC Mirror Placement

Yuta Michimura

Ando Group

Department of Physics, University of Tokyo

Scope

- Set the requirement for placement errors for input mode cleaner (IMC) mirrors
- References:
 - [J. Opt. 13 055504 \(2011\)](#)
(triangular cavity eigenmode paper by Kawazoe)
 - [JGW-T1402481](#) (calculation by T. Saito)

Summary

- If we set the requirement for the beam miscentering to be 10 cm (c.f. mirror diameter = 10 cm);
- M_{Ci} placement error should be
yaw < 1.5 mrad, pitch < 1.5 mrad, disp < 4 cm
- M_{Co} placement error should be
yaw < 1.5 mrad, pitch < 1.5 mrad, disp < 4 cm
- M_{Ce} placement error should be
yaw < 1 mrad, pitch < 1.5 mrad, disp < 7 cm
(c.f. 1 mrad = 0.06 deg)
- It seems impossible to meet the angular requirement only by placing the optic. Fine adjustment should be done with picomotors on IMC suspensions.
→ angular requirement should be set from actuation range

Definitions

- α/β for yaw/pitch misalignment
- γ for longitudinal displacement

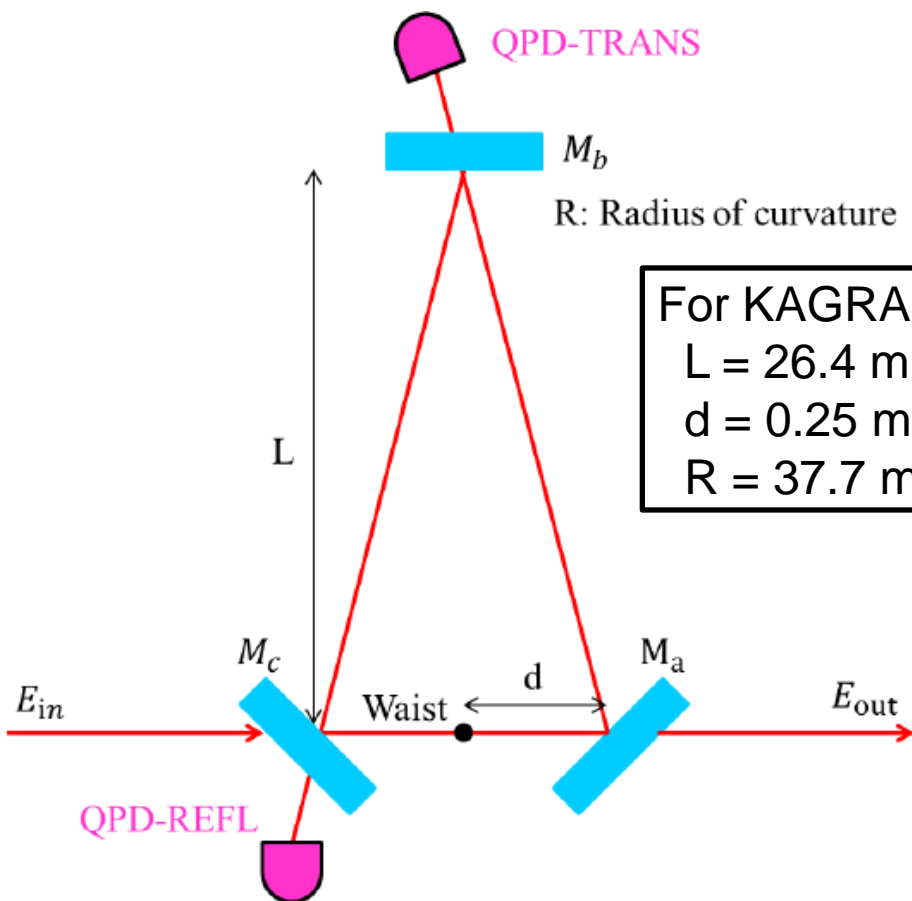


Fig.1 Input Mode Cleaner

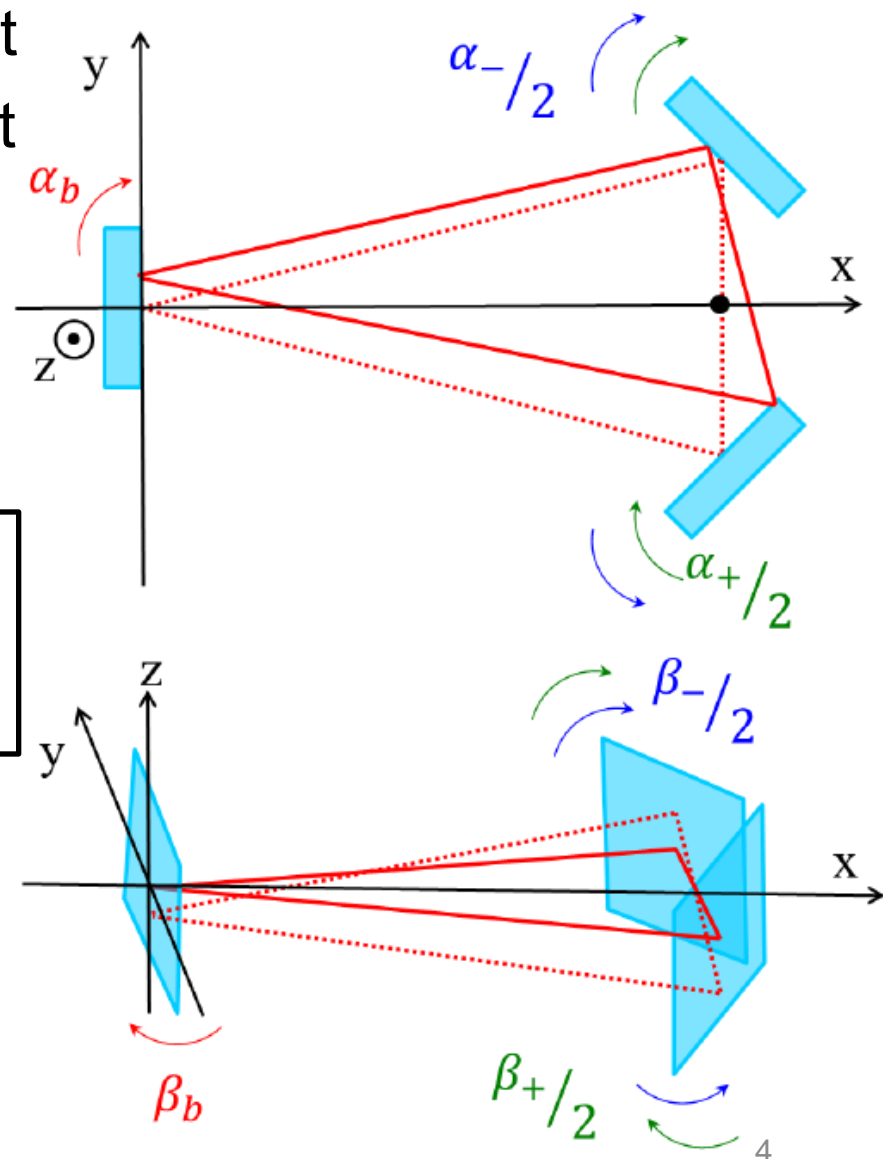


Fig.4.1 ミスアラインメント時の共振器軸の変化

Miscentering from Misalignments

- all values are in m/rad
- $\alpha_b < 1$ mrad
- $\alpha_- < 3$ mrad
- $\alpha_+ < 100$ mrad
- $\beta_b < 3$ mrad
- $\beta_- < 500$ mrad
- $\beta_+ < 3$ mrad

	Δr_c (MCi)	Δr_a (MCo)	Δr_b (MCe)
α_b	$\frac{\sqrt{2}Rd}{R-L-d}$ = 1.21	$\frac{\sqrt{2}Rd}{R-L-d}$ = 1.21	$-\frac{R(L+d)}{R-L-d}$ = -90.9
α_-	$\sqrt{2(L^2 + d^2)}$ = 37.3	$-\sqrt{2(L^2 + d^2)}$ = -37.3	0
α_+	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}(R-L)d}{R-L-d}$ = -0.362	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}(R-L)d}{R-L-d}$ = -0.362	$\frac{Rd}{R-L-d}$ = 0.853
β_b	$-R$ = -37.7	$-R$ = -37.7	$-R$ = -37.7
β_-	$\frac{d}{\sqrt{2}}$ = 0.177	$-\frac{d}{\sqrt{2}}$ = -0.177	0
β_+	$\frac{R-L}{\sqrt{2}}$ = 7.99	$\frac{R-L}{\sqrt{2}}$ = 7.99	$\frac{R}{\sqrt{2}}$ = 26.66

Note that miscentering is defined by $\Delta r = \sqrt{(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta y)^2 + (\Delta z)^2}$, where $\Delta x, \Delta y, \Delta z$ are the displacements defined in [J. Opt. 13 055504 \(2011\)](#).

Miscentering from Displacements

- all values are in m/m
- $\gamma_c < 4$ cm
- $\gamma_a < 4$ cm
- $\gamma_b < 7$ cm

	Δr_c (MCI)	Δr_a (MCo)	Δr_b (MCe)
γ_c	0	1	$\frac{R}{\sqrt{2}(R-L-d)}$ = 2.41
γ_a	1	0	$-\frac{R}{\sqrt{2}(R-L-d)}$ = -2.41
γ_b	$\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{2}$	0