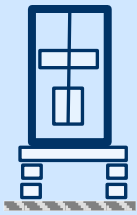


# Onsite installation of iKAGRA; VACUUM

iKAGRA obs. Run in **Dec. 2015** ~1 month

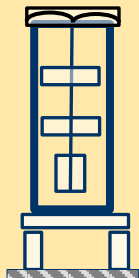
## iKAGRA configuration

- Room-temp. test masses suspended by Type-Bp payload
- FPMI with 2.94 km arm cavities
- Low laser power (power TBD).
- On-site test of VIS and Cryo system



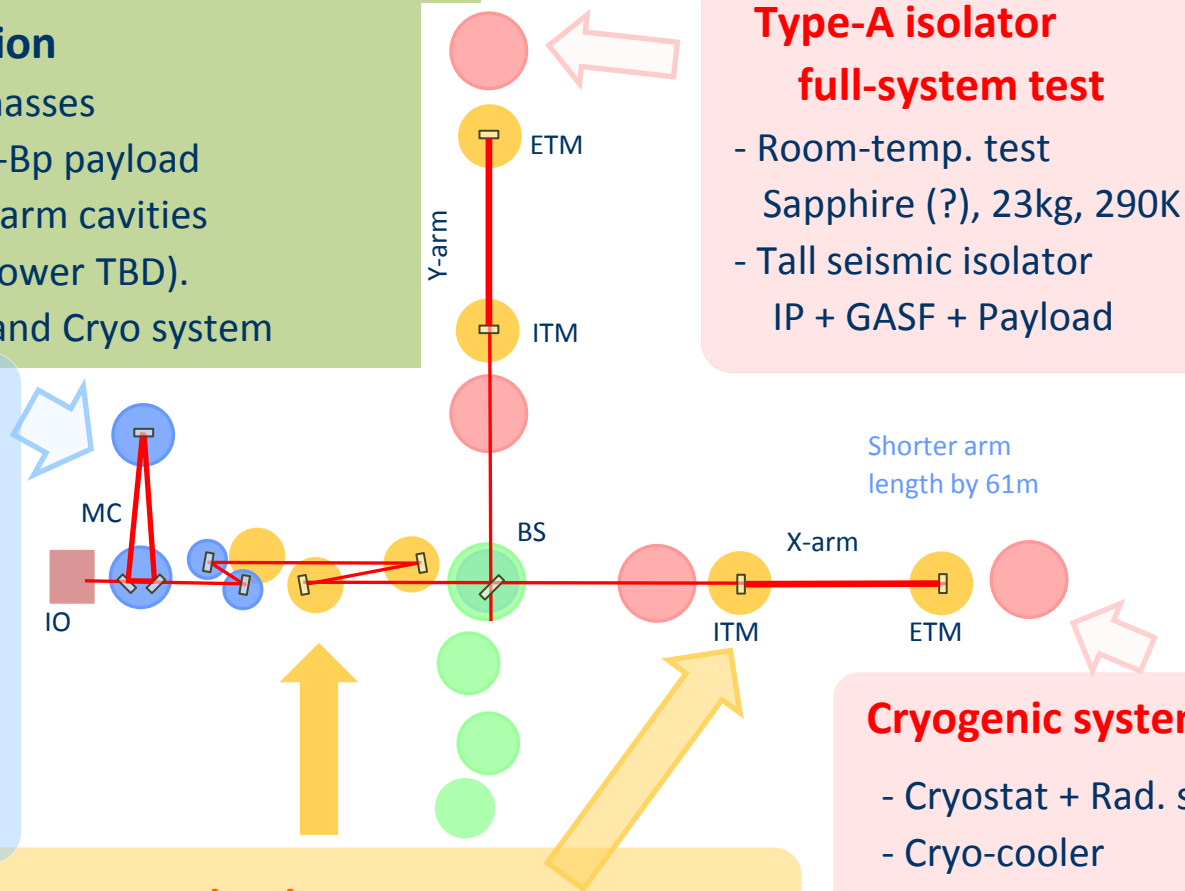
## Type-C system

- Mode cleaner  
Silica, 0.5kg, 290K
- Stack + Payload



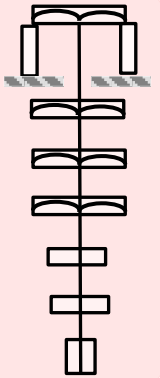
## Type-Bp payload

- Test mass and Core optics (BS, FM,...)  
Silica, 10kg, 290K
- Seismic isolator  
Table + GASF + Type-B Payload



## Type-A isolator full-system test

- Room-temp. test  
Sapphire (?), 23kg, 290K
- Tall seismic isolator  
IP + GASF + Payload

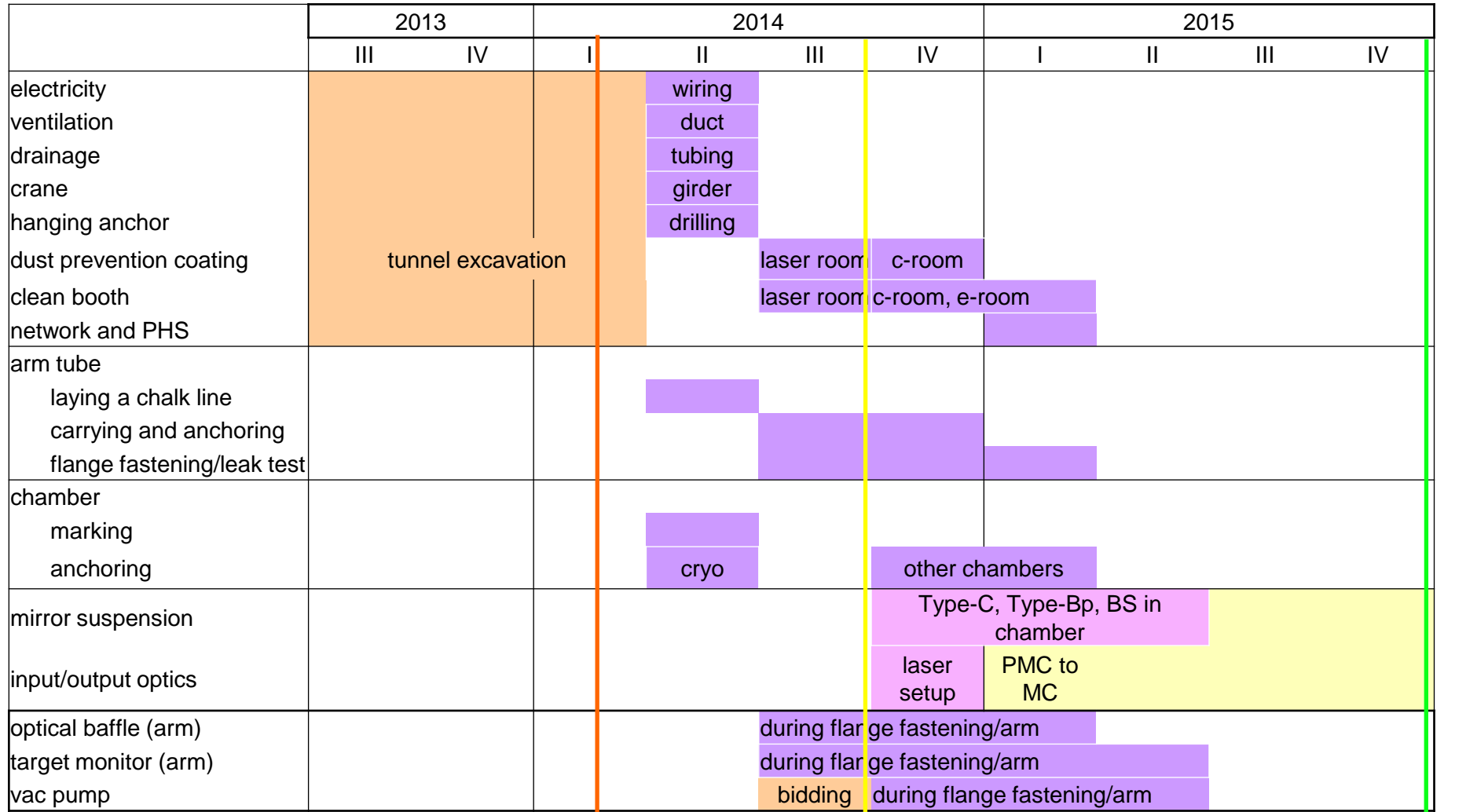


Shorter arm  
length by 61m

## Cryogenic system test

- Cryostat + Rad. shield duct
- Cryo-cooler
- Cryogenic payload
- Fixed Type-A SAS

# Onsite installation of iKAGRA: VACUUM



Feb 2014

Oct 2014

Dec 2015

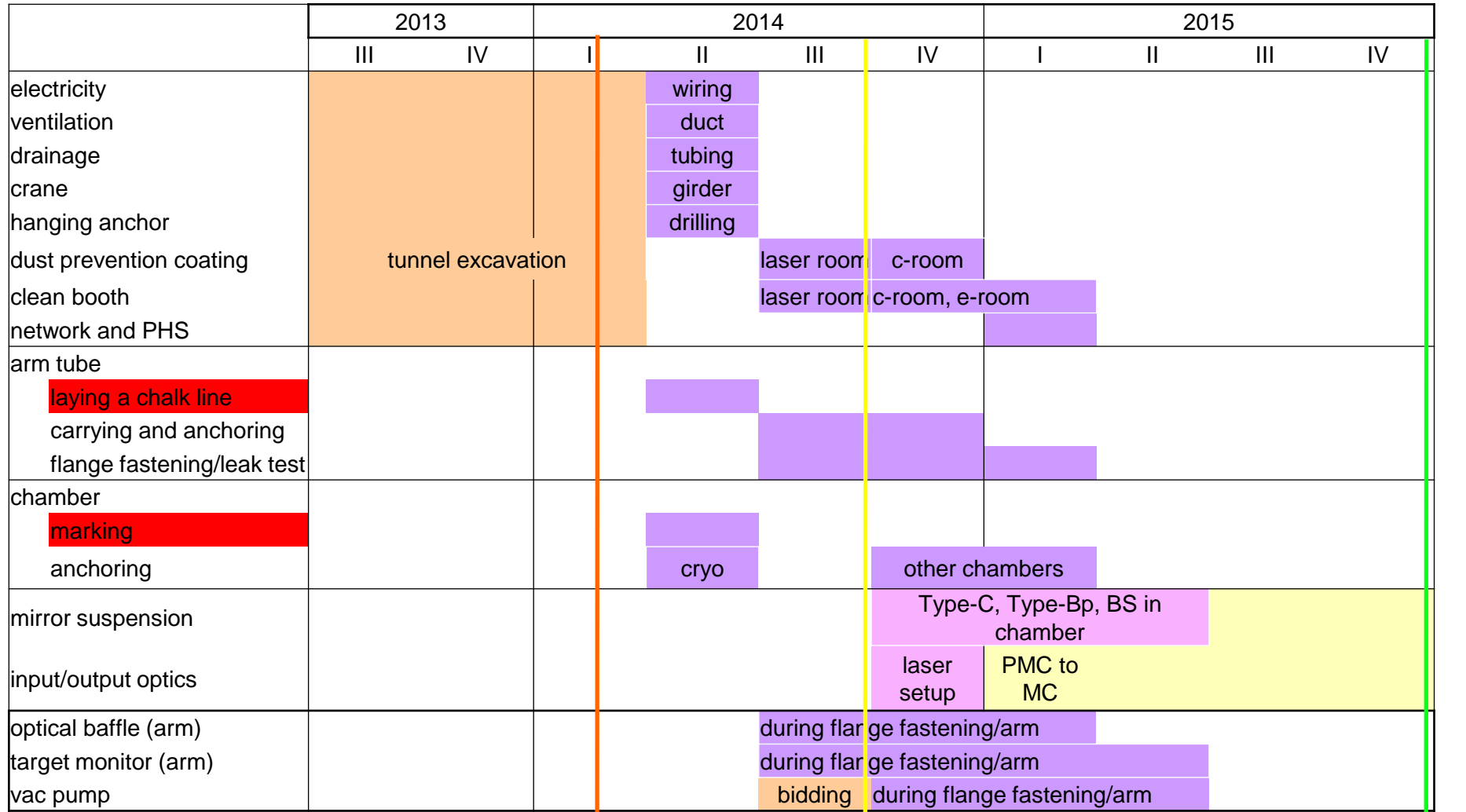
Start input-optics installation

iKAGRA obs.



FY2014

# Onsite installation of iKAGRA: VACUUM



Feb 2014

Oct 2014

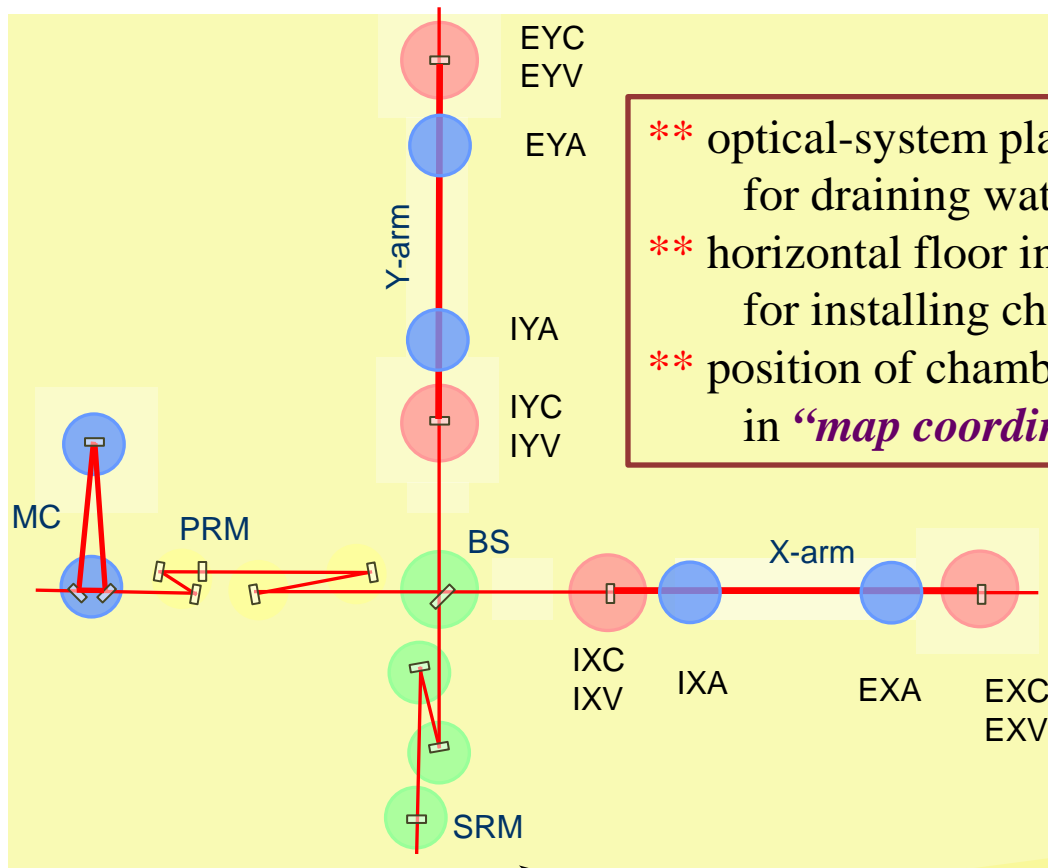
Start input-optics installation

Dec 2015

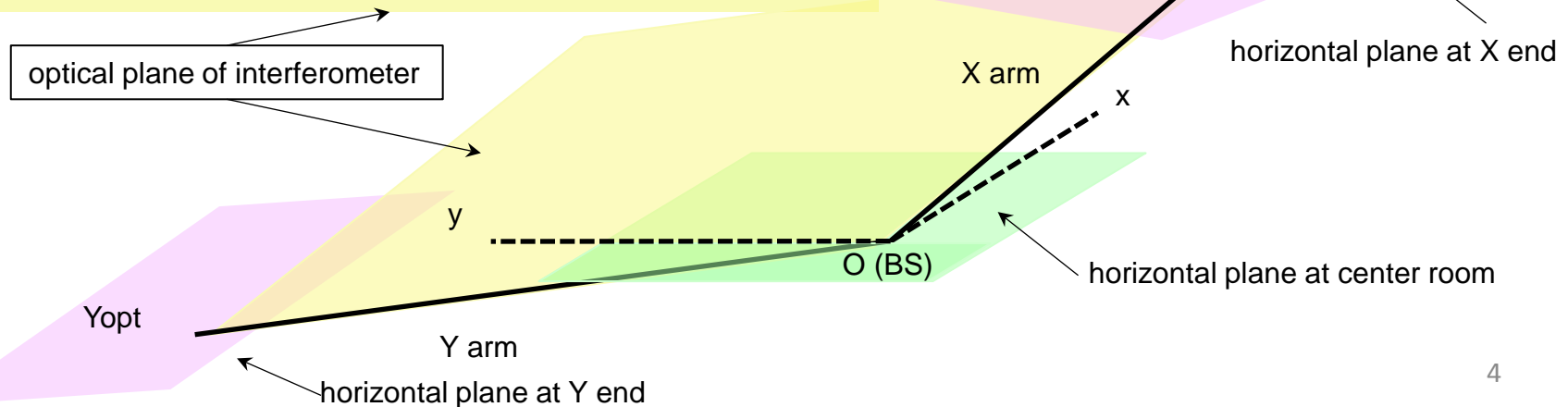
iKAGRA obs.

FY2014

# Laying a chalk line and Marking: (1) optical plane of the interferometer



- \*\* optical-system plane of interferometer is to be tilted for draining water.
- \*\* horizontal floor in each room is to be prepared for installing chambers.
- \*\* position of chamber/mirror is to be described in *“map coordinates (survey map) of tunnel”*.



## Laying a chalk line and Marking: (2) interferometer on the globe

**\*\* position of chamber/mirror is to be described in “*map coordinates (survey map) of tunnel*”.**

Geodetic coordinates: ***Latitude, Longitude, Height***  
(B, L, H+H<sub>e</sub>)

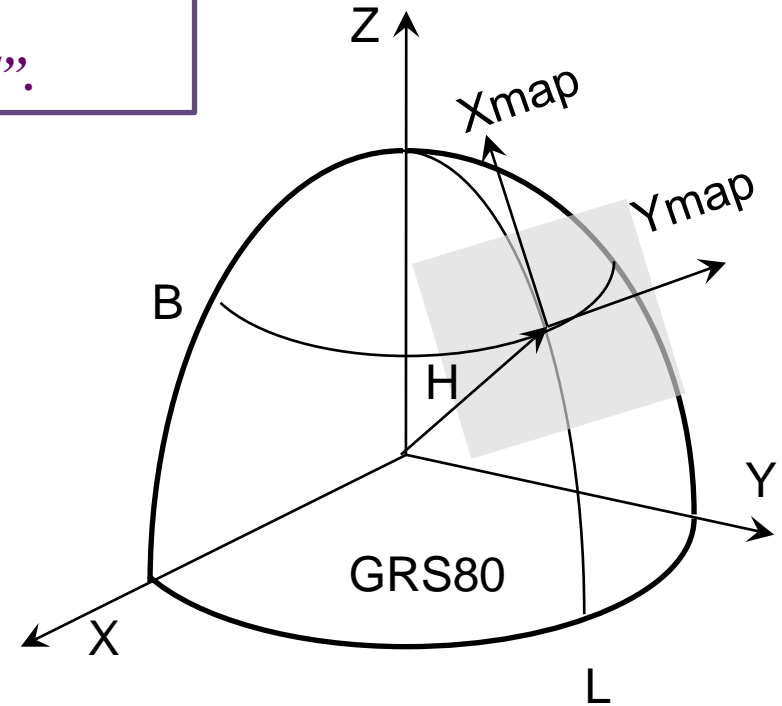
H; radius of GRS80 of ellipsoid earth  
H<sub>g</sub>; height of geoid surface from GRS80 surface

Japan rectangular plane coordinate: ***survey map***  
(X<sub>map</sub>, Y<sub>map</sub>, H<sub>o</sub>)

Takayama origin, zone VII, Japan  
H<sub>o</sub>: height from geoid surface

3D (orthogonal) terrestrial coordinate:  
(X, Y, Z)

H<sub>e</sub> (ellipsoid height) = H<sub>o</sub> (orthometric height) + H<sub>g</sub> (geoid height)



The position described in ***KAGRA optical coordinates***, (X<sub>op</sub>, Y<sub>op</sub>, Z<sub>op</sub>), can be described in 3D (orthogonal) terrestrial coordinate, (X, Y, Z), by the conversion matrix;

$$\begin{pmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -3777336.0239 \\ 3484898.4107 \\ 3765313.6968 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -0.37590014942 & 0.71643683491 & -0.58772216161 \\ -0.83615826266 & 0.01113873997 & 0.54837513460 \\ 0.39942263011 & 0.69756303661 & 0.59486752516 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} X_{op} \\ Y_{op} \\ Z_{op} \end{pmatrix}$$

## Laying a chalk line and Marking: (2) interferometer on the globe

**\*\* position of chamber/mirror is to be described in “*map coordinates (survey map) of tunnel*”.**

Geodetic coordinates: ***Latitude, Longitude, Height***  
( $B, L, H+H_e$ )

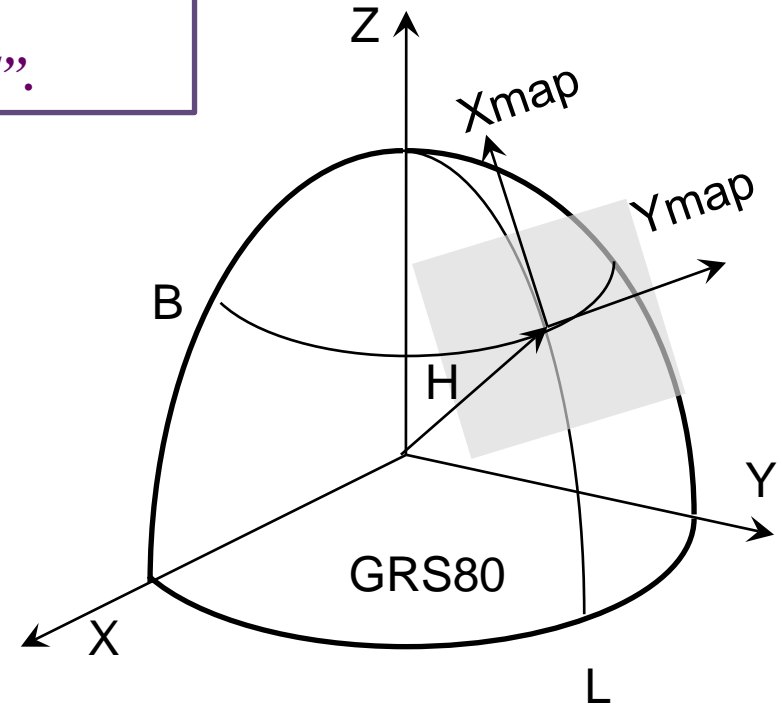
$H$ : radius of GRS80 of ellipsoid earth  
 $H_g$ : height of geoid surface from GRS80 surface

Japan rectangular plane coordinate: ***survey map***  
( $X_{map}, Y_{map}, H_o$ )

Takayama origin, zone VII, Japan  
 $H_o$ : height from geoid surface

3D (orthogonal) terrestrial coordinate:  
( $X, Y, Z$ )

$H_e$  (ellipsoid height) =  $H_o$  (orthometric height) +  $H_g$  (geoid height)



The position described in ***KAGRA optical coordinates***, ( $X_{op}, Y_{op}, Z_{op}$ ), can be described in 3D (orthogonal) terrestrial coordinate, ( $X, Y, Z$ ), by the conversion matrix;

HR center of mirror	Interferometer optical plane			3-D international terrestrial reference system		
	$X_{op}$ [m]	$Y_{op}$ [m]	$Z_{op}$ [m]	$X$ [m]	$Y$ [m]	$Z$ [m]
Beam Splitter (BS)	0	0	0	-3777336.024	3484898.411	3765313.697
X-front (IXC)	26.507	-0.016	0	-3777346.000	3484876.246	3765324.273
Y-front (IYC)	-0.008	23.222	0	-3777319.384	3484898.676	3765329.893
X-end (EXC)	3026.507	-0.016	0	-3778473.700	3482367.772	3766522.541
Y-end (EYC)	-0.008	3023.222	0	-3775170.073	3484932.092	3767422.582

## Laying a chalk line and marking: (3) KAGRA location

Geodetic coordinates: ***Latitude, Longitude, Height***  
(B, L, H+H<sub>e</sub>)



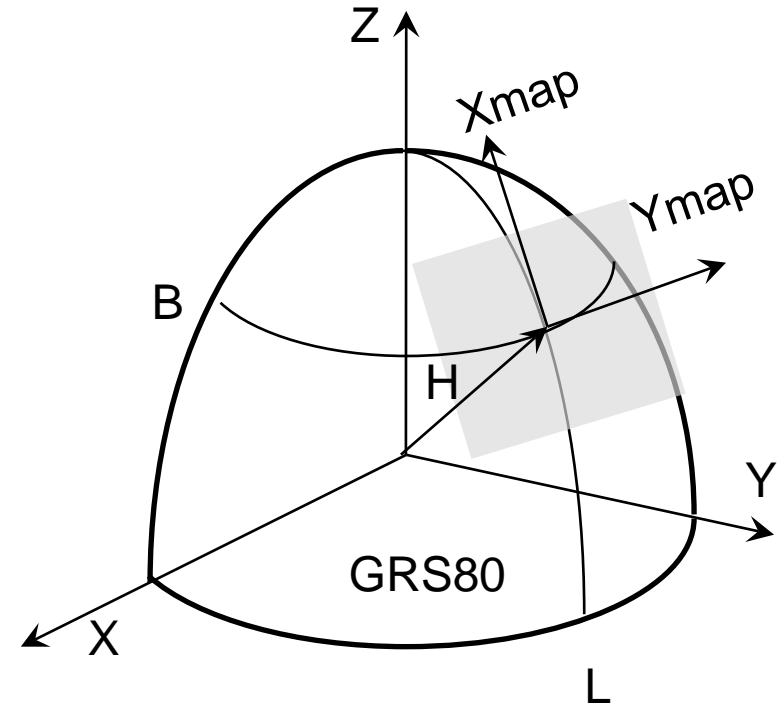
H; radius of GRS80 of ellipsoid earth  
H<sub>g</sub>; height of geoid surface from GRS80 surface

Japan rectangular plane coordinate: ***survey map***  
(X<sub>map</sub>, Y<sub>map</sub>, H<sub>o</sub>)



3D (orthogonal) terrestrial coordinate:  
(X, Y, Z)

H<sub>e</sub> (ellipsoid height) = H<sub>o</sub> (orthometric height) + H<sub>g</sub> (geoid height)



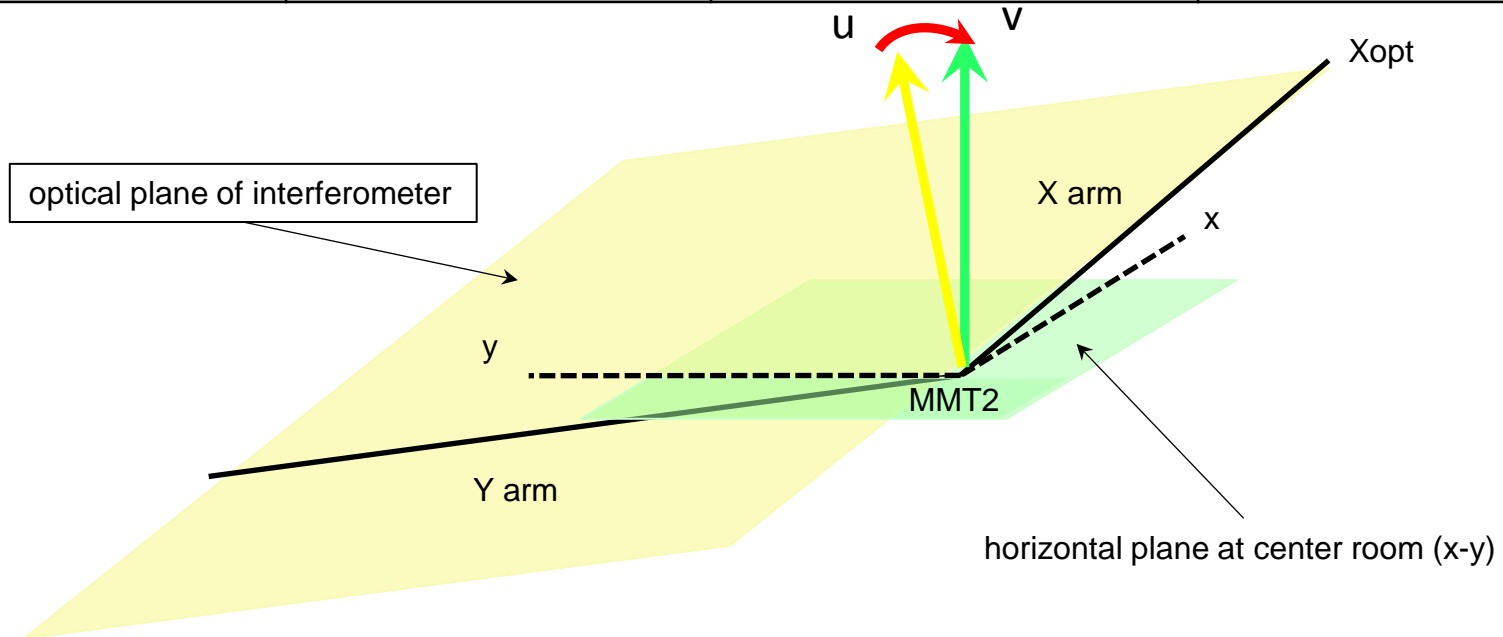
HR center of mirror	geodetic coordinate (ITRF94, GRS80)			Japan rectangular plane coordinate			3-D international terrestrial reference system		
	B [ddmmss]	L[ dddmmss]	H <sub>e</sub> [m]	X <sub>map</sub> [m]	Y <sub>map</sub> [m]	H <sub>0</sub> [m]	X [m]	Y [m]	Z [m]
Beam Splitter (BS)	362442.69722	1371821.44171	414.181	45705.629	12491.970	373.200	-3777336.024	3484898.411	3765313.697
X-front (IXC)	362443.12155	1371822.36703	414.264	45718.741	12515.003	373.282	-3777346.000	3484876.246	3765324.273
Y-front (IYC)	362443.35209	1371820.98104	414.097	45725.797	12480.465	373.117	-3777319.384	3484898.676	3765329.893
X-end (EXC)	362531.18475	1372007.07060	424.407	47204.264	15120.800	383.292	-3778473.700	3482367.772	3766522.541
Y-end (EYC)	362607.96387	1371721.48451	403.934	48331.612	10994.969	363.129	-3775170.073	3484932.092	3767422.582



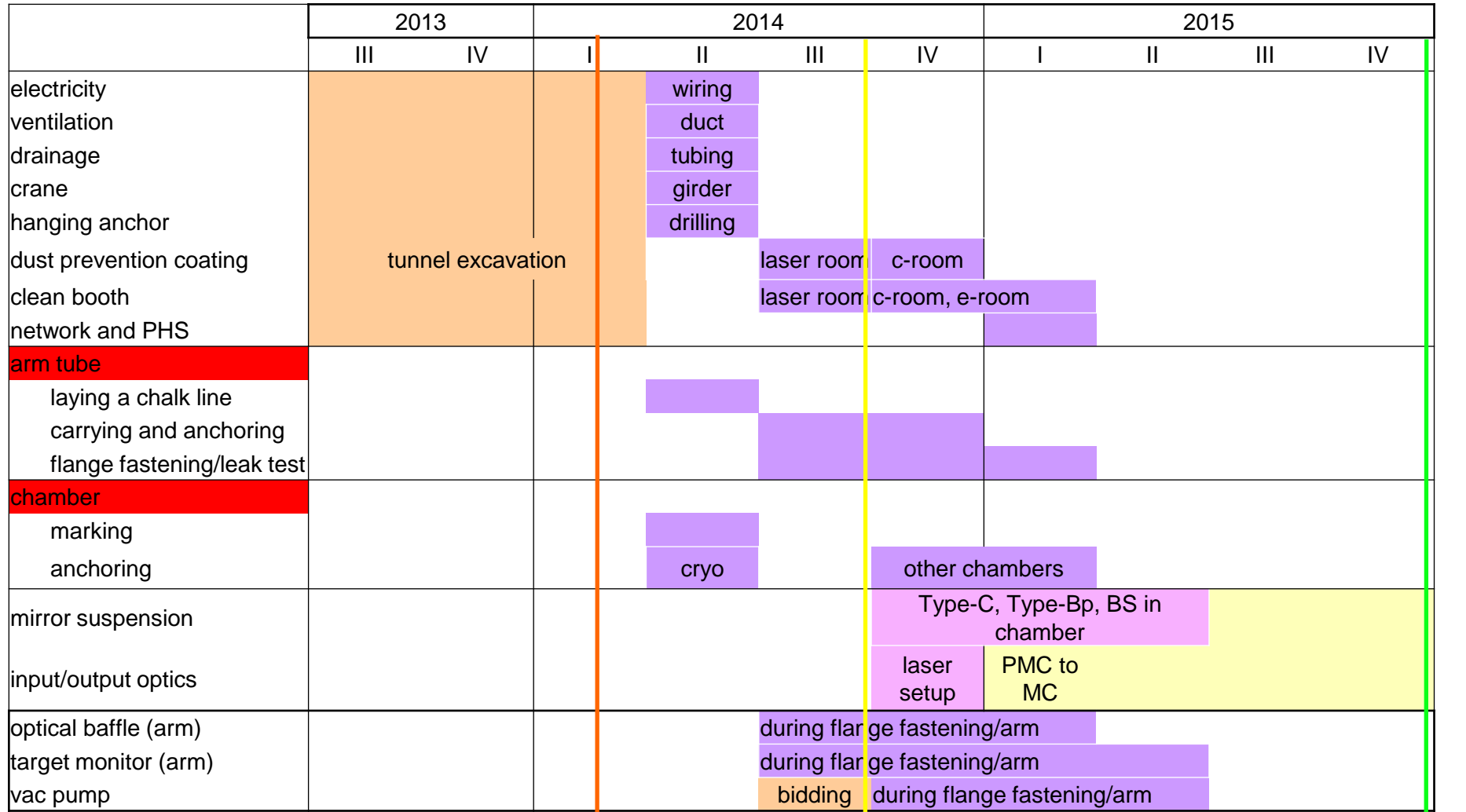


## Laying a chalk line and marking: (4) rotating injection optical plane

		HR Center			Center of Mass			Center of Chamber_saito		
		Xop [m]	Yop [m]	Zop [m]	Xop [m]	Yop [m]	Zop [m]	Xop [m]	Yop [m]	Zop [m]
Un-rotated (in op coordinate)	BS	0.000000	0.000000	0	0.028278	-0.028291	0	0.028	-0.028	0
	MCo	-27.259072	0.136954	0	-27.248415	0.126398	0	-27.509	0.077	0
	MMT1(IMM)	-21.394078	-0.060797	0	-21.378992	-0.061897	0	-21.594	0.127	0
	MCi	-27.759072	0.136954	0	-27.769729	0.126398	0	-27.509	0.077	0
	MMT2(IFI)	-24.479078	0.289713	0	-24.493964	0.290652	0	-24.279	0.127	0
	MCe	-27.509048	26.535653	0	-27.509048	26.550622	0	-27.509	26.550	0
rotated (in op coordinate)	MCo	-27.259059	0.136939	0.008179	-27.248403	0.126383	0.008057	-27.509	0.077	0.010
	MMT1(IMM)	-21.394095	-0.060778	-0.010962	-21.379009	-0.061877	-0.011064	-21.594	0.127	-0.008
	MCi	-27.759057	0.136936	0.009750	-27.769713	0.126380	0.009695	-27.509	0.077	0.010
	MMT2(IFI)	-24.479078	0.289713	0	-24.493964	0.290652	0	-24.279	0.127	0
	MCe	-27.508884	26.535463	0.104707	-27.508884	26.550432	0.104711	-27.509	26.550	0.106
rotated (in c-r coordinate)	BS	-0.007626	-0.016281	1.199966	-0.035904	0.012009	1.200154	-0.036	0.012	1.200
	MCo	27.251327	-0.016281	1.122824	27.240670	0.012009	1.122773	27.501	-0.093	1.124
	MMT1(IMM)	21.386331	-0.152861	1.122636	21.371245	-0.142305	1.122586	21.586	-0.143	1.124
	MCi	27.751327	0.044809	1.122839	27.761984	0.045908	1.122788	27.501	-0.093	1.124
	MMT2(IFI)	24.471334	-0.152854	1.122756	24.486220	-0.142298	1.122706	24.271	-0.143	1.124
	MCe	27.501520	-0.305658	1.125025	27.501520	-0.306597	1.124976	27.501	-26.566	1.126



# Onsite installation of iKAGRA: VACUUM



Feb 2014

Oct 2014

Dec 2015

Start input-optics installation

iKAGRA obs.

FY2014

# Installation of tubes and chambers

- 1) manufacturing 478 of tubes; from Apr 2011 to Mar 2013
- 2) manufacturing chambers; from Sep 2012 to Mar 2014
- 3) construction of tunnel facility equipments; **from Mar 2014**
- 4) laying a chalk line and marking; **from May 2014**

5) installing chambers in X and Y ends; **by Jul 2014**

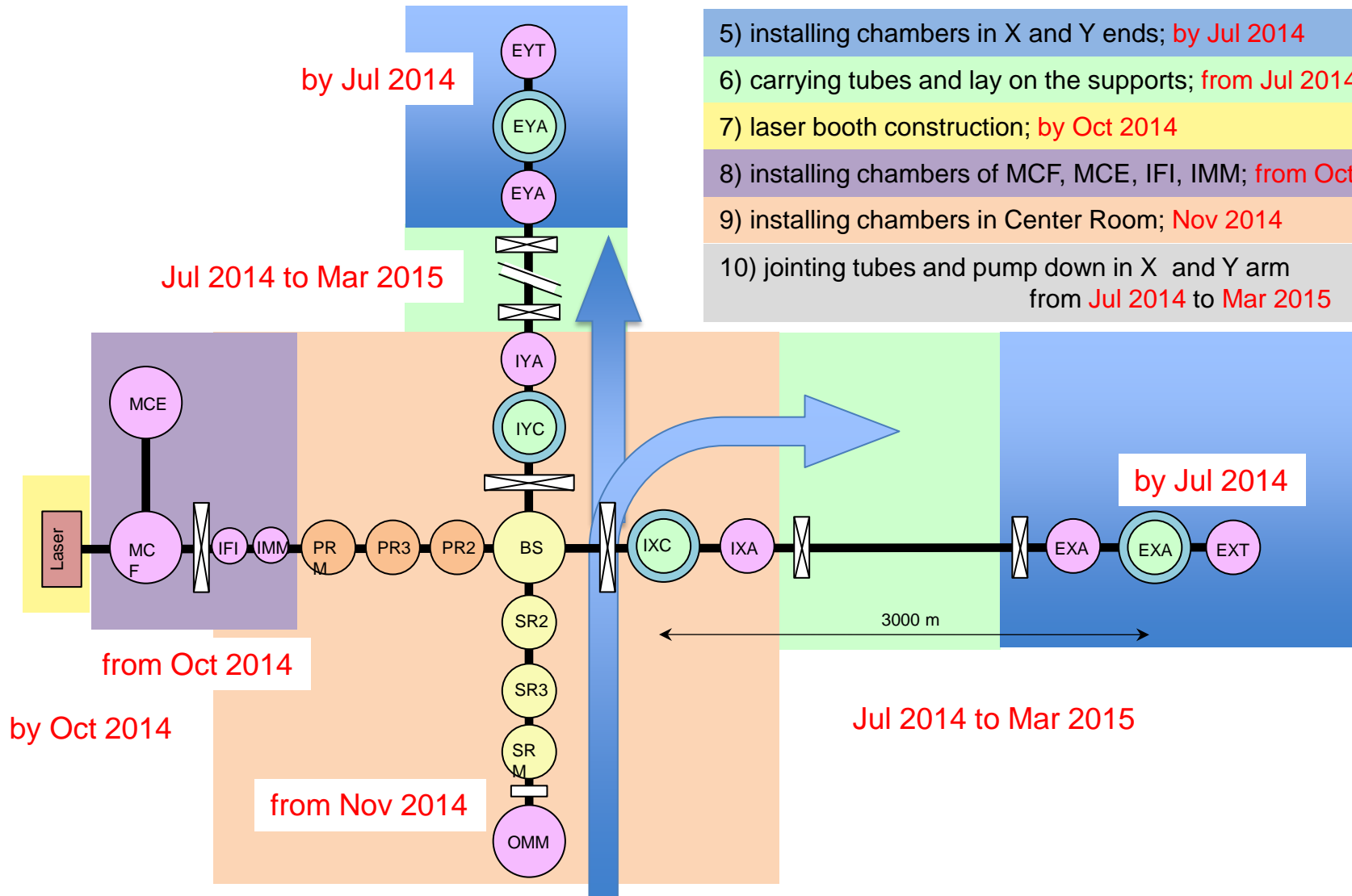
6) carrying tubes and lay on the supports; **from Jul 2014**

7) laser booth construction; **by Oct 2014**

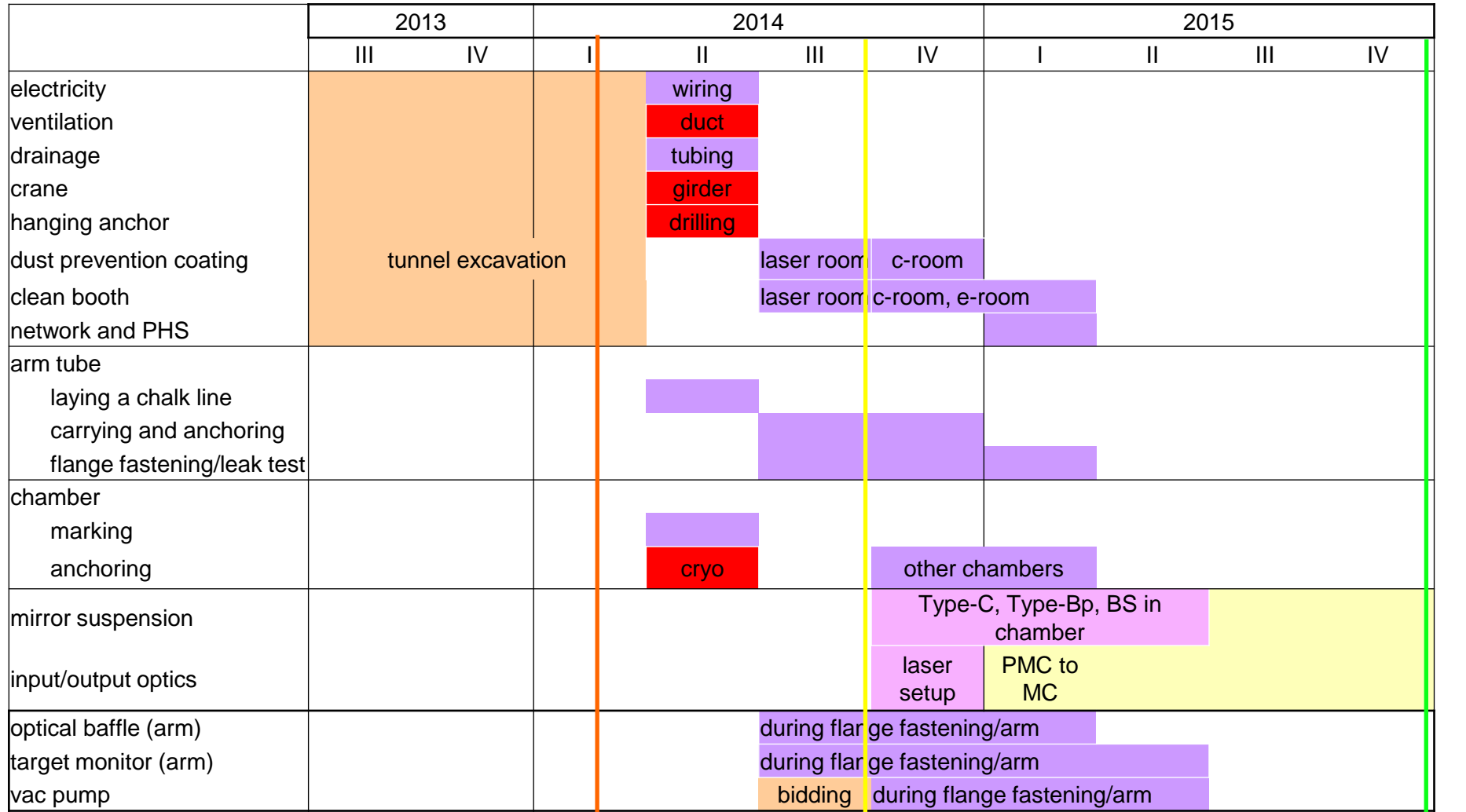
8) installing chambers of MCF, MCE, IFI, IMM; **from Oct 2014**

9) installing chambers in Center Room; **Nov 2014**

10) jointing tubes and pump down in X and Y arm  
from **Jul 2014** to **Mar 2015**



# Onsite installation of iKAGRA: VACUUM



Feb 2014

Oct 2014

Start input-optics installation

Dec 2015

iKAGRA obs.

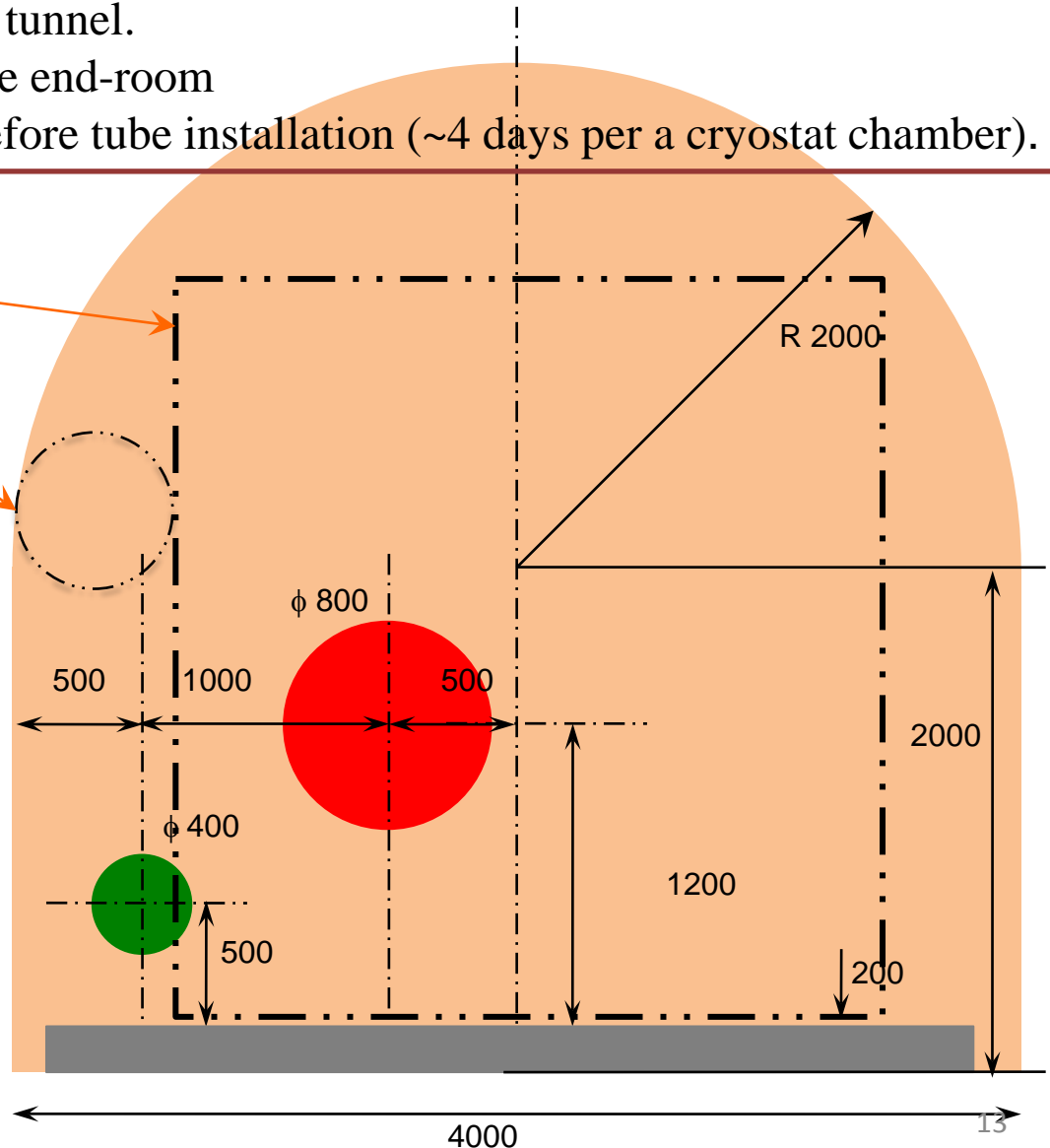
FY2014

## Installation of cryo-chambers: (1) carrying chambers inside the arm tunnel

- \*\* chambers can only be carried from the center-room to the end-room through the arm tunnel.
- \*\* cryo-chambers to be installed in the end-room should be delivered to the end before tube installation (~4 days per a cryostat chamber).

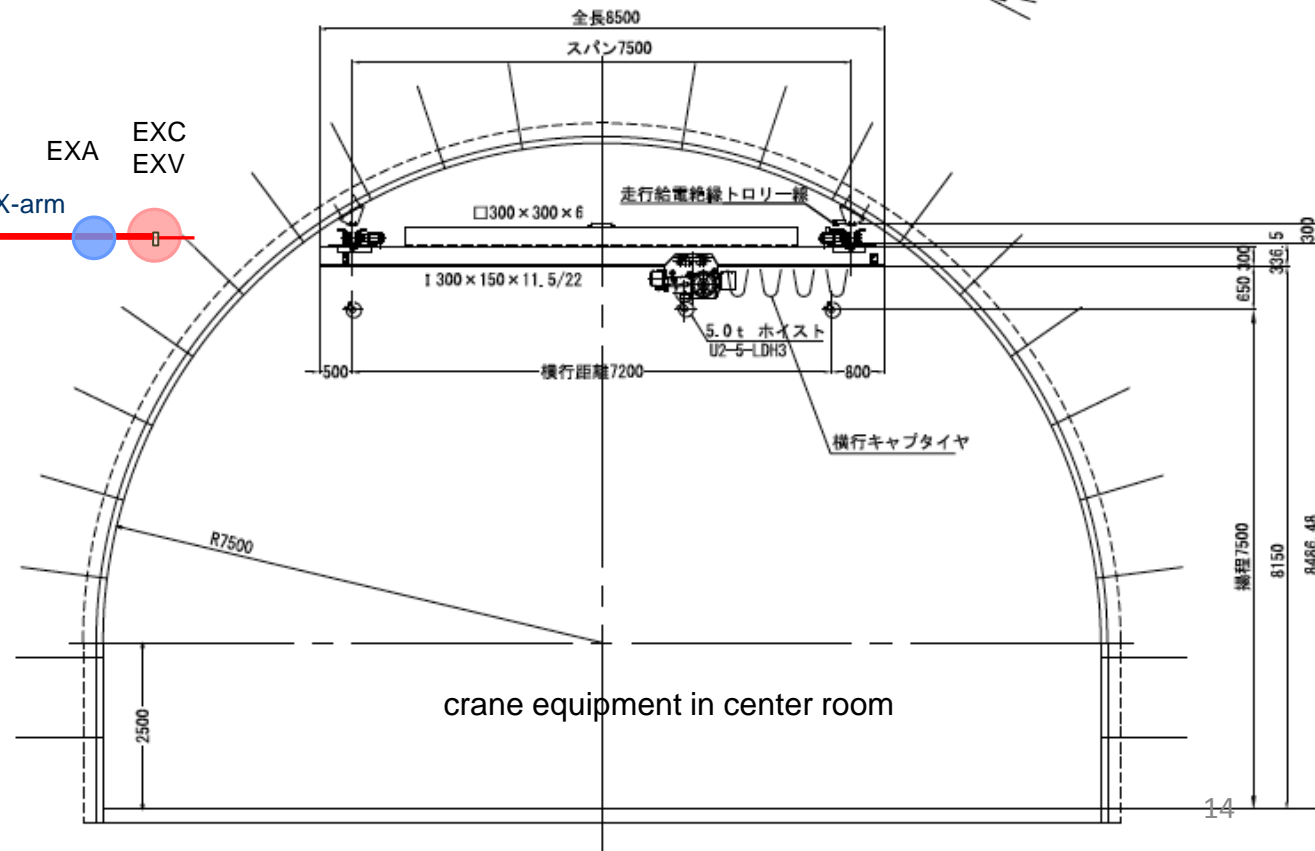
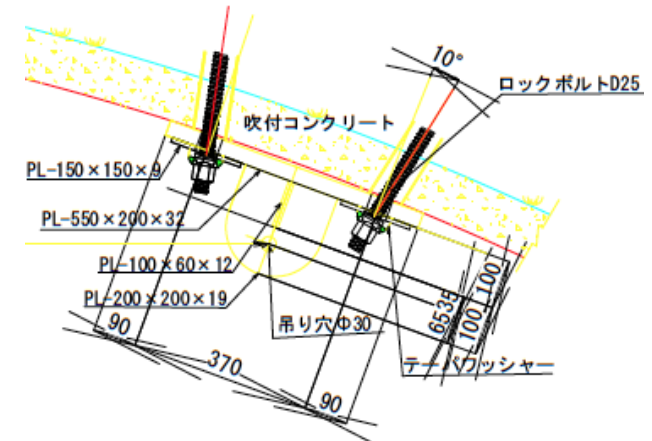
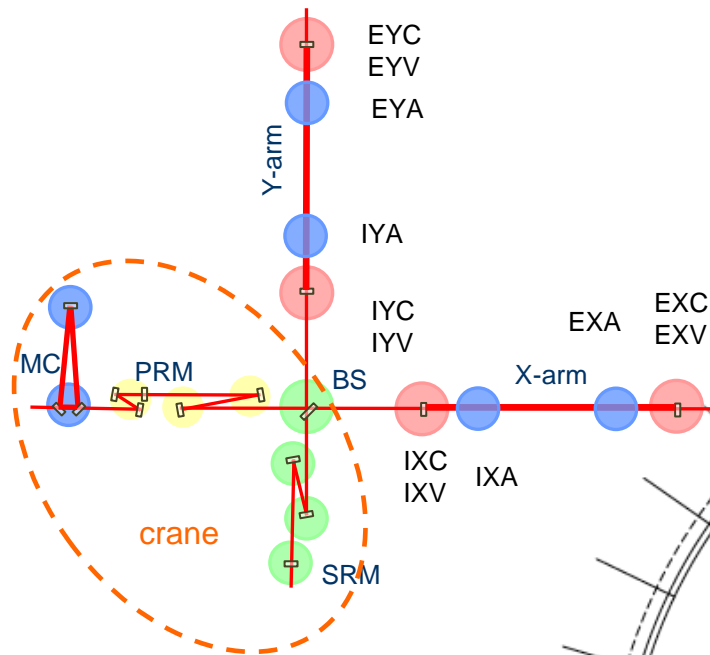
Cryo-chamber  
weight; 14 t  
height; 3150 mm  
width; 2700 mm

ventilating duct  
 $\phi$  600 mm



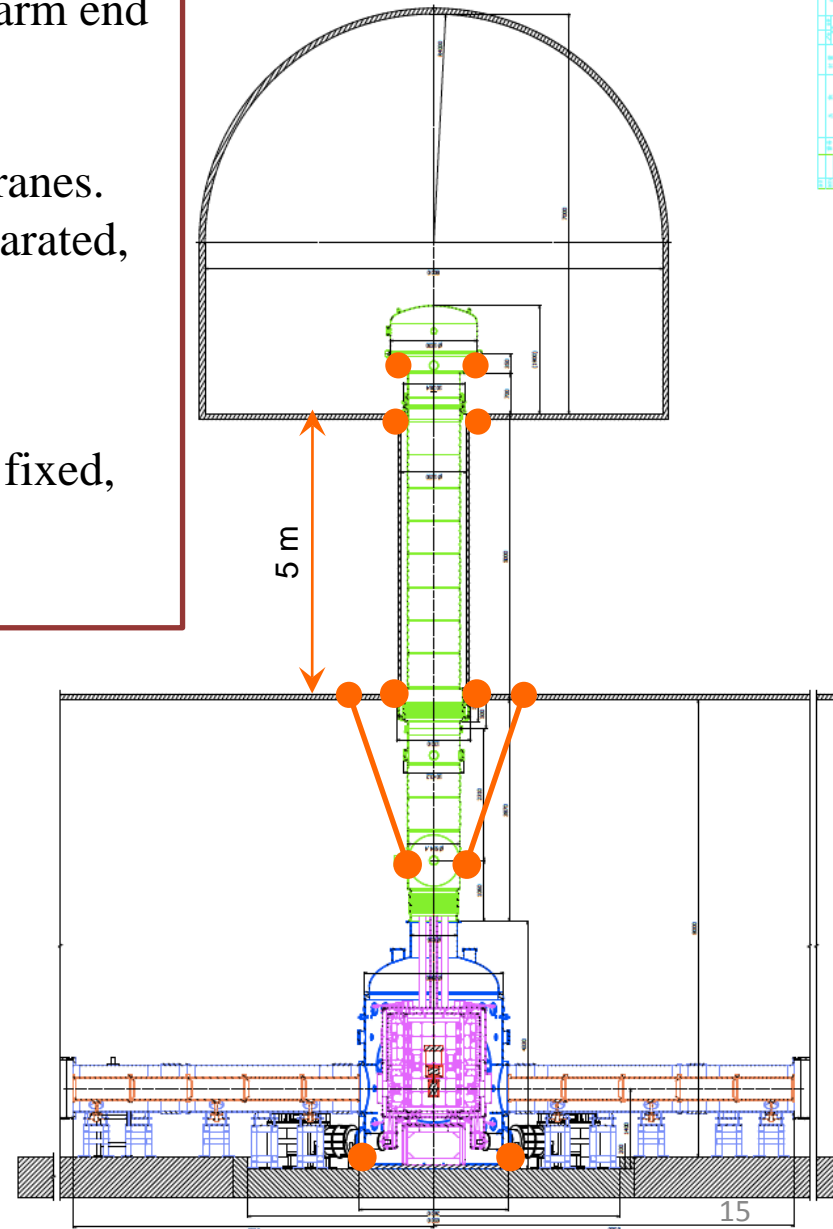
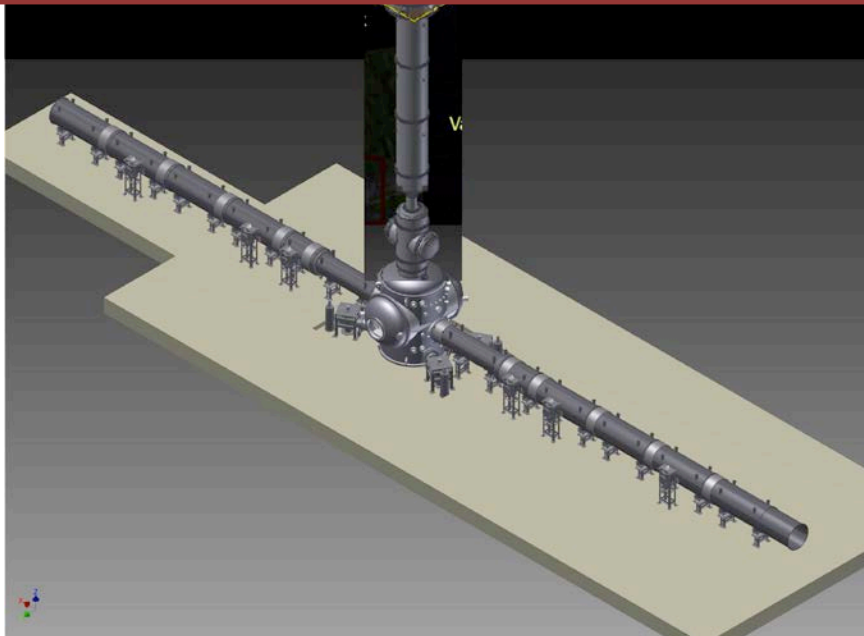
## Installation of cryo-chambers: (2) crane and hanging anchor

- \*\* crane is equipped only in the center-room (~30 days).
- \*\* hanging anchor is available in other areas (~15 days).
- \*\* construction of crane girder is begun, immediately after excavation is finished.

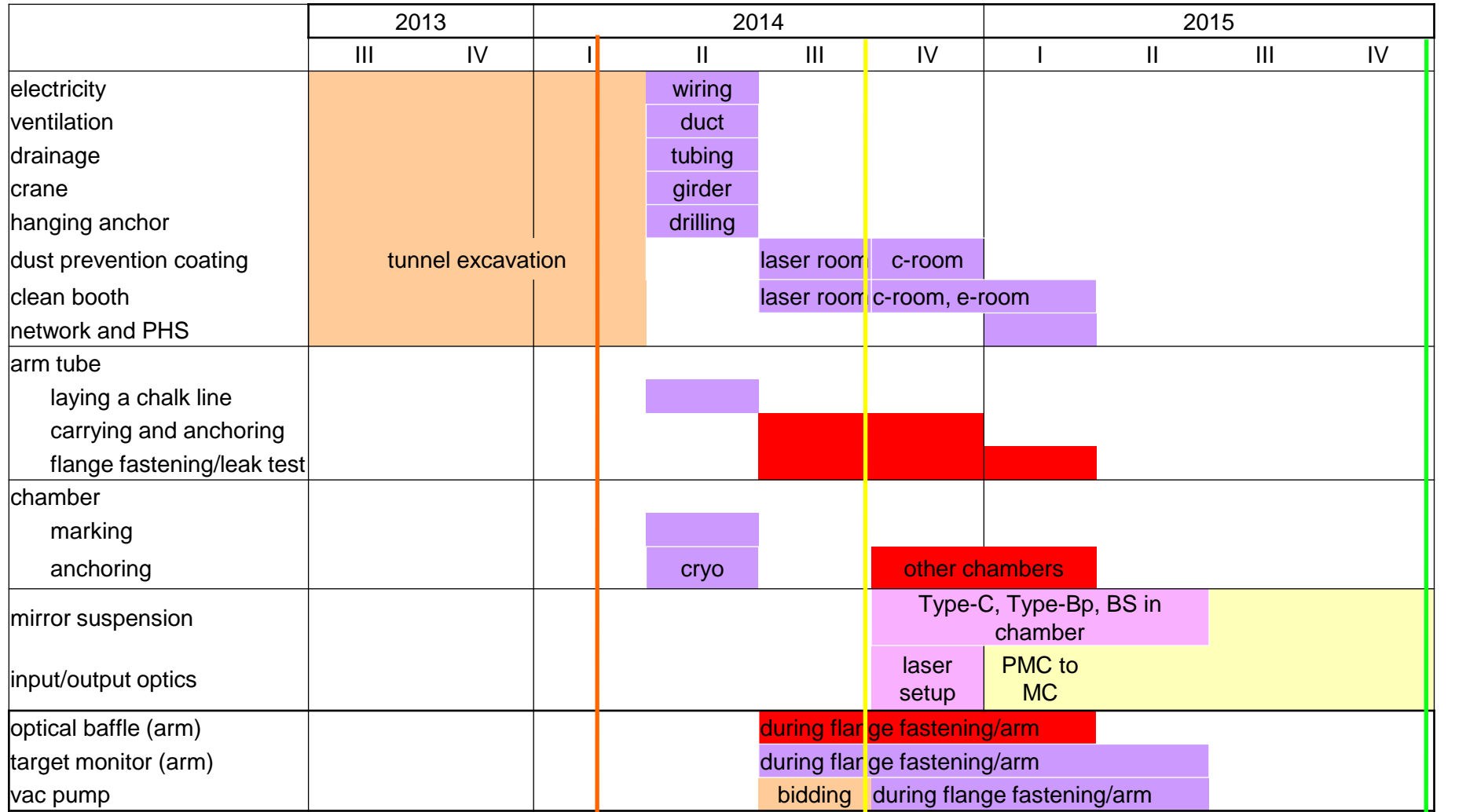


## Installation of cryo-chambers: (3) 1st and 2nd floor

- \*\* two of cryostat chambers are to be carried to the arm end and to be first set on the floor.
- \*\* hanging anchors from the ceiling are available, for chamber alignment, although there are no cranes.
- \*\* two of cryostat chambers in the end room are separated, from the arm tube vacuum.
- \*\* chambers in the middle should be supported, by the hanging anchor from the ceiling.
- \*\* vertical tubes ( 5 m long and 900 mm in dia.) are fixed, for avoiding unnecessary vibration. (~15 days per a chamber)



# Onsite installation of iKAGRA: VACUUM



Feb 2014

Oct 2014

Dec 2015

Start input-optics installation

iKAGRA obs.

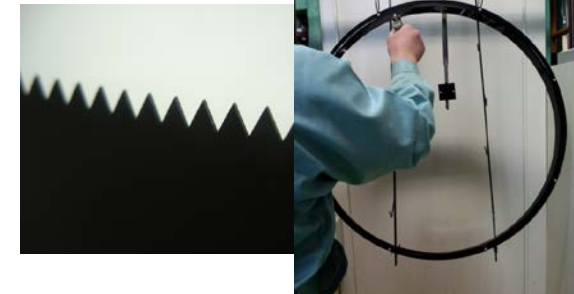
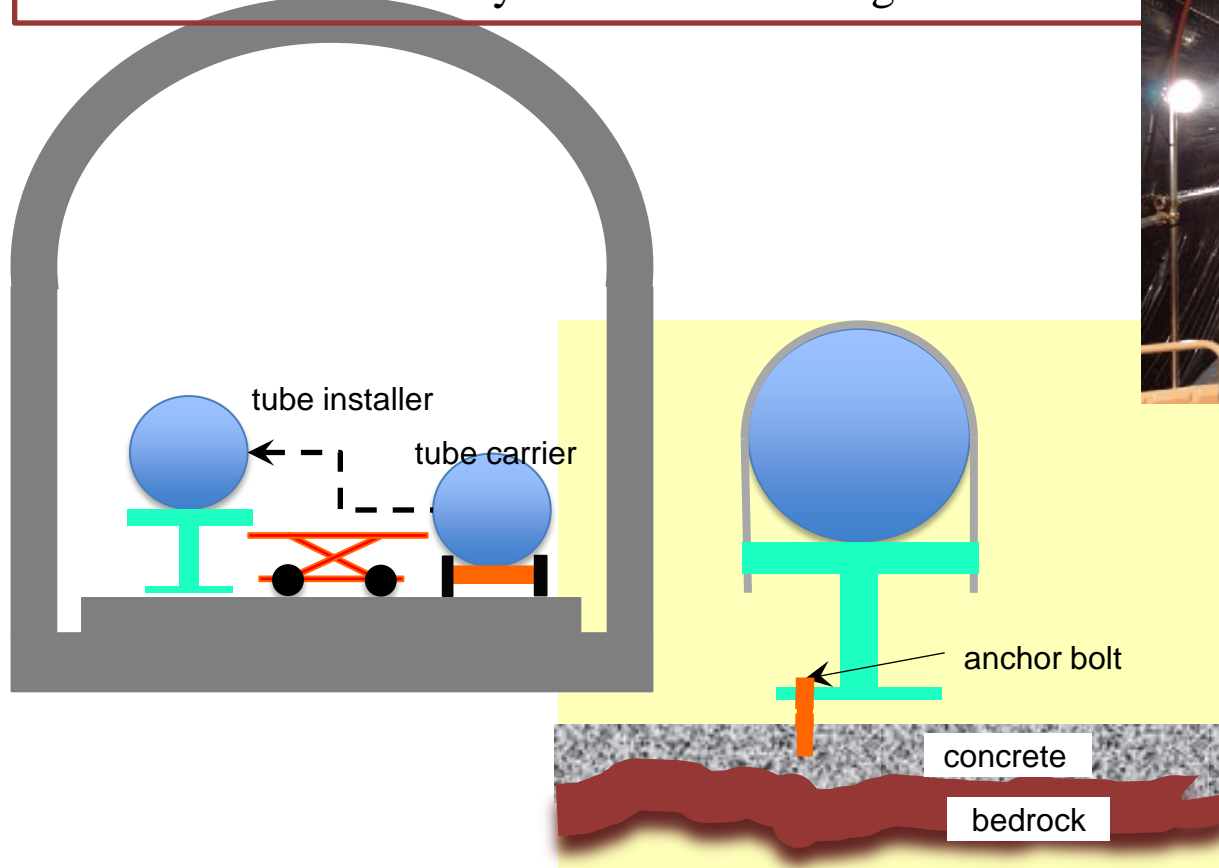


FY2014



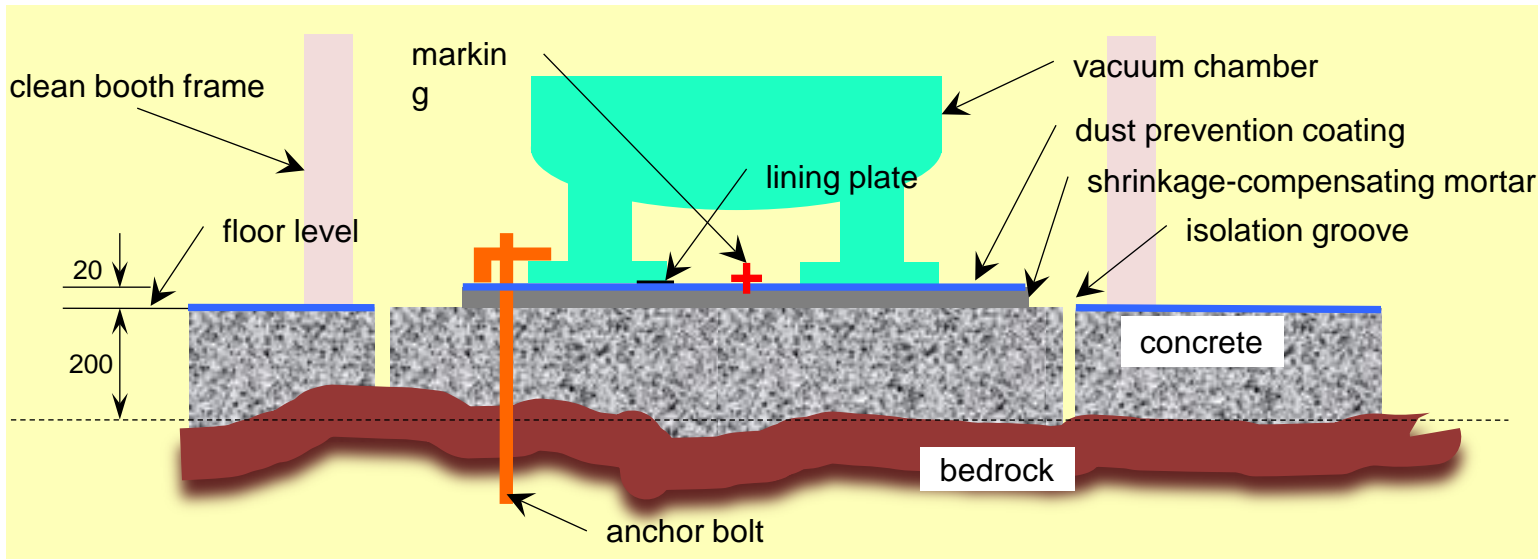
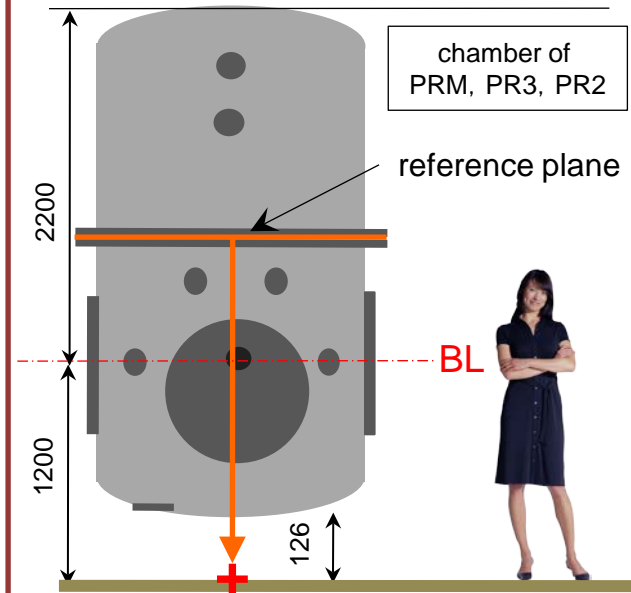
## Installation of tubes: anchoring, baffle installation, leak testing

- \*\* a tubes of 800 mm in diameter and 12 m long will be carried, by electric motor car in the arm tunnel.
- \*\* 8 tubes per day are to be set on the support (~90 days)
- \*\* 8 flanges of tubes with optical baffles will be fastened per day (~90 days), in the mobile clean booth.
- \*\* leak test is performed at every 100 m (9 tubes), and is finished at 30 days after the last flange fastened.



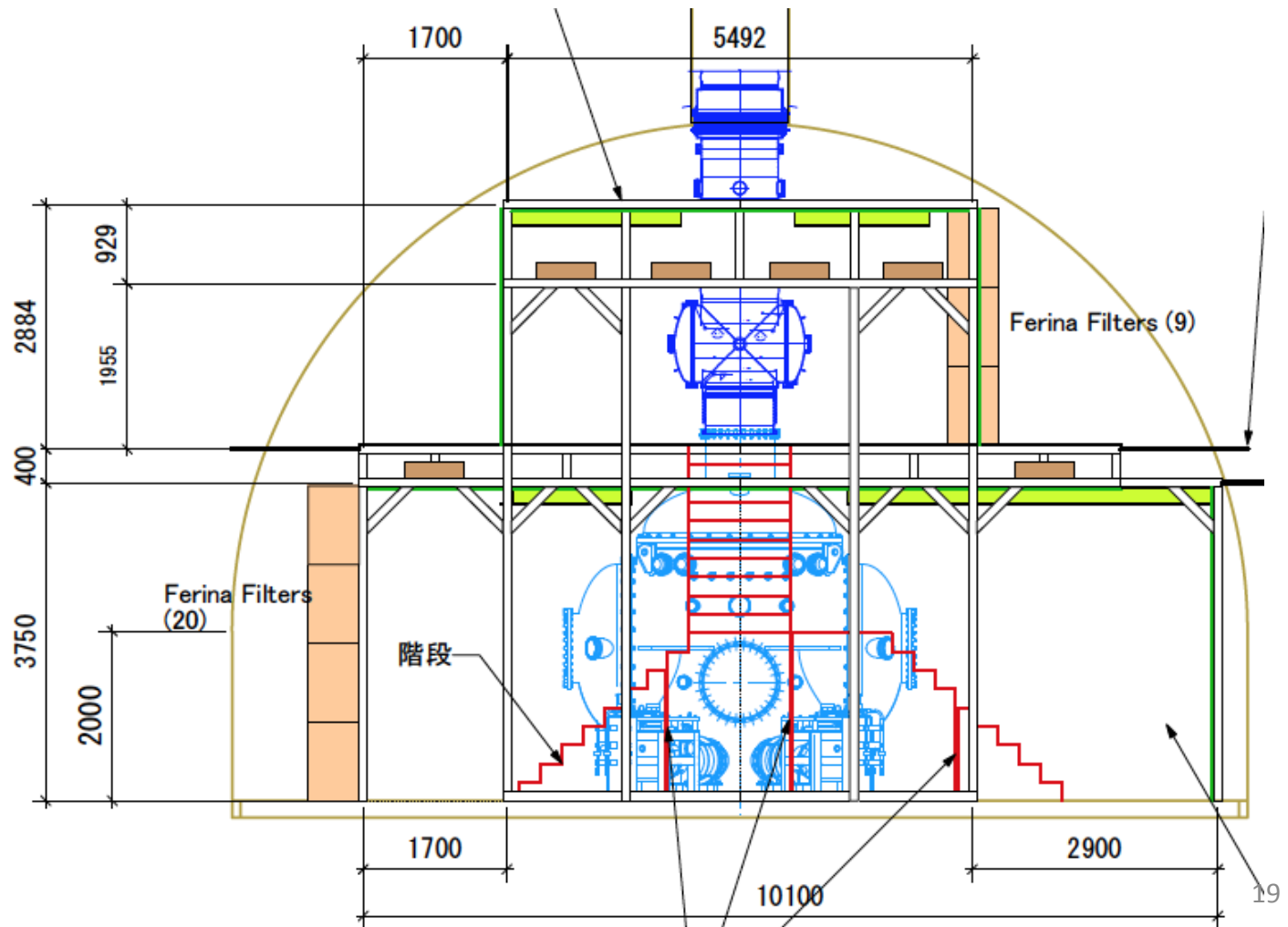
## Installation of chambers: anchoring to a bedrock

- \*\* floor surface is finished by mortar of 20 mm thick, so as to be flat within 2 mm.
- \*\* direct alignment can be done by using a plumb, being hung from a reference plane of the chambers.
- \*\* construction of crane equipment should be finished, before chamber installation.
- \*\* chambers are fixed by anchor bolts, reaching to the bedrock.
- \*\* 15 of chambers are to be fixed, before constructing a clean booth. (~7 days per a chamber)



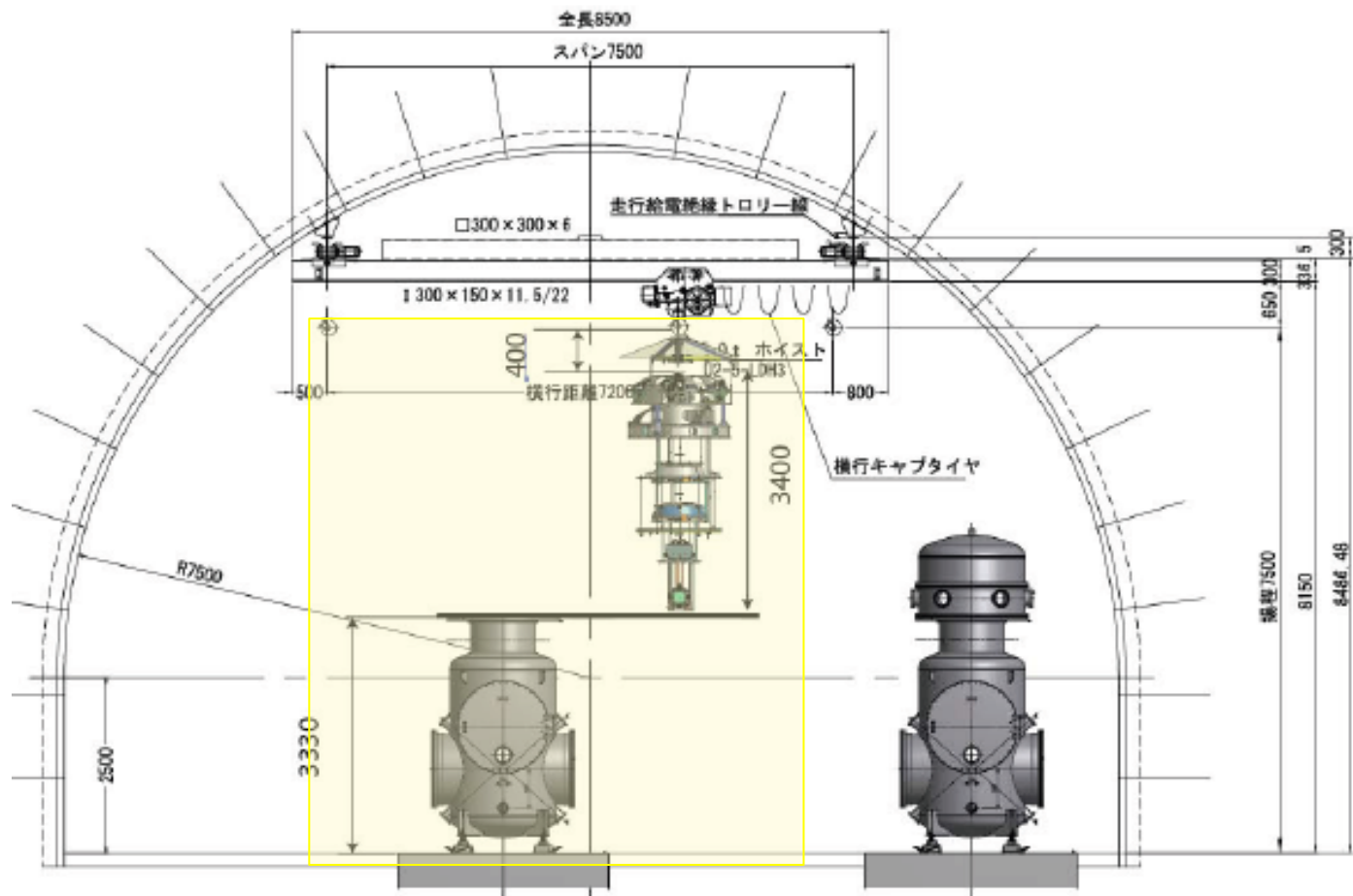
## Installation of chambers: clean booth construction

- \*\* clean air-flow is horizontal. (class is not yet decided.)
- \*\* second floor is necessary for installing and tuning the vibration isolation system.
- \*\* construction of clean booth is begun after chamber installation, and finished before installing mirror and suspension system (~15 days per a section).

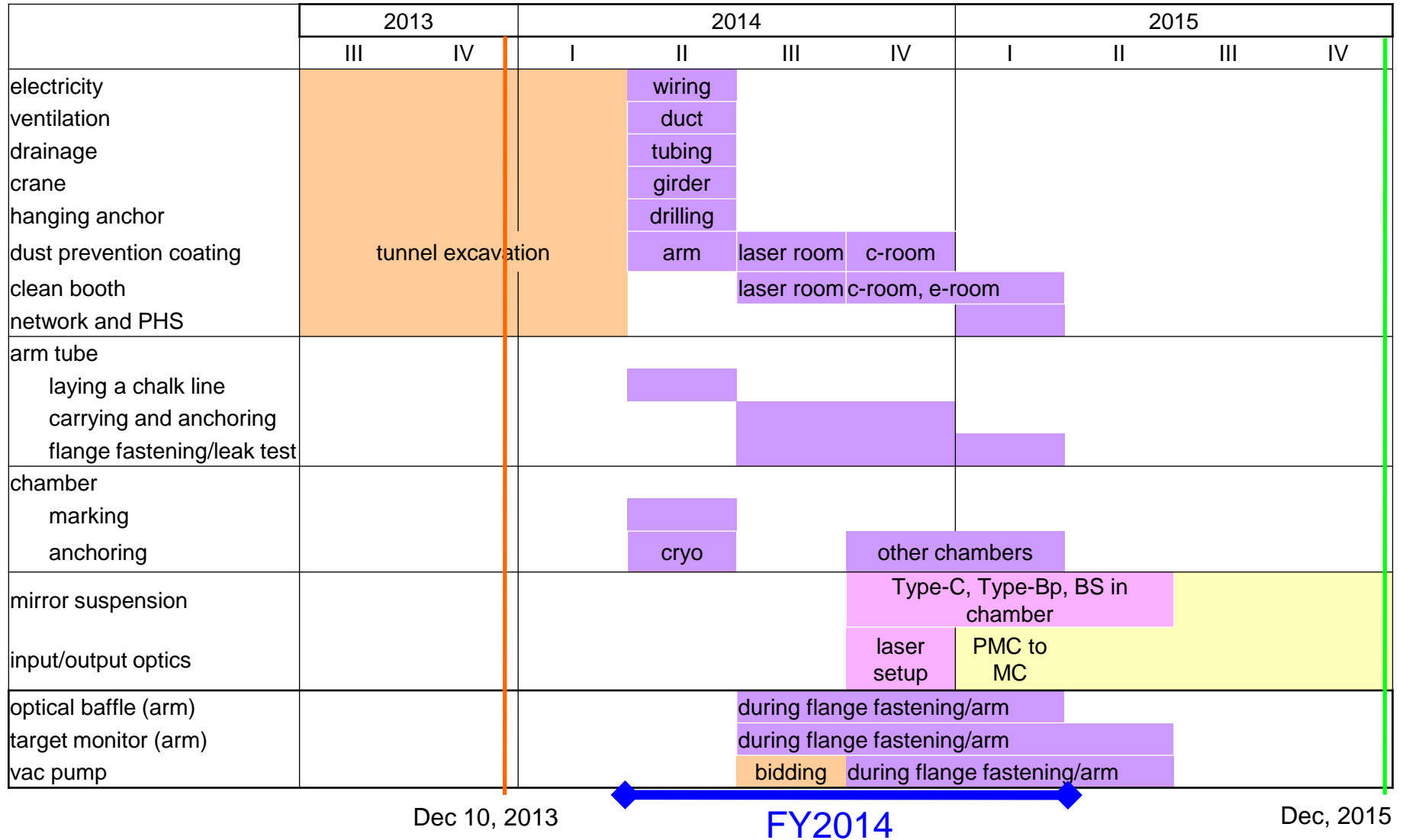


## Installation of mirror suspension system inside a vacuum chamber

- \*\* details of installation processes are not yet fixed.
- \*\* a vibration isolation system with a mirror is to be assembled in advance, then hanged by the crane to set in the vacuum chamber.
- \*\* installation is to be performed in each clean booth, having a hatch opening.  
(~7 days for assembling and setting per a suspension)



# Onsite installation; facility construction and vacuum installation



iKAGRA obs.