

Report on the measurement of the magnetic field at the KAGRA site

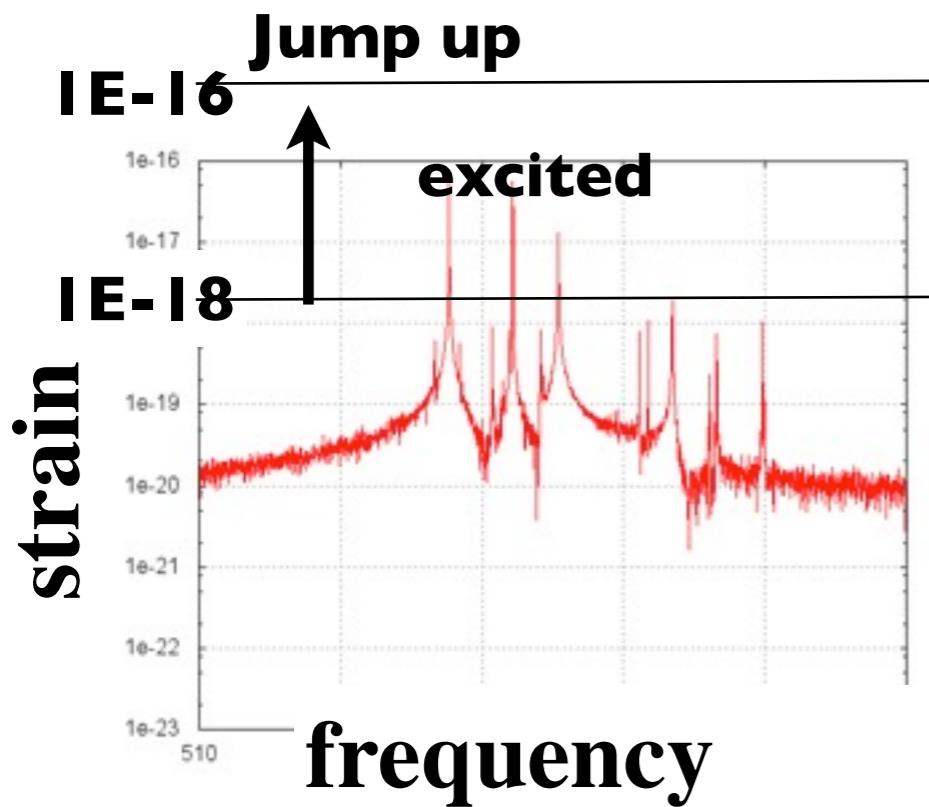
**Kazuhiro Hayama (Osaka City University),
K. Ono, K. Yano, A. Nishizawa, A. Araya, T. Uchiyama, O.
Miyakawa, K. Yamamoto, T. Sekiguchi, M. Ohashi, K.
Somiya**



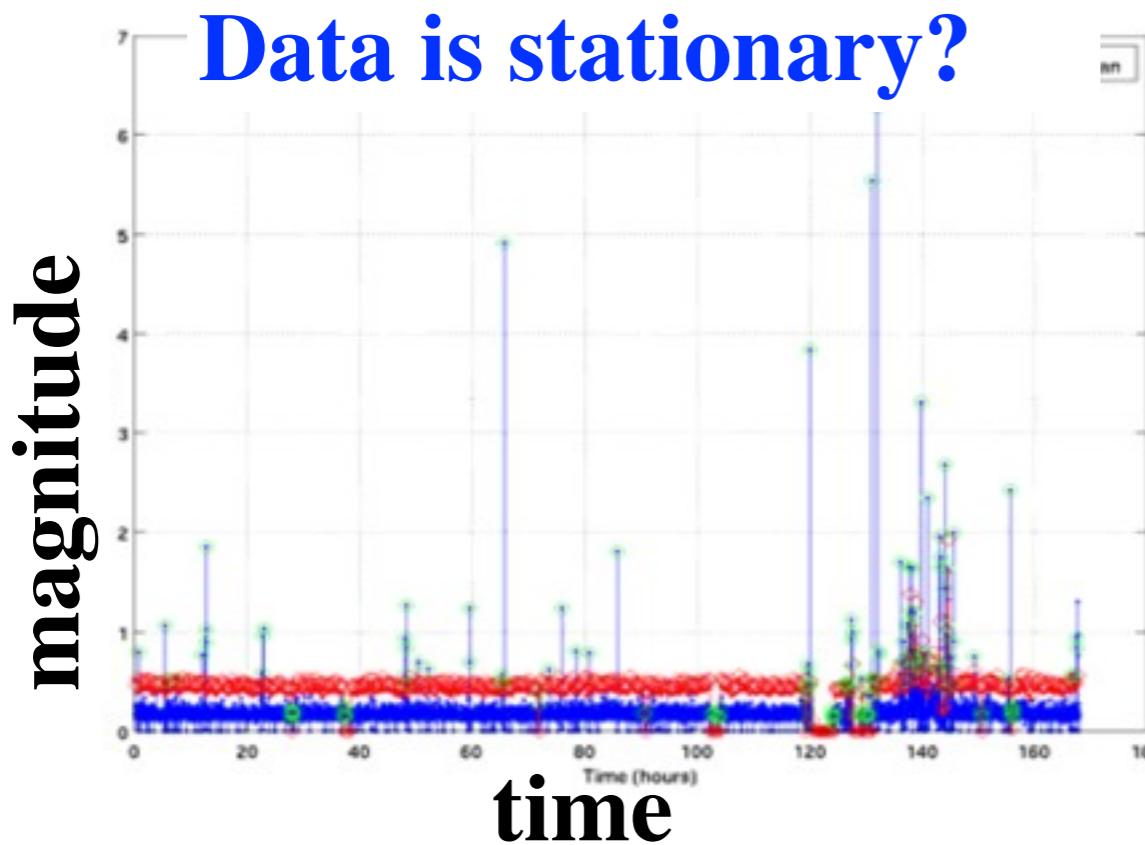
Detector Characterization

- **Diagnostics system** to know detector conditions, environmental noise, helping for improvement detector operation.
- **Evaluation of data quality**
- **Distribution** of the data quality information to collaborators.
- **Veto analysis.** Results are used for to obtain higher-quality scientific results.

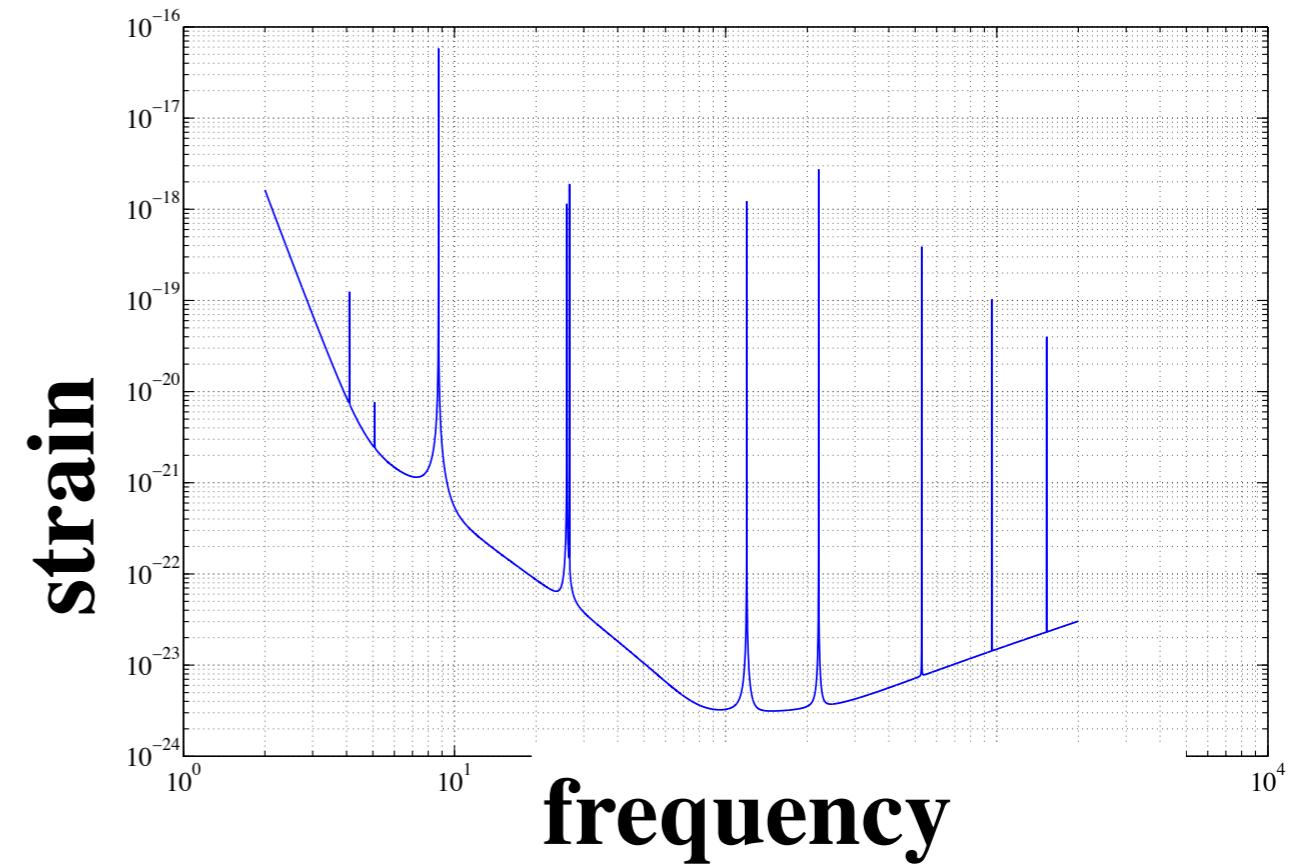
Characterization of a detector output



What about violin modes
with ultra high Q ?



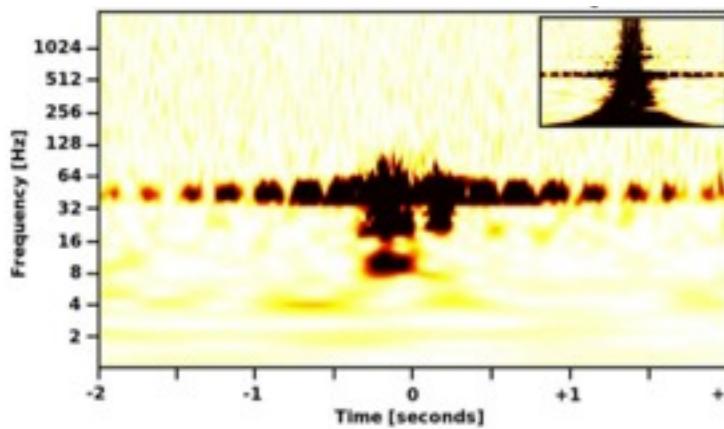
Data is sensitive as expected?



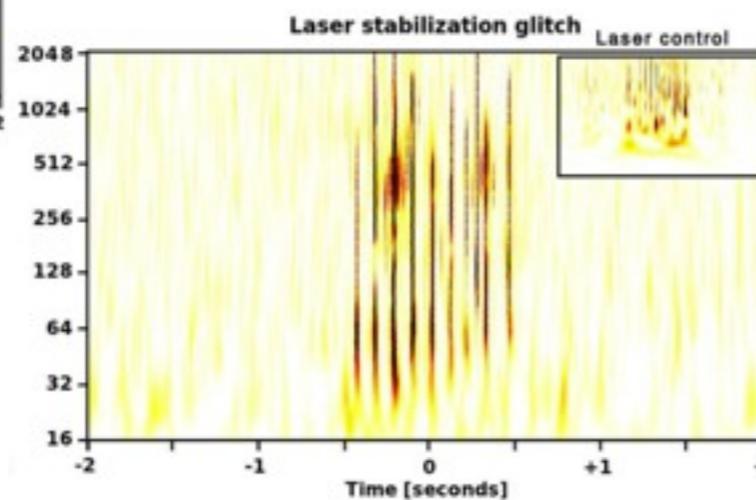
Characterization of burst-like noise (called glitch)



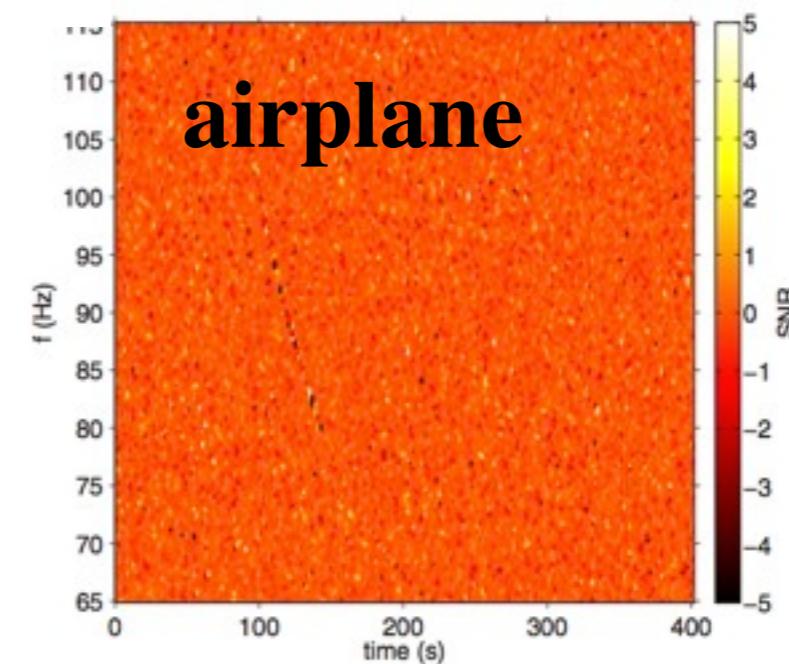
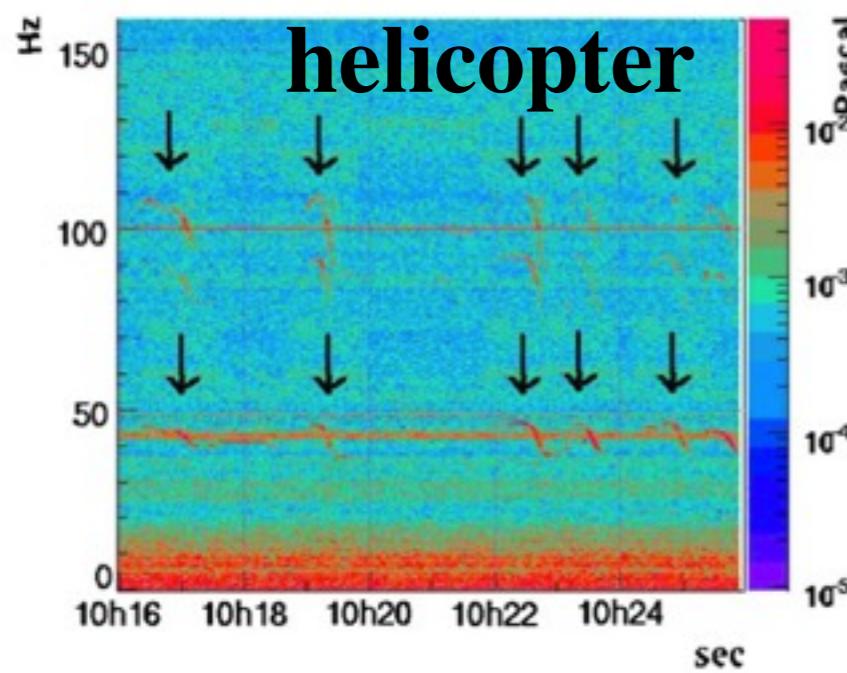
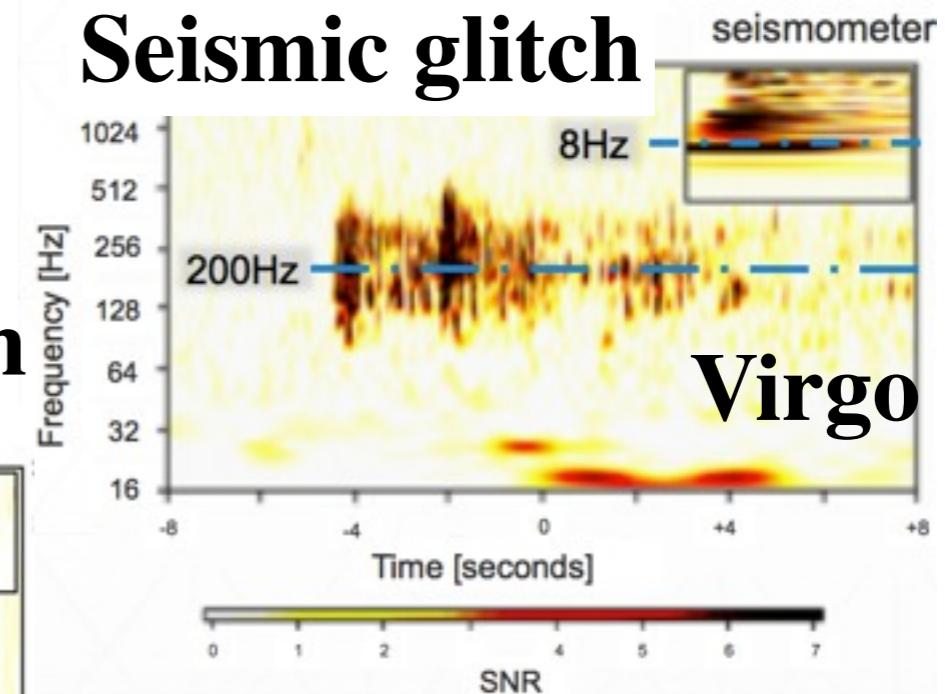
Magnetic glitch



Laser stabilization



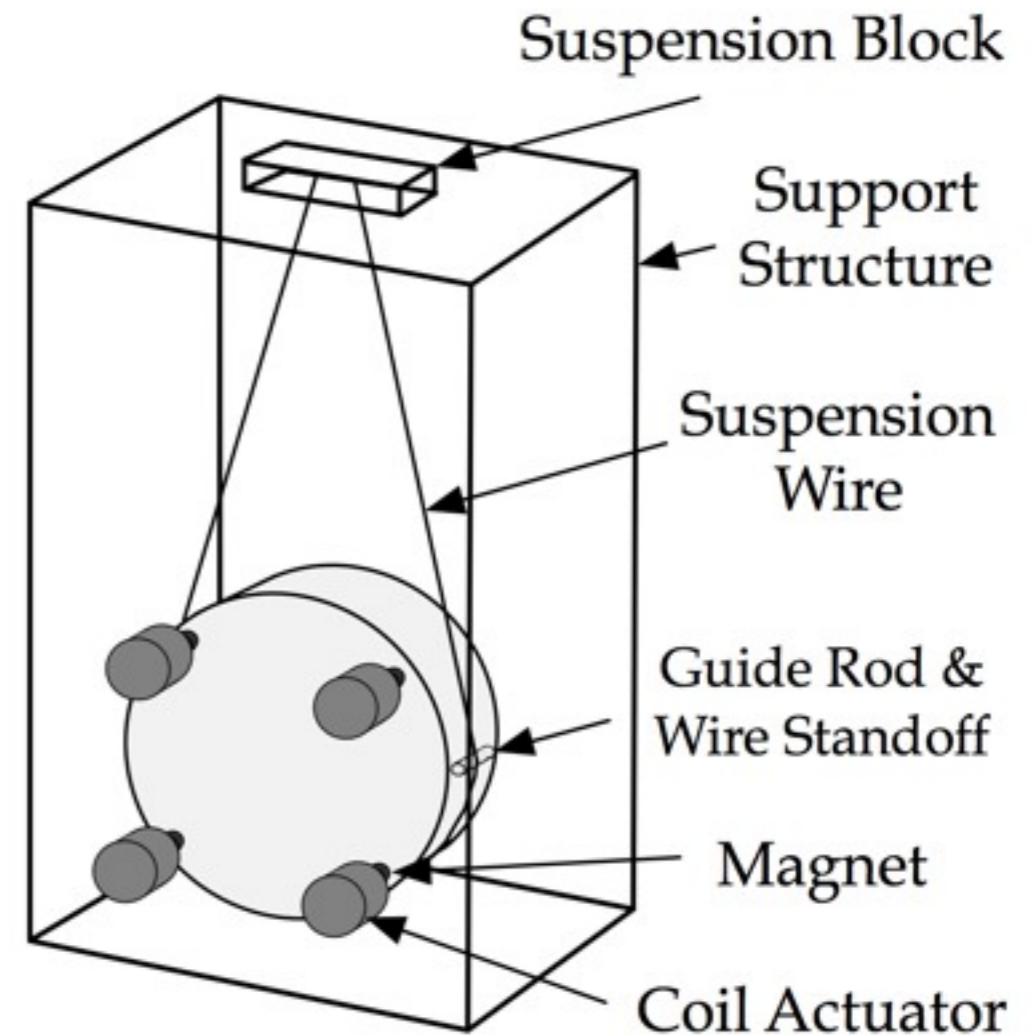
Seismic glitch



And so on ...

Effect of the magnetic field to KAGRA

- KAGRA's mirror will be controlled by Magnet-Coil actuator.
- The Magnet-Coil actuator is affected by the environmental magnetic field.
- What size of the magnets can we use without serious influence from the magnetic field?
- How is the magnetic field at the KAGRA site?



Globally Correlated Magnetic Noise

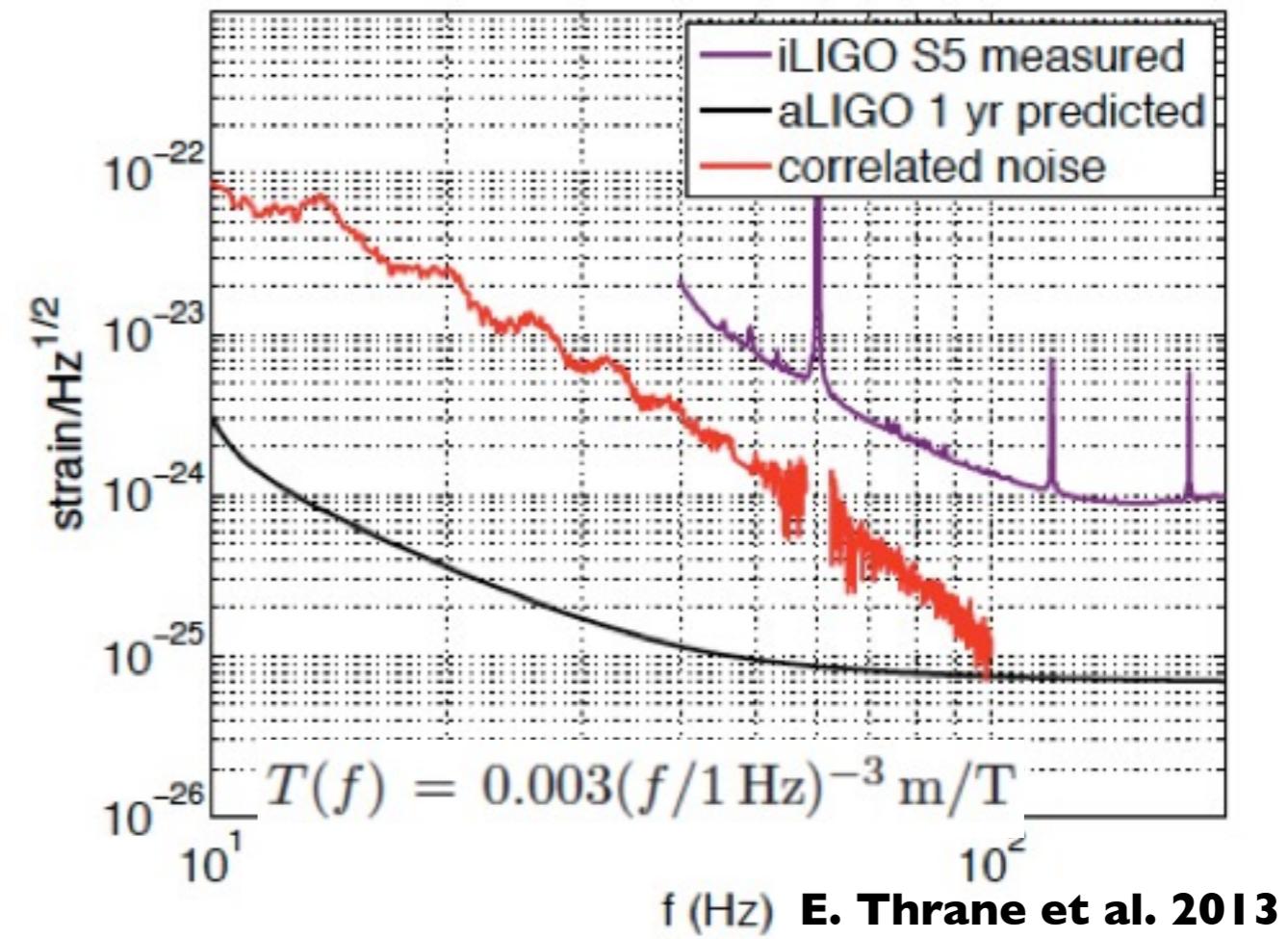
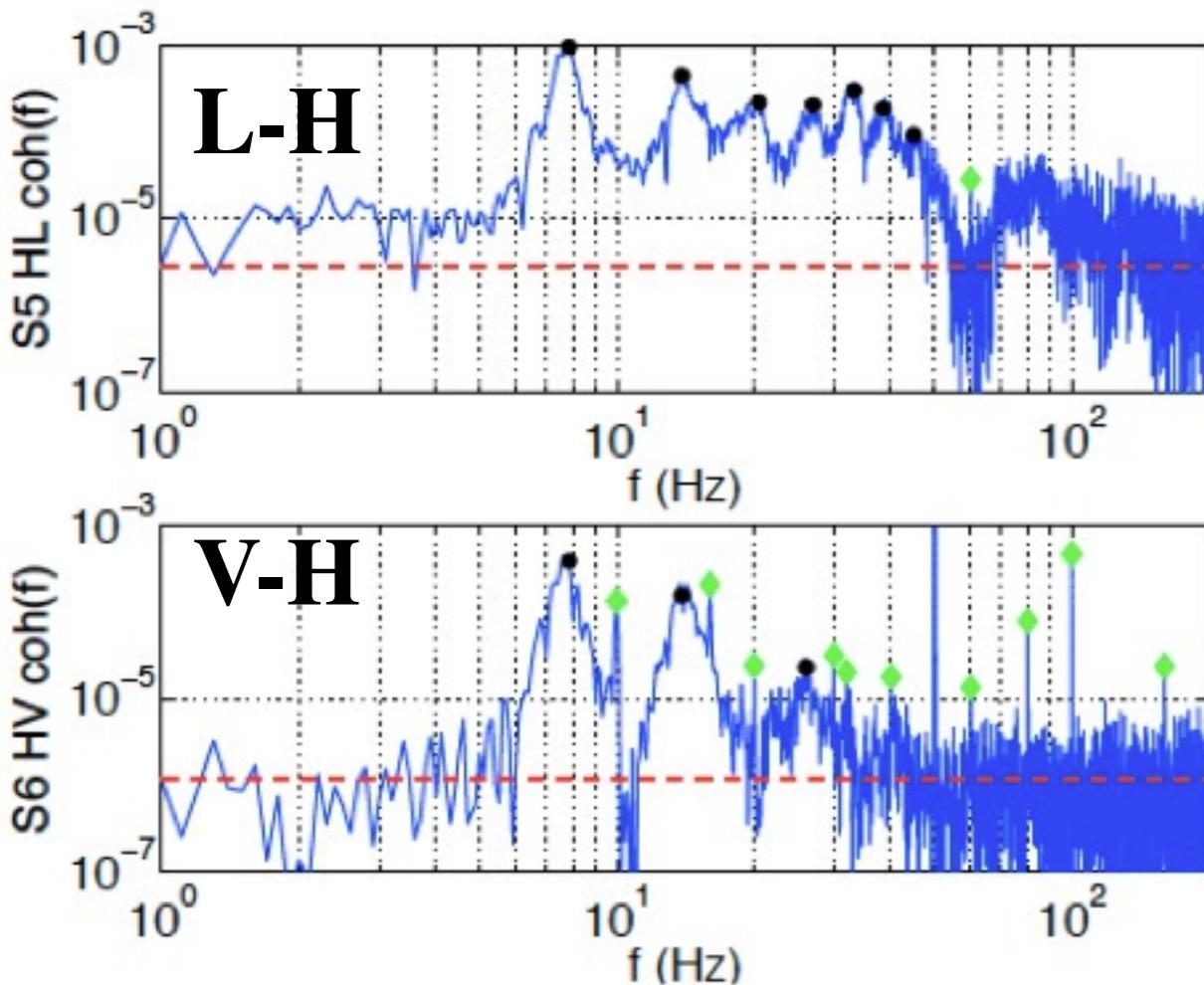
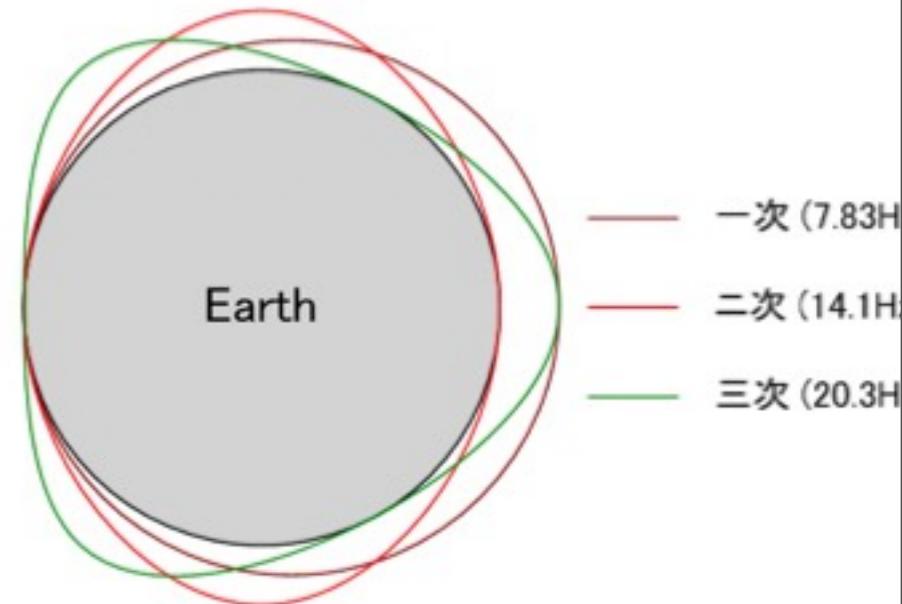
- Schumann resonance

Resonance of the ionosphere due to discharge of thunders, solar wind,...

- Very weak ($0.5\text{-}1\text{E-}12\text{T/rHz}$) (Earth's: $1\text{E-}5\text{T}$)

- Long coherent length $\sim 1000\text{km}$

- Correlation appears by 1 year integration



E. Thrane et al. 2013

Globally correlated magnetic noise



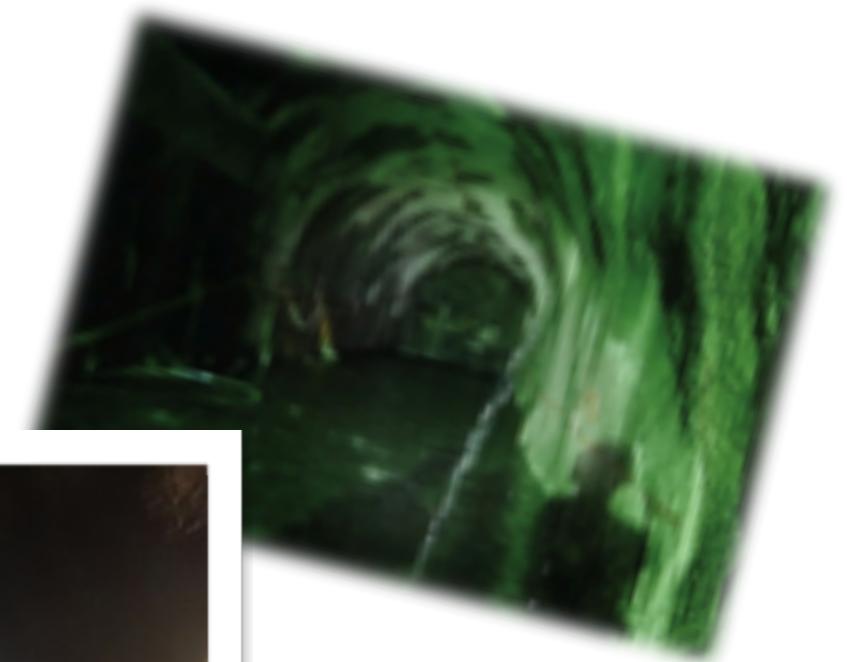
- Impact on sensitivity to GW
 - stochastic : GWB sensitivity is limited at the level of correlated magnetic noise
 - Burst : coincident false events increase and have to put large SNR threshold for the detection
- What about KAGRA's case?
 - Under the mountain is good?

Our motivation of the measurement

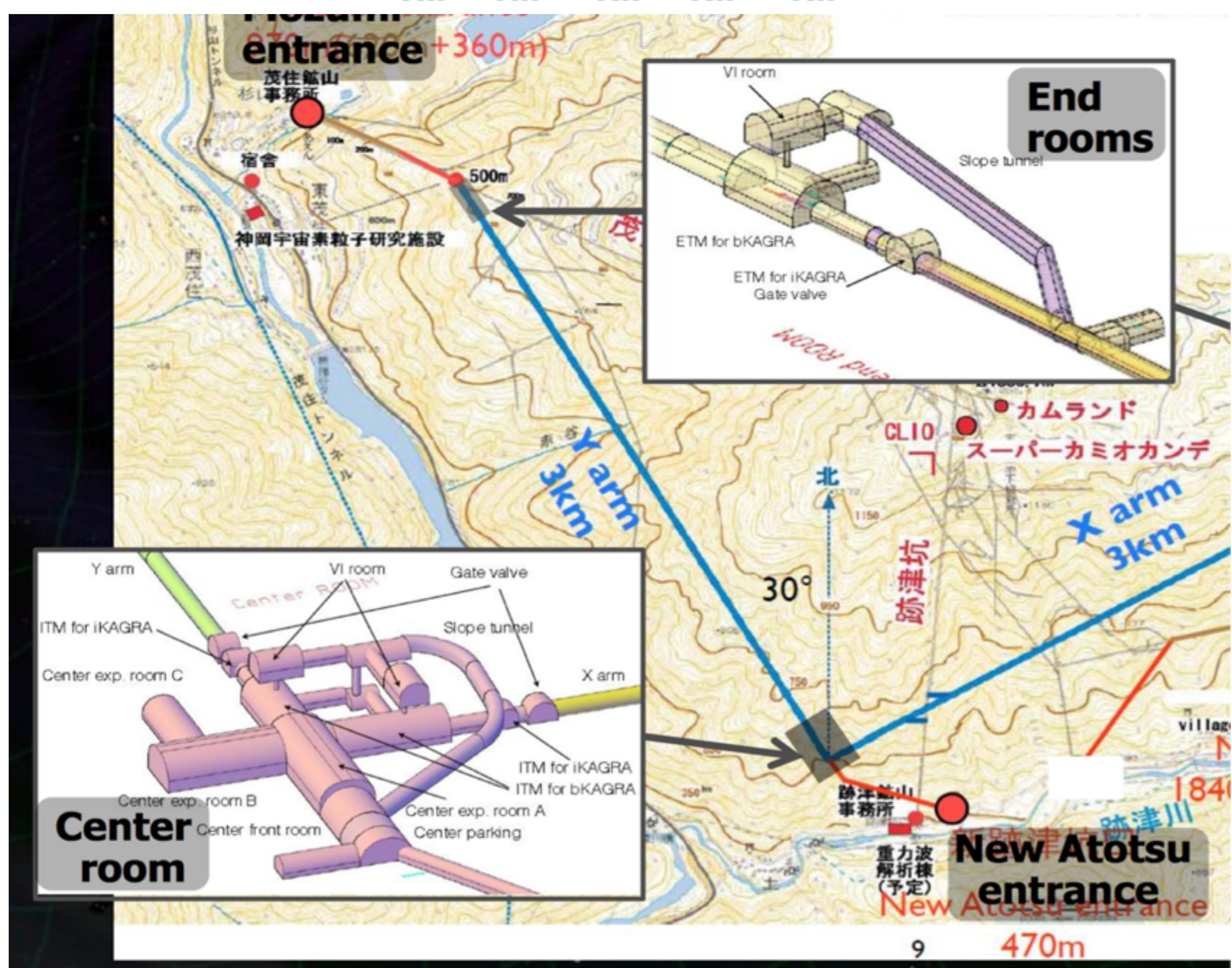
- How is the magnetic field?
- How is the non-stationarity of the magnetic field?
- How about difference between outside and inside the mountain?



The KAGRA site



Location of the measurement



Location of the measurement



Magnetometer

- Mag649

made by Bartington
instruments

Fluxgate magnetometer

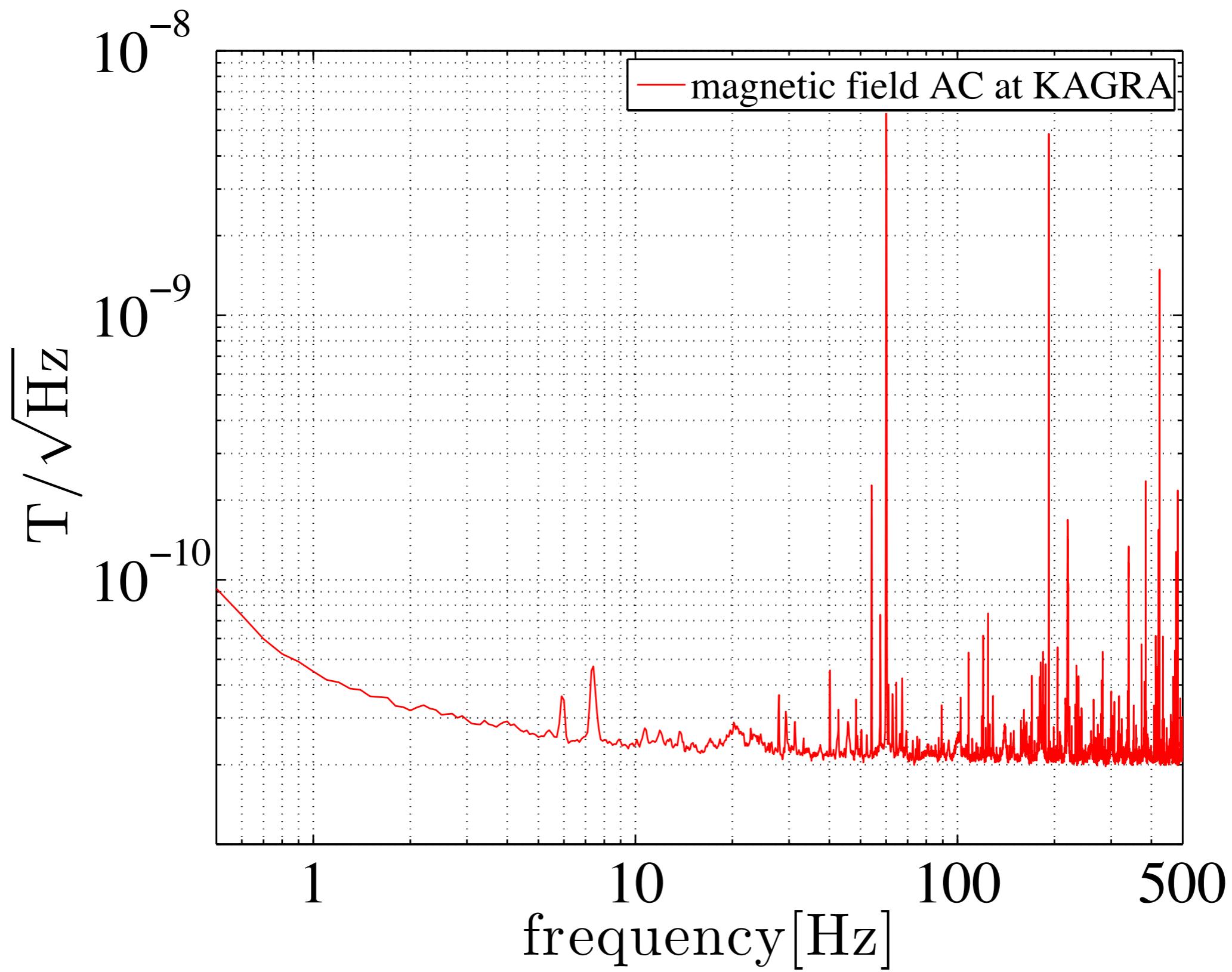


Main spec

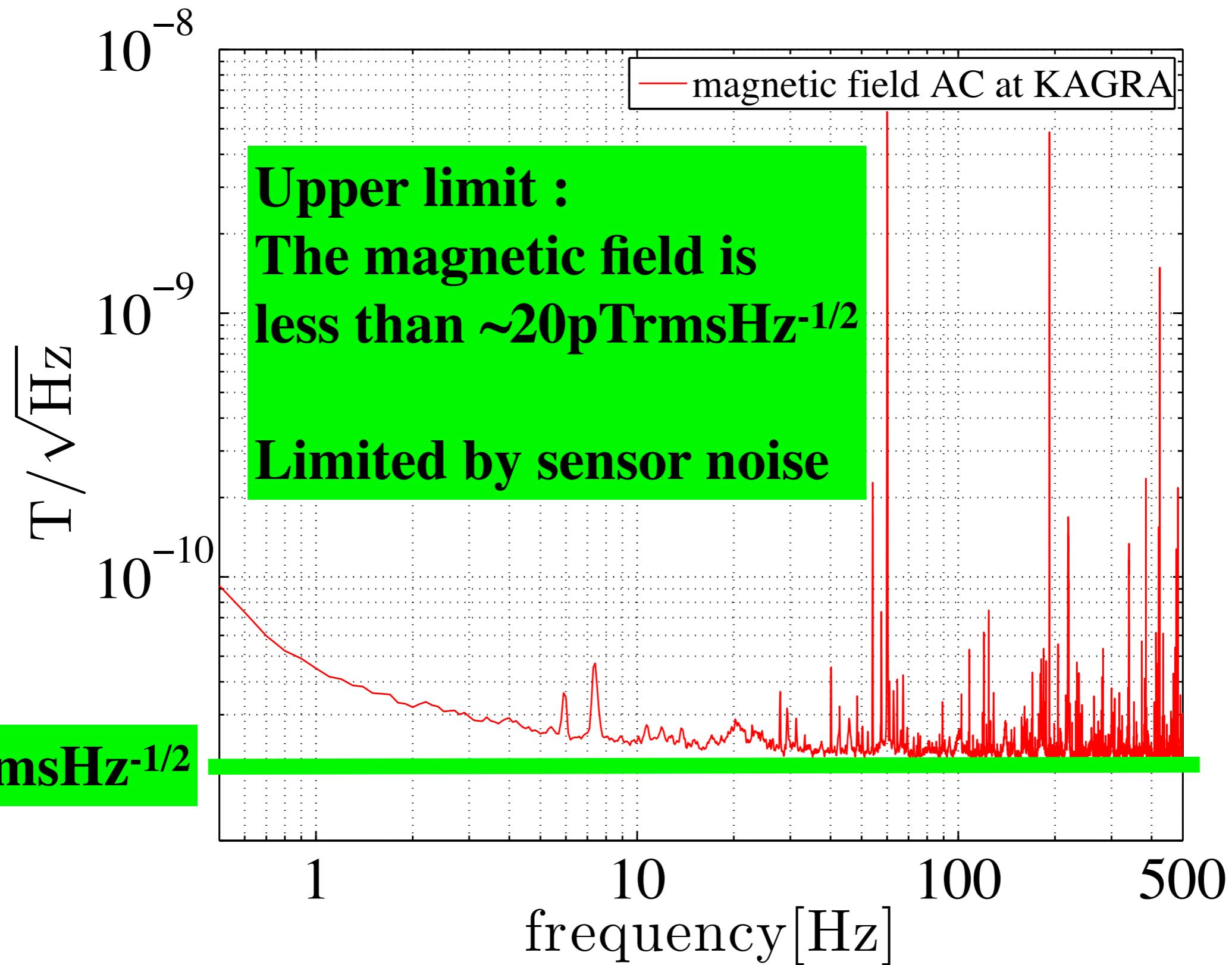
- Number of axis: 3(x,y,z)
- Range: $\pm 60 \mu\text{T}$
- Bandwidth at -3dB: < 1kHz
- standard noise:
between 10 and 20 pTrms

External magnetic field change
is about $\sim 1 \text{ pT}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
→ we could see “upper limit”

Spectrum of the Magnetic Field

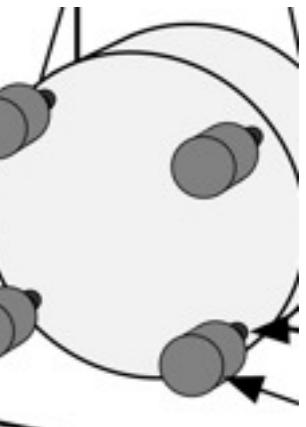


Spectrum of the Magnetic Field



Strain-equivalent spectrum

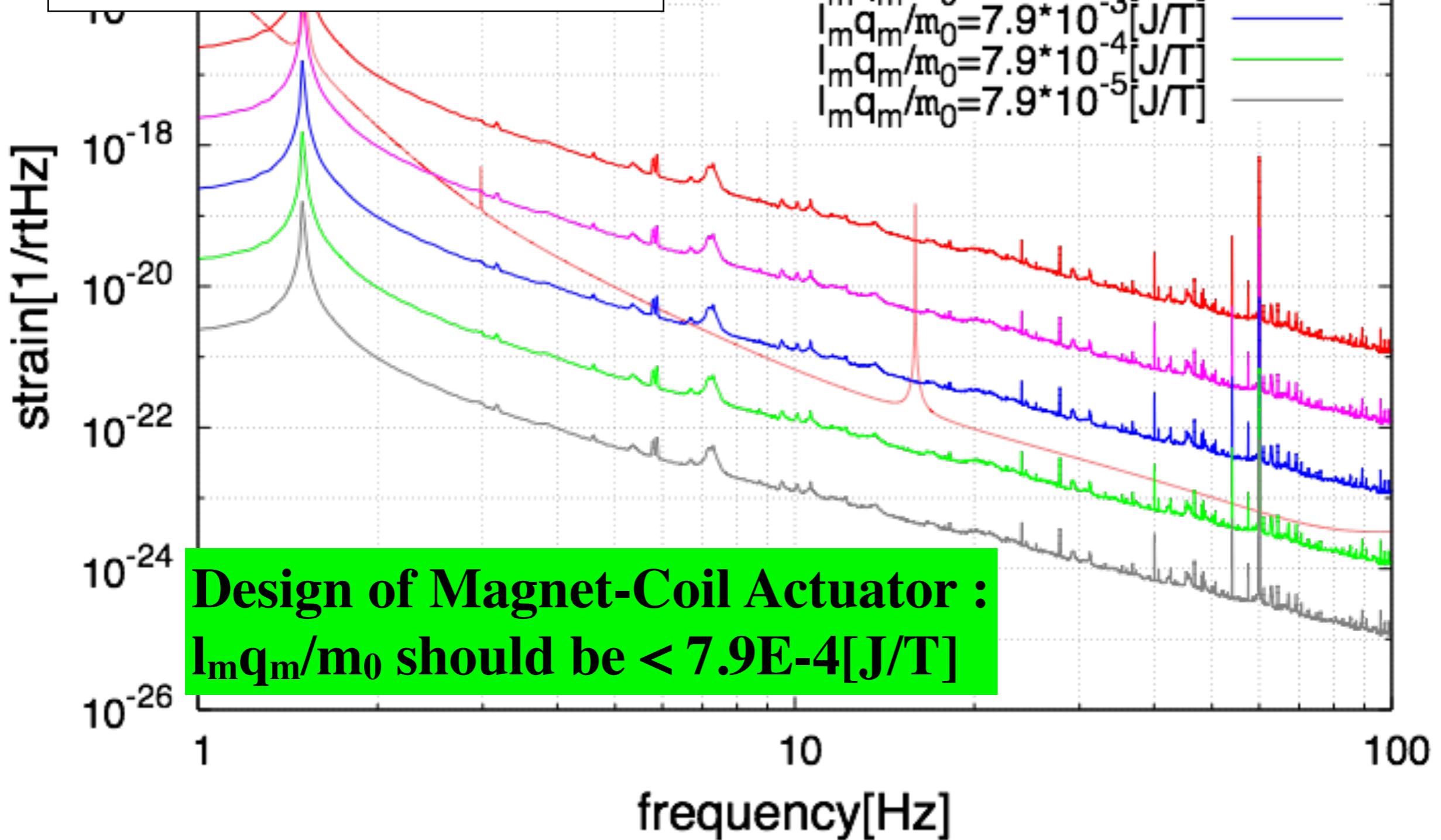
lm: length
qm : charge
m0: mass



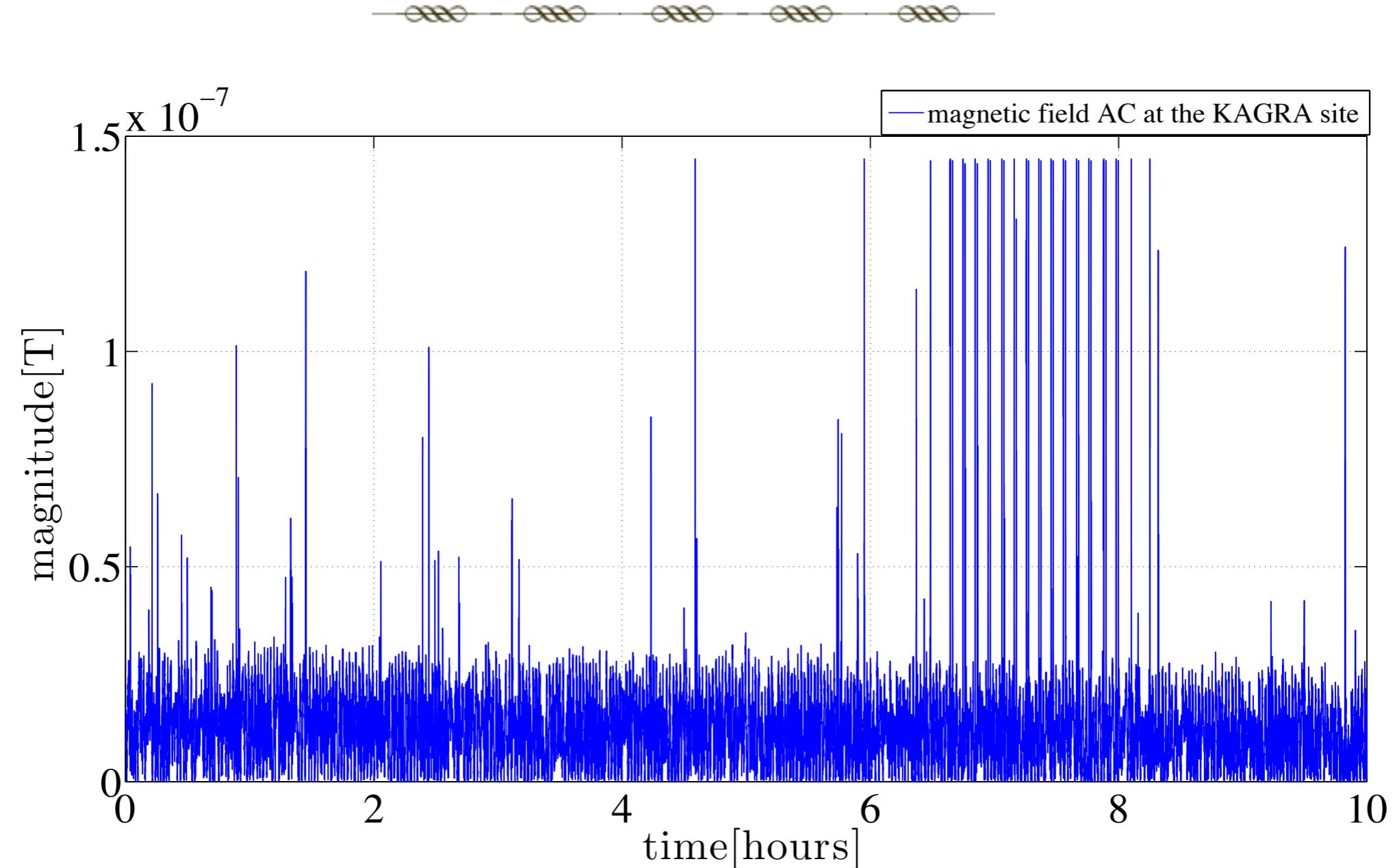
Assumption

Pole of magnets is same direction

Laser is shifted 1mm from the center
of the mirror

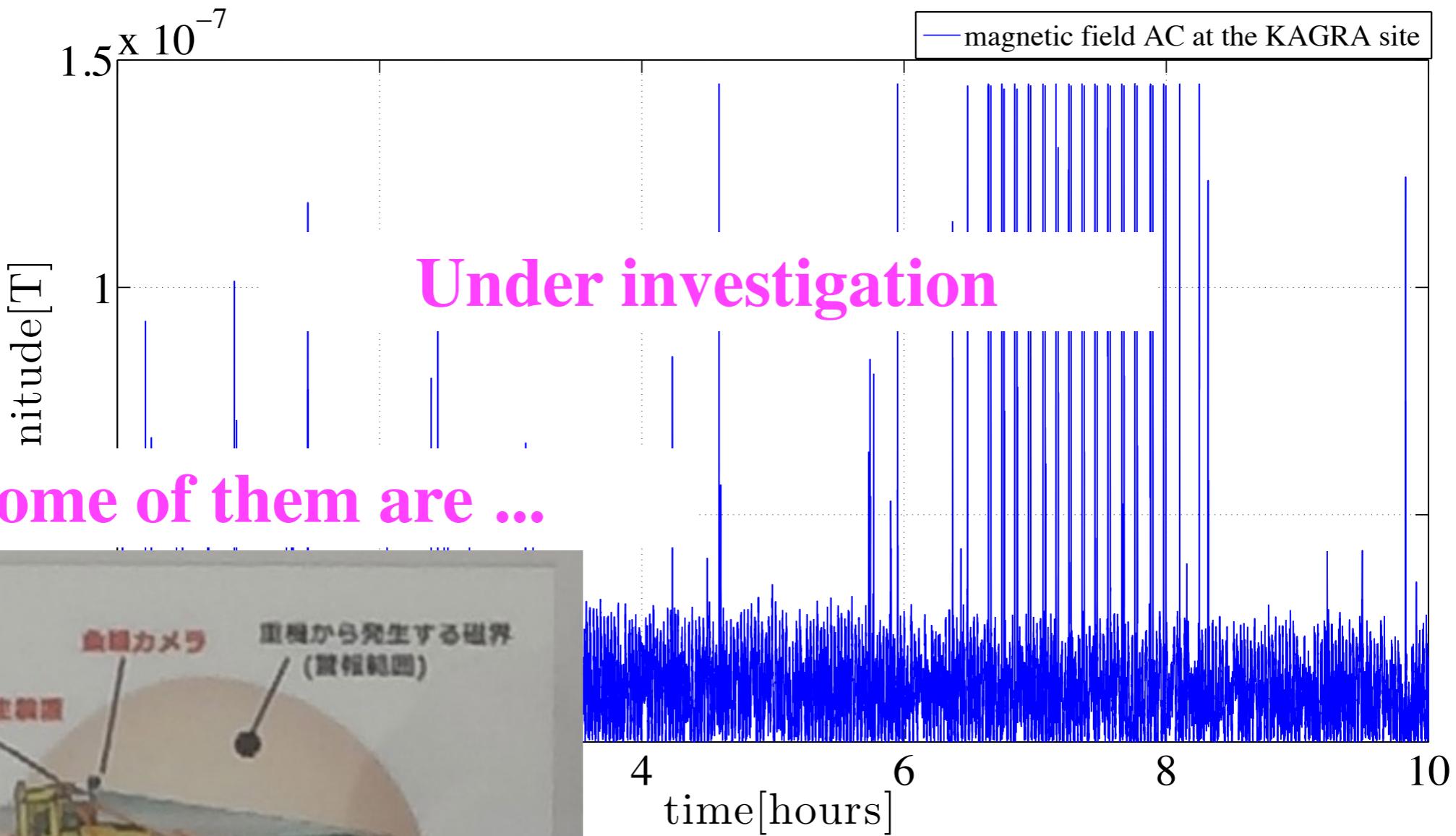


Glitches



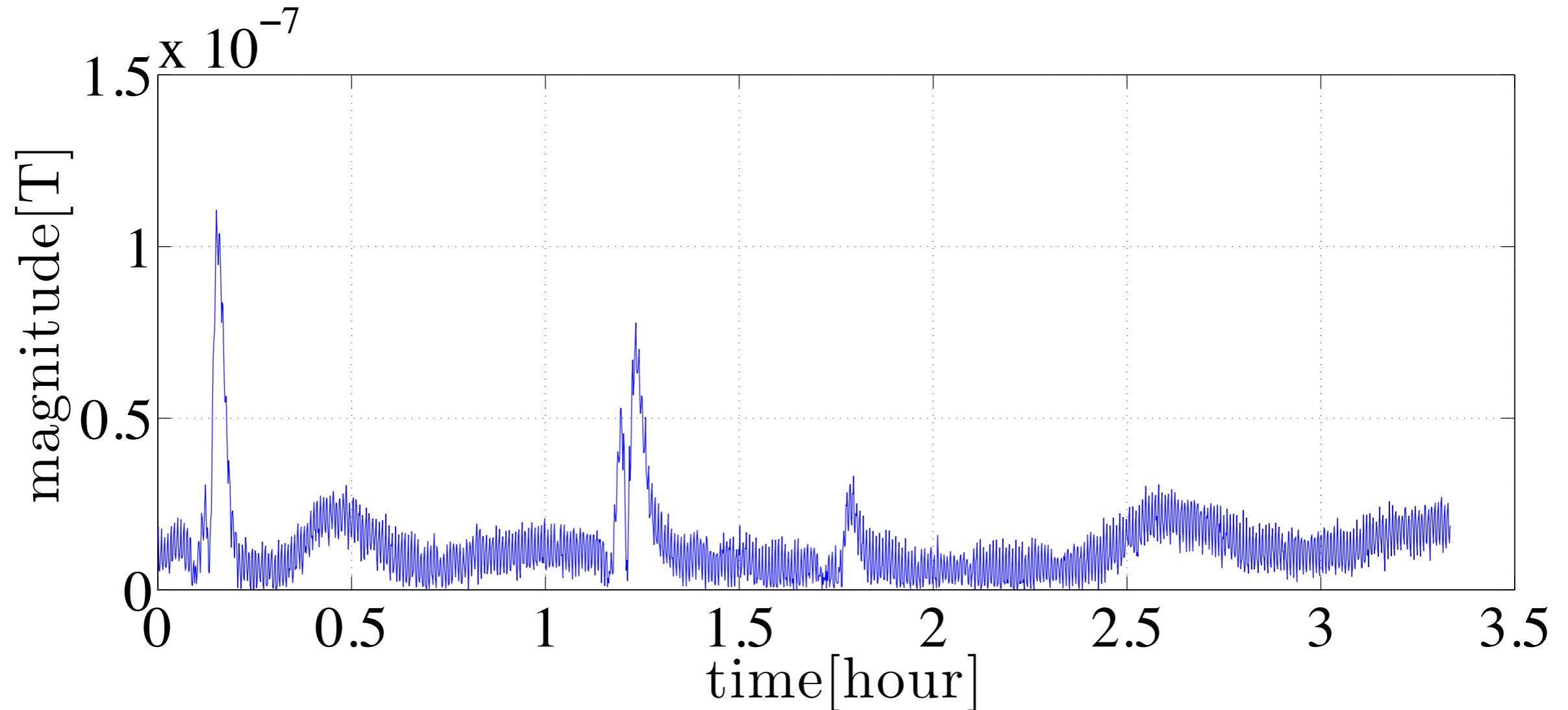
- 4.5 glitch events per hour.

Glitches



hour.

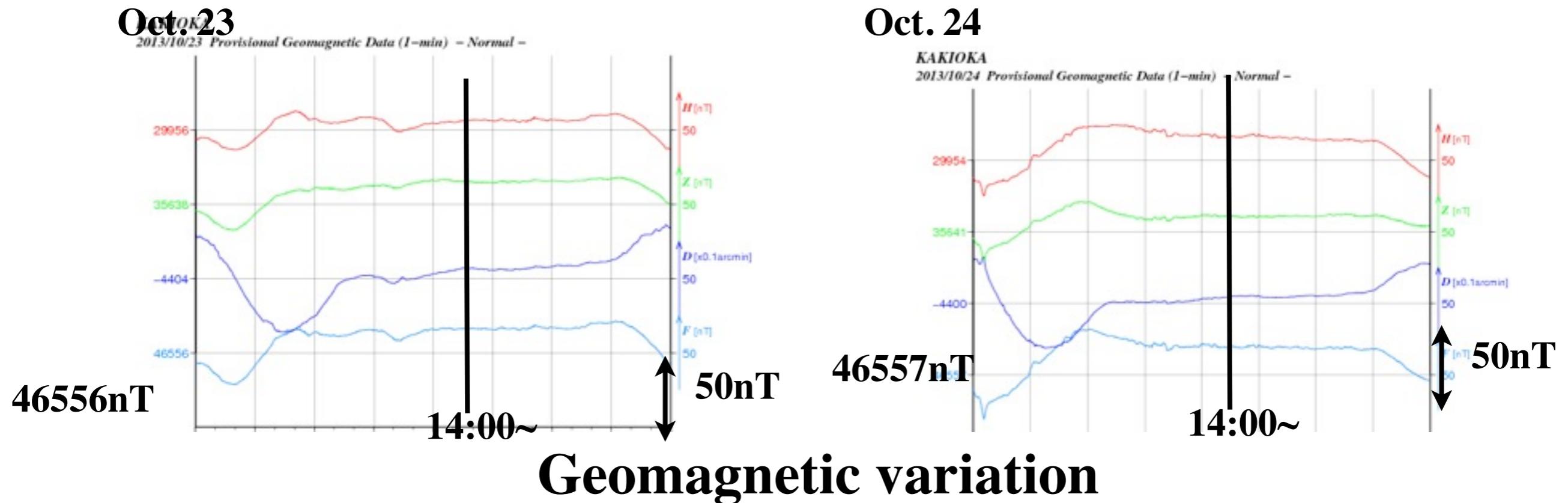
Glitches



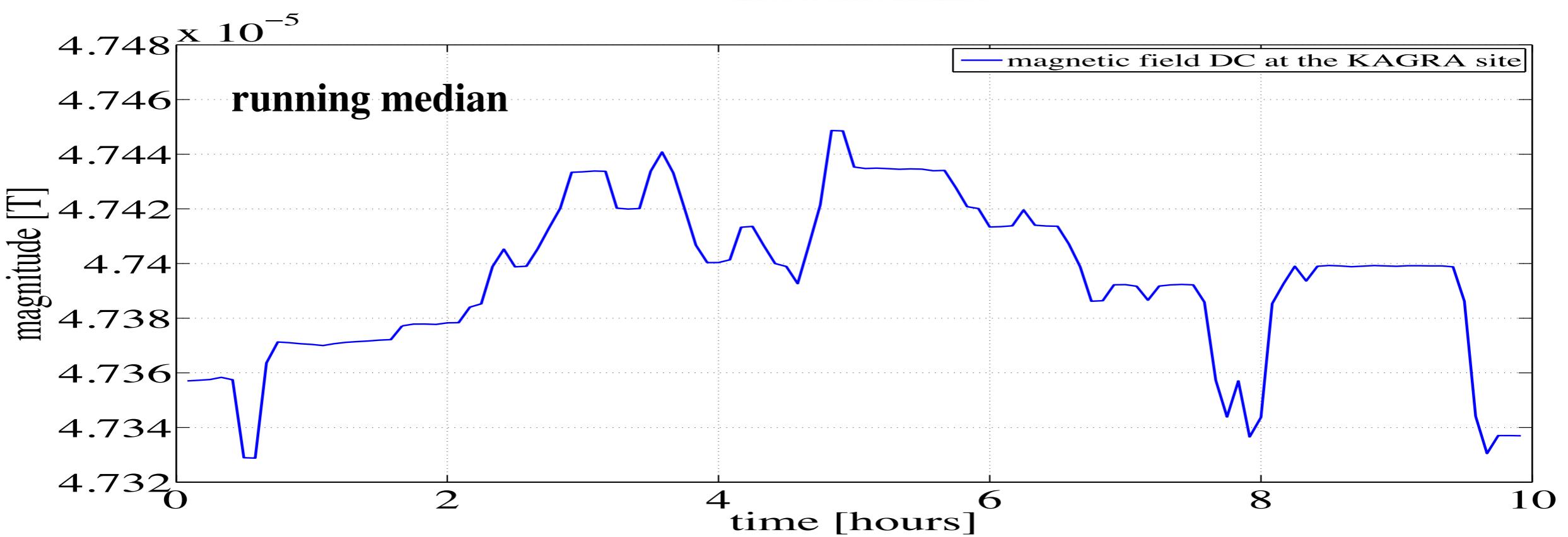
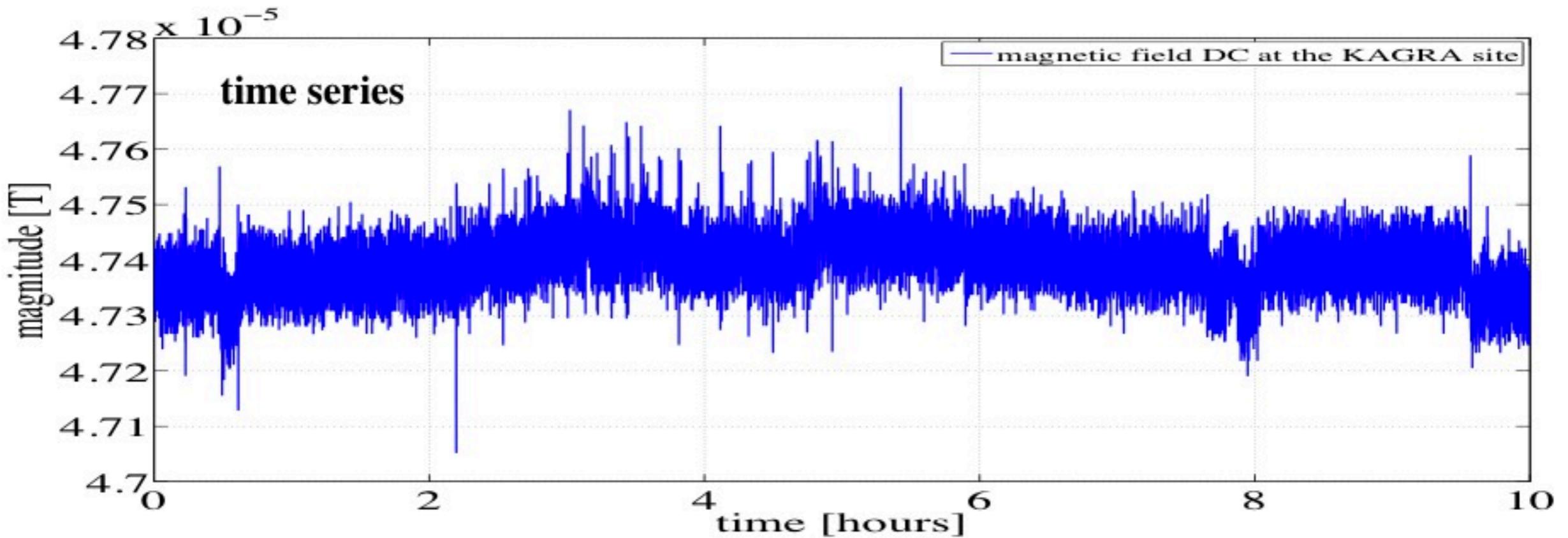
- **4.5 glitch events per hour.**
- **SNR is higher than 5, may appear in obs. band.**

Difference of inside/outside of the Kamioka mine

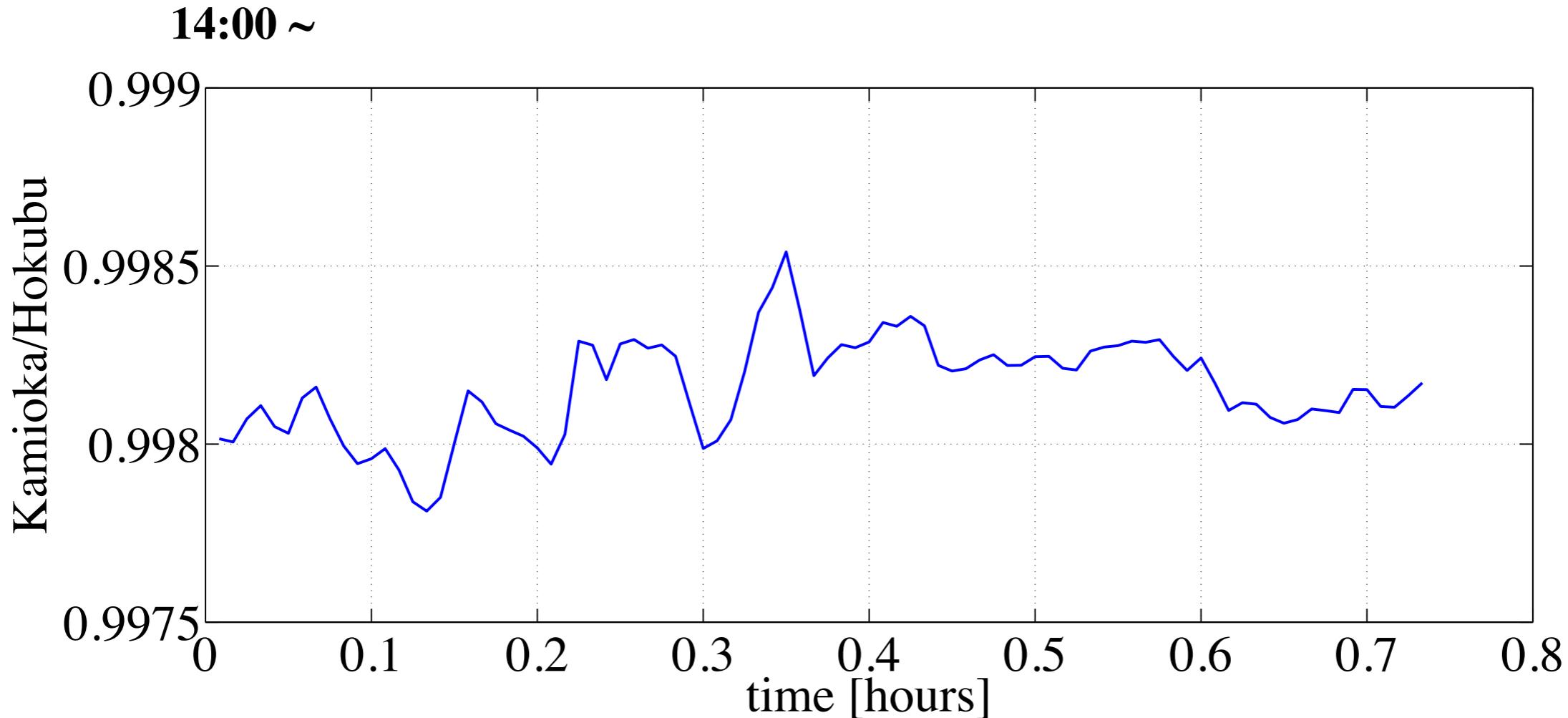
- Unfortunately one magnetometer was not working.
- We measured DC component at the KAGRA site on 23.
- We measured DC component outside the KAGRA site on 24.
- The geomagnetic variation on 23,24 at 14:00 were within 10nT(< 0.001 %)



DC component of the magnetic field



Ratio KAGRA/Hokubu



- The magnetic field at the Kamioka site is ~0.2% smaller than the outside.

Summary

- How is the magnetic field?
 - We see the upper limit of the magnetic field at the KAGRA sited is $\sim 20\text{pTrms/rHz}$ which is sensor noise.
 - Not dominated by unexpected magnetic fields.
 - Need more sensitive measurement, upper limit.
- How is the non-stationarity of the magnetic field?
 - A few events per hour, maybe magnetic flare.
 - Need investigation of origin, taking longer data.
- How about difference between outside and inside the mountain?
 - The DC component at the KAGRA site is $\sim 0.2\%$ smaller than the outside.
 - Need measurement of AC components!



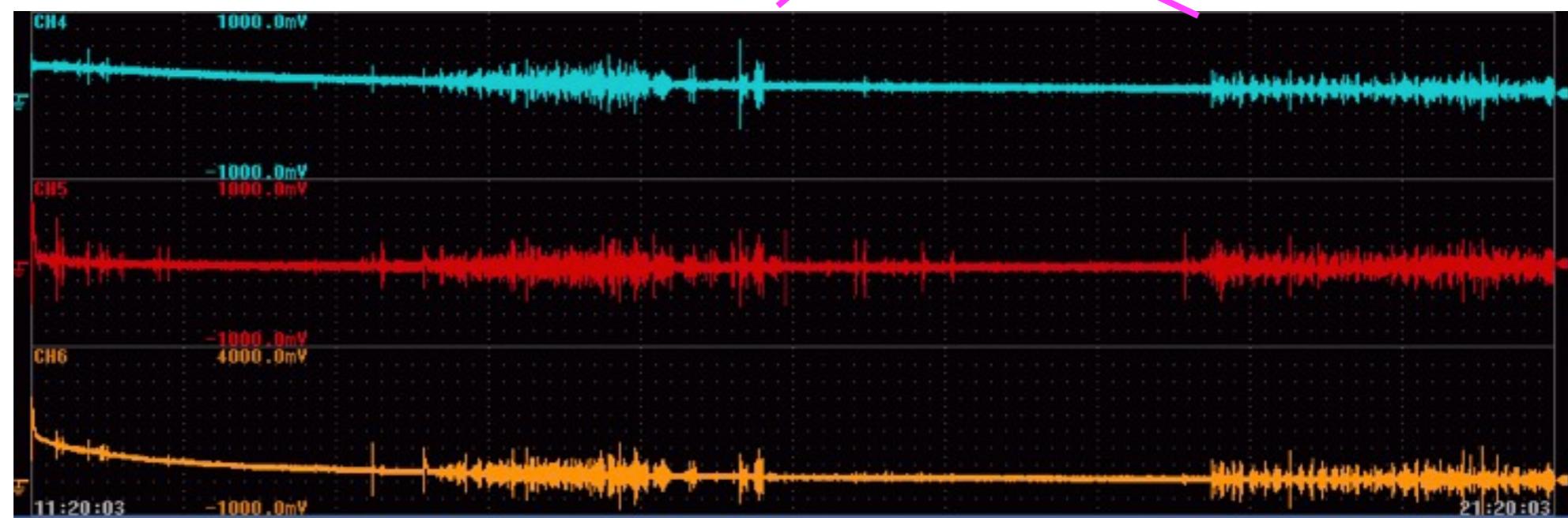
End

トンネルサイクルタイム表 (アーム)

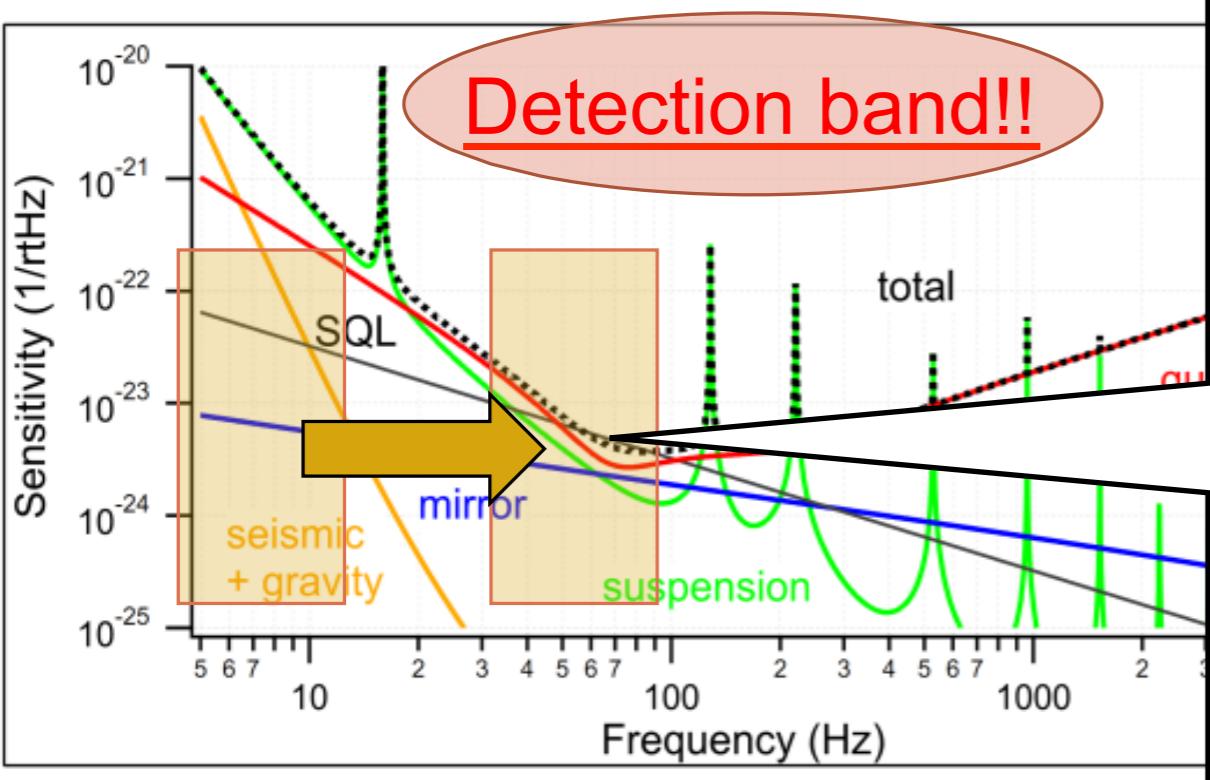
断面パターン: X-CII
掘削ピッチ: 4m

平成25年10月23日水曜日

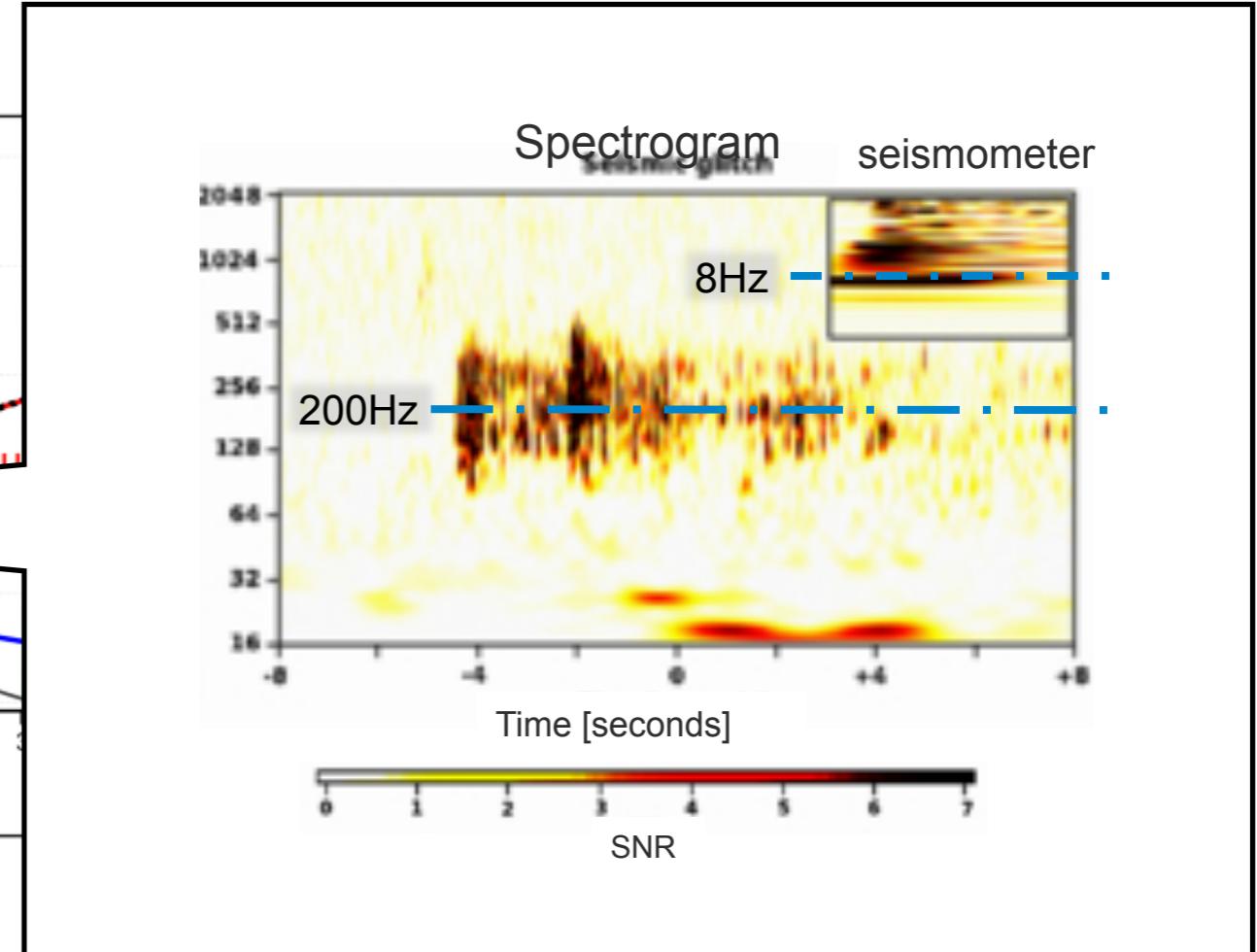
工種	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	1	2	3	4	5
ミーティング・KYK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
準備工	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
掘削(穿孔)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9:45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1:40
掘削(装薬・発破)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12:35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3:35
ズリ出し・コソク	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
二次吹付	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
食事	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
中央排水・横断排水掘削	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
中央排水・横断排水敷設	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
中央排水・横断排水埋戻	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
床盤コンクリート打設	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
片付け	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
風管・メッセン張り	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
給排水管延長	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
機械修理・故障等	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Seismic glitch



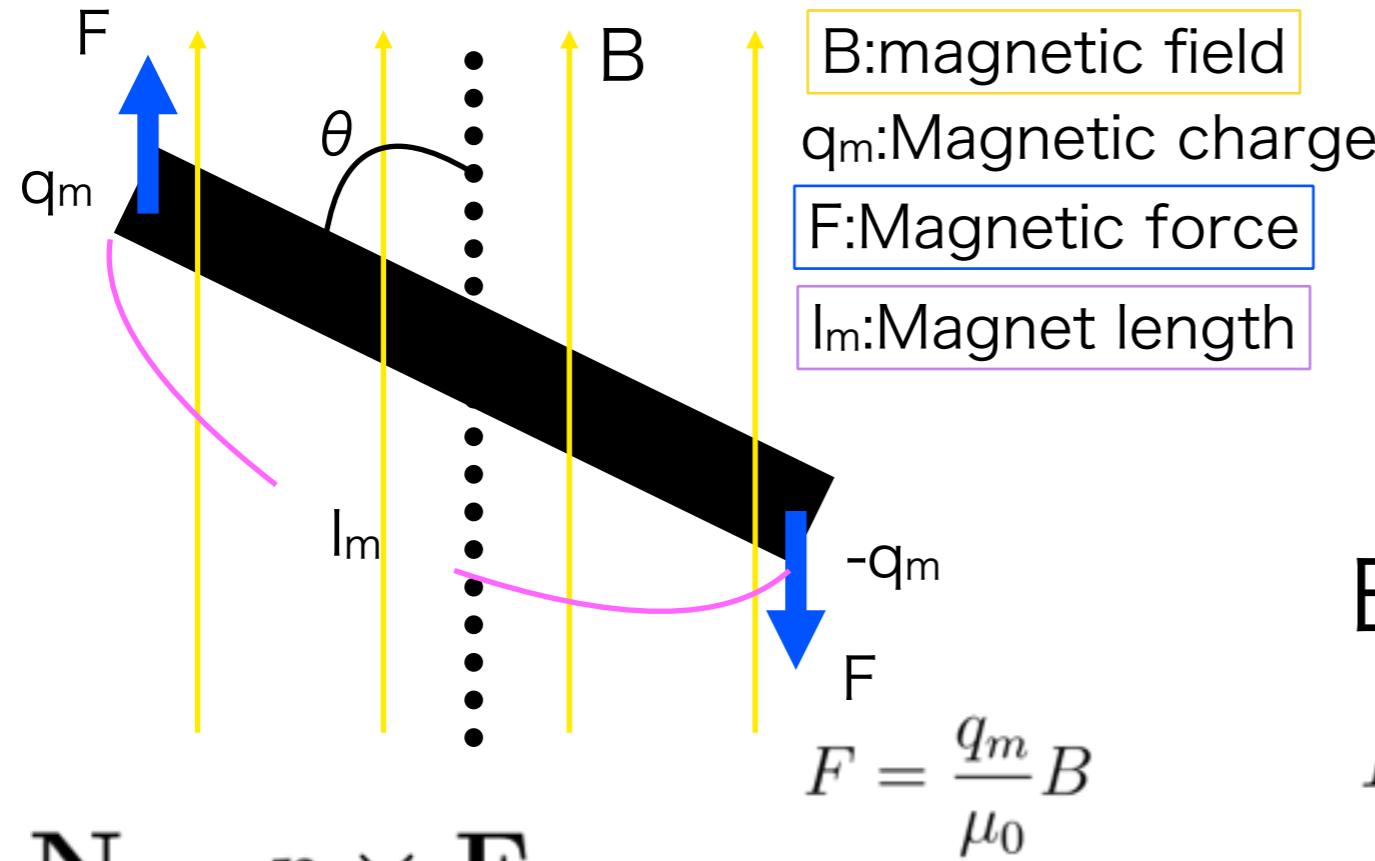
Sensitivity curve of KAGRA



- Seismic bursts excite bench motion's resonance. $< 10 \text{ Hz}$
- Bench motion's resonance induce scattered light noise $> 200\text{Hz}$

Moving mirror(upper limit)

Magnet feels “Torque”

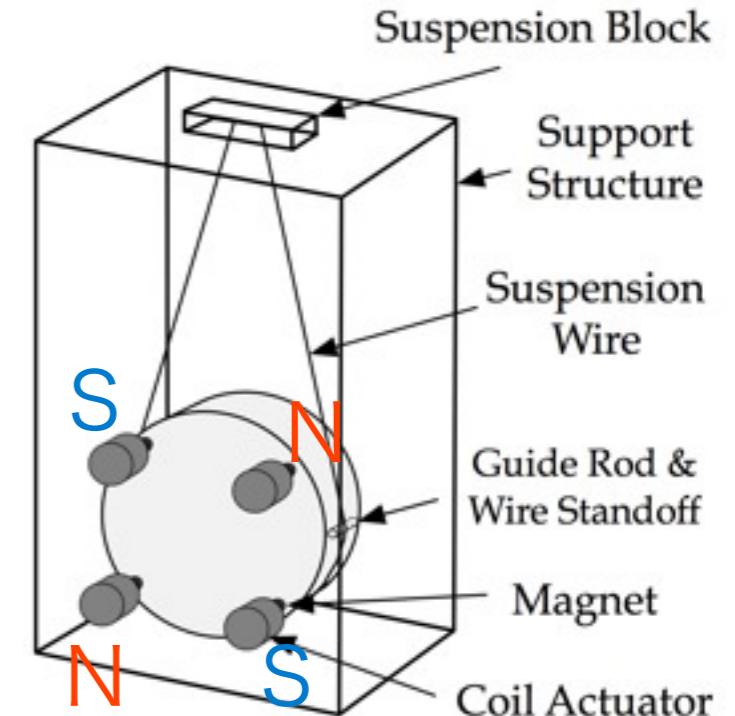


$$\mathbf{N} = \mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{F}$$

The number of magnet : 4

$$N = 4 \frac{q_m}{\mu_0} l_m B \sin \theta$$

In upper limit, $\sin \theta \sim 1$



EOM of rotation

$$I \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial t^2} = -k\phi + 4 \frac{q_m l_m}{\mu_0} B$$

↓ Fourier transformation and Simplify

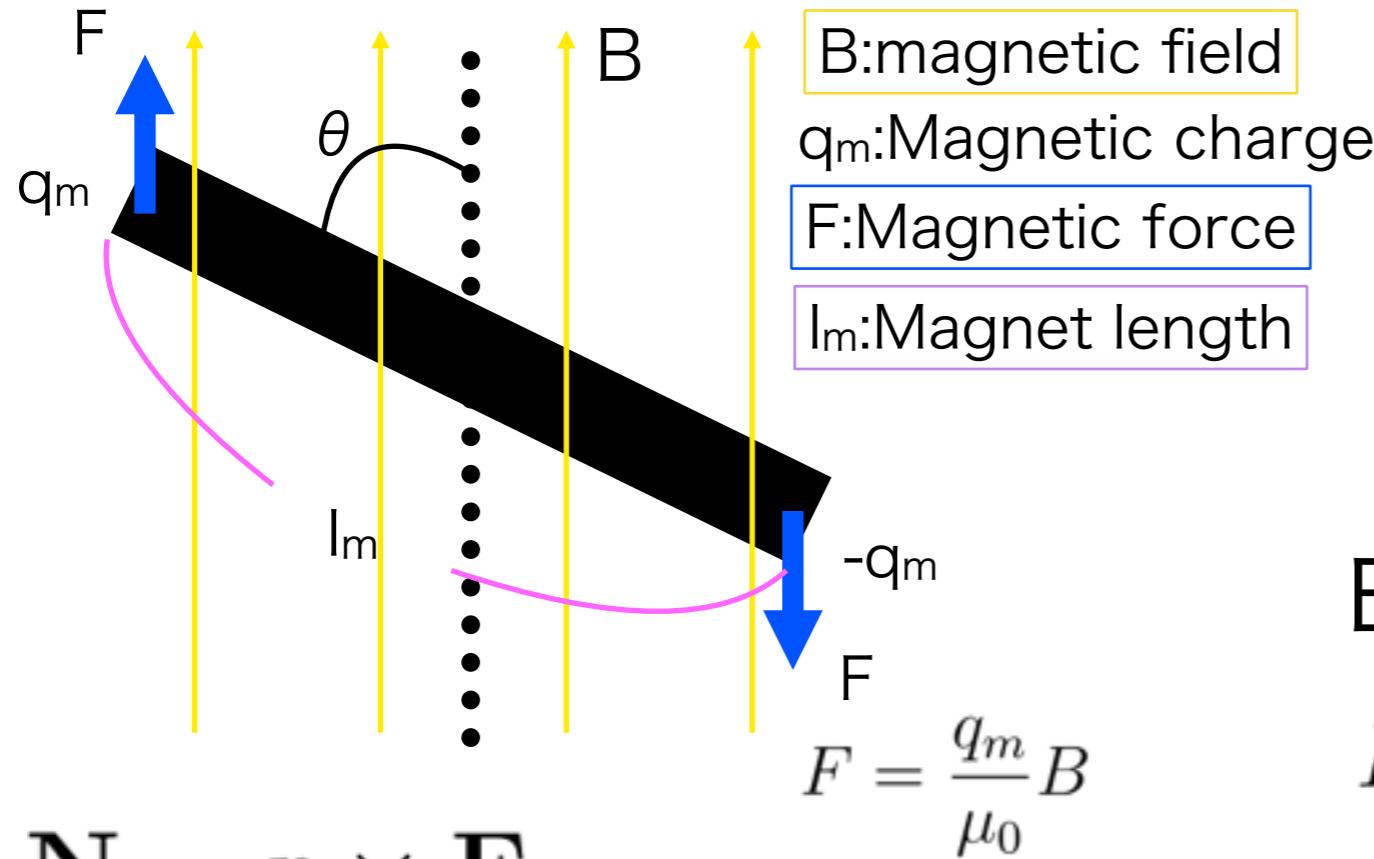
$$|\tilde{\phi}| = \frac{q_m l_m}{I \pi^2 \mu_0} \frac{1}{f^2 - f_{res}^2} |\tilde{B}|$$

I : moment of inertia $L = I\omega$: angular momentum
 ω : angular velocity k : coefficient of resilience of mirror
 $f_{res} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k}{I}}$

Ono

Moving mirror(upper limit)

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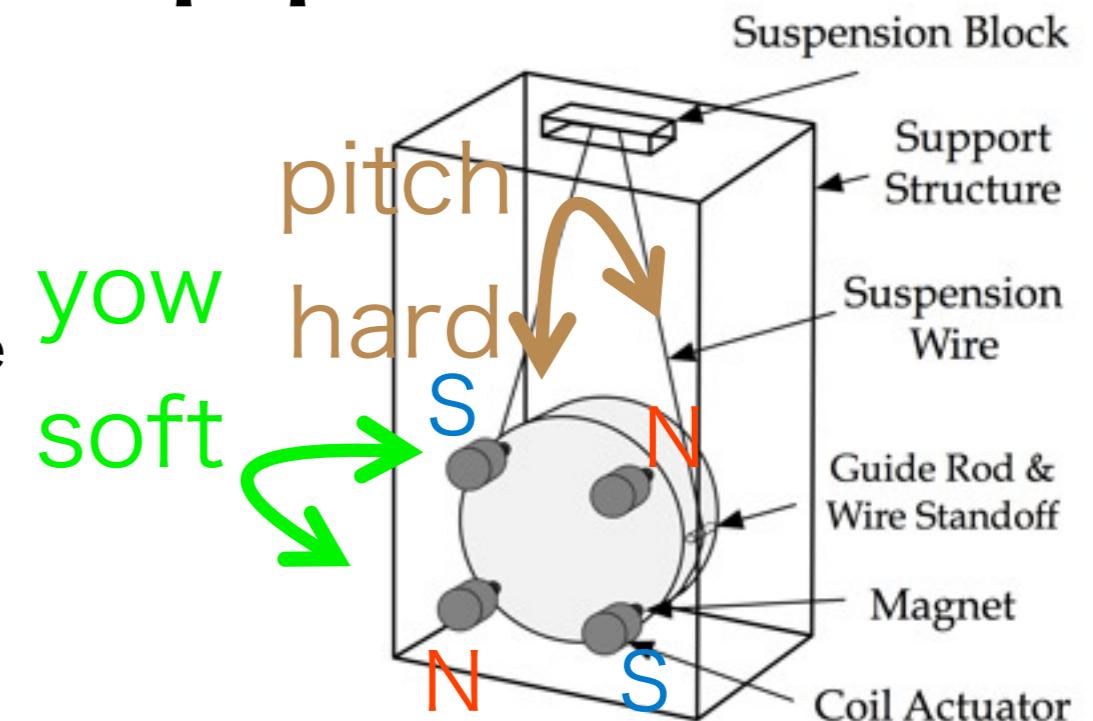


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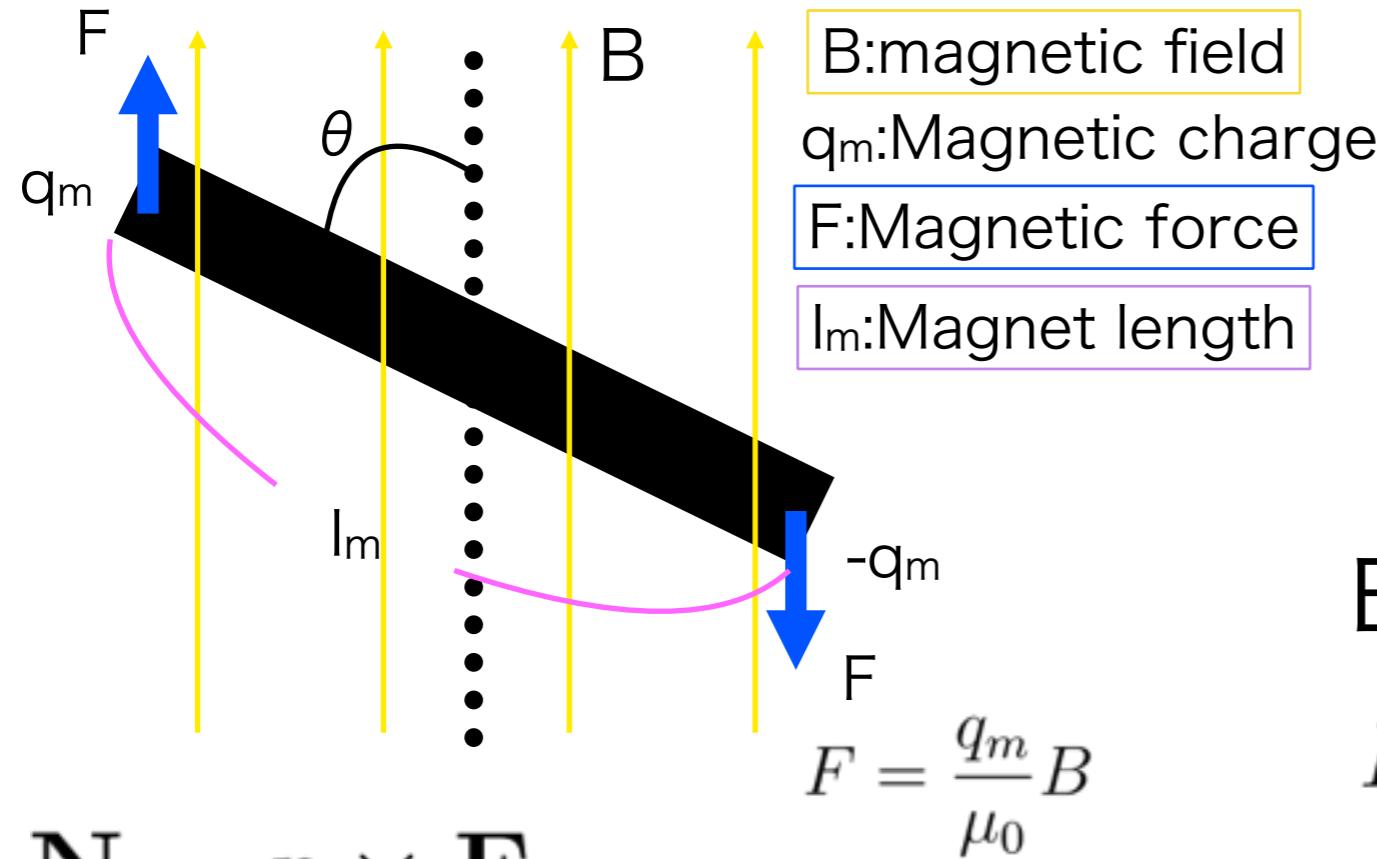
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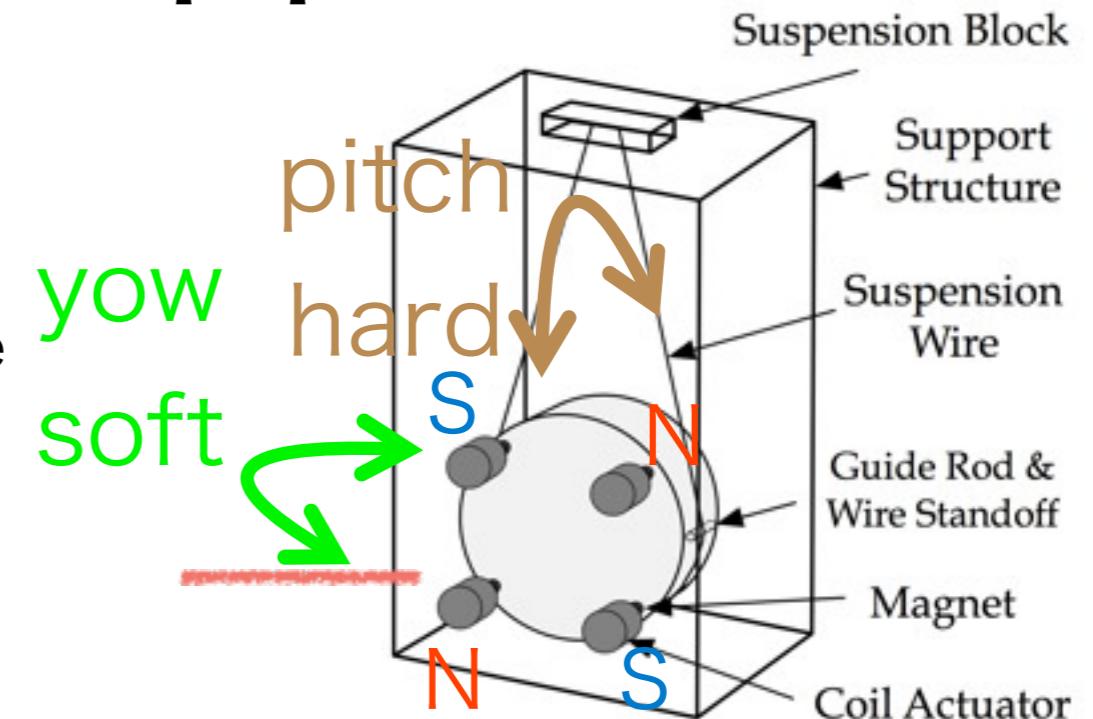


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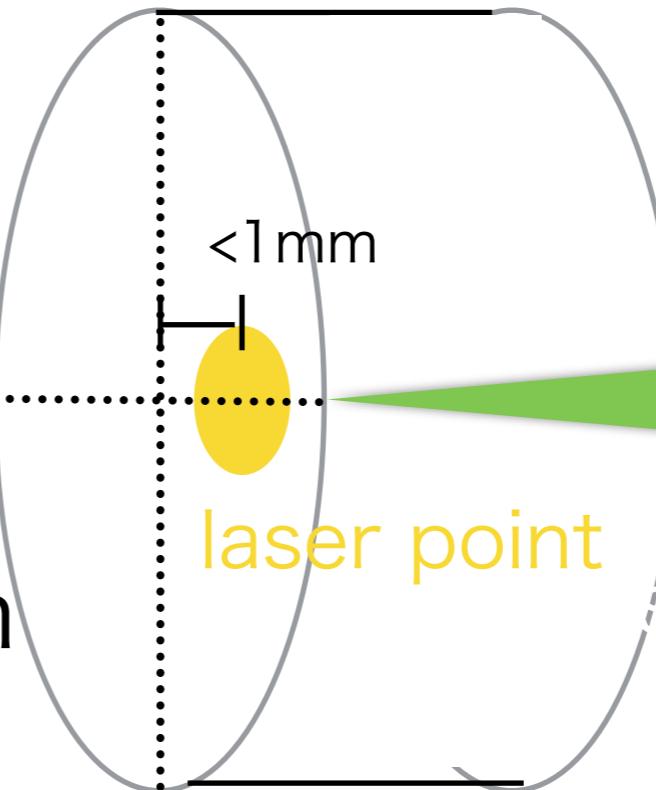
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 $f_{res} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k}{I}}$

Ono

How much does the magnetic field affect for sensitivity?

Displacement of optical path length is $10^{-3}\phi[m]$

Optical path length: 3000m
the number of mirror: 4



the limit of
fication

$$h_{\text{magnetic noise}} = \frac{2}{3} 10^{-6} \frac{q_m l_m}{I \pi^2 \mu_0} \frac{1}{f^2 - f_{res}^2} |\tilde{B}| [1/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}]$$

Ono

How much does the magnetic

ity?

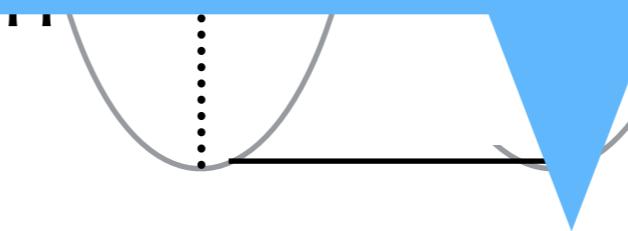
Disp

We need this information.

→measurement.

Optical path length

the number of mirror: 4



the limit of
ification

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Ono