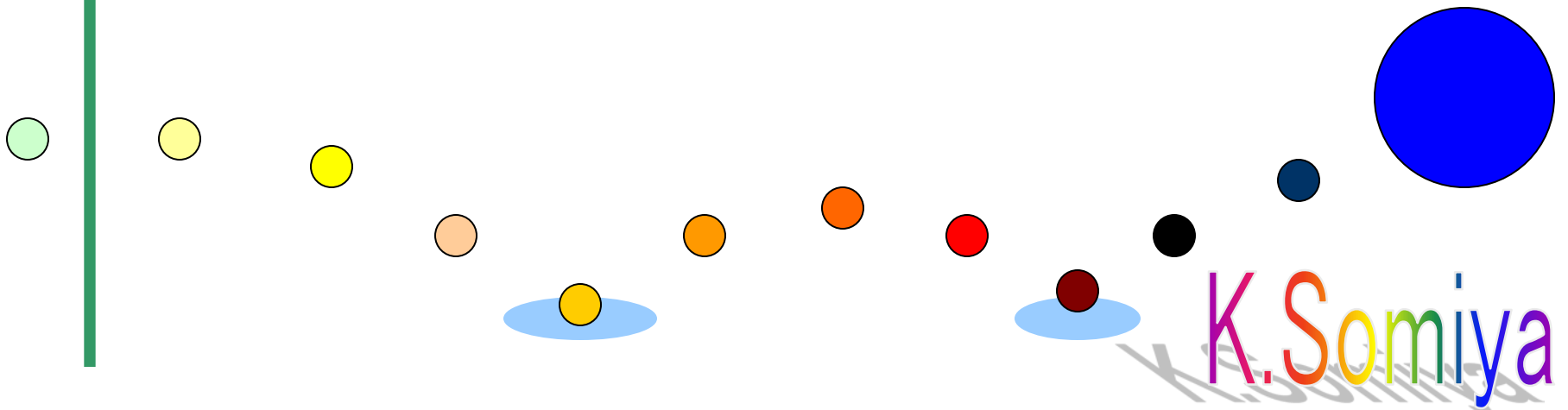


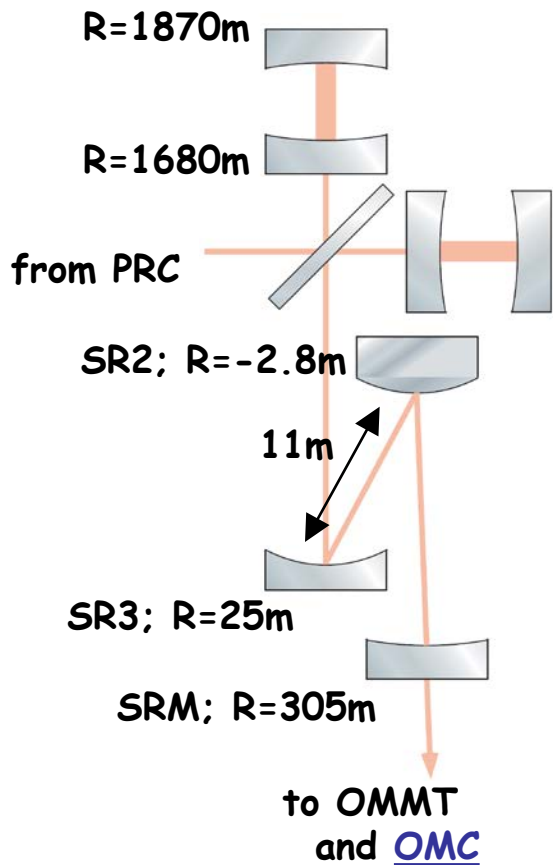
OMC for KAGRA

Jan. 2013

Kentaro Somiya

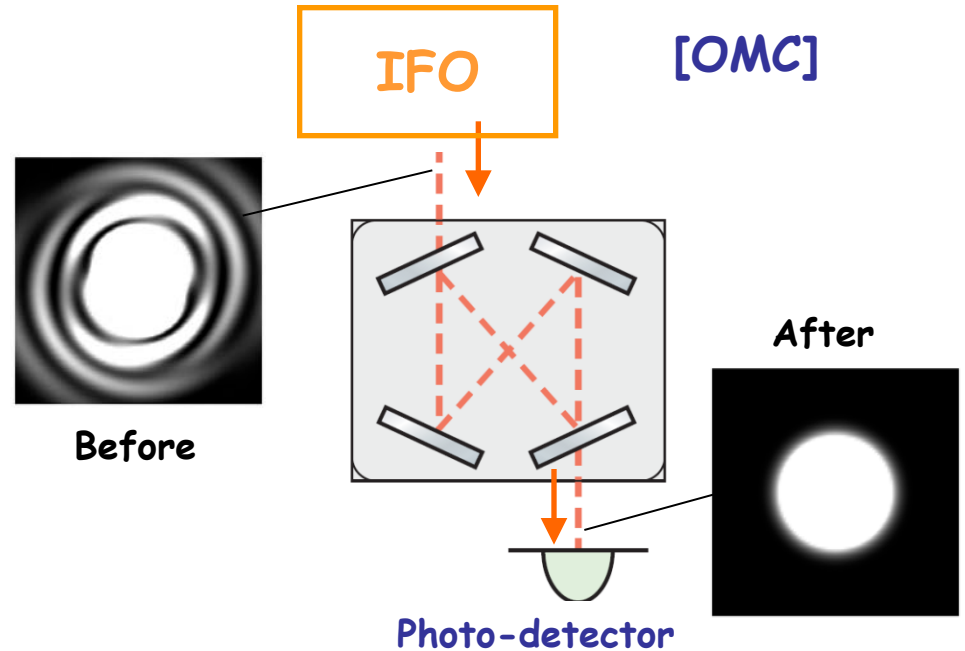


Output mode-cleaner



[KAGRA output optics]

($w_{SRM}=4.0\text{mm}$, $w_{SR2}=4.0\text{cm}$,
 $w_{SR3}=36\text{mm}$, $w_{ITM}=35\text{mm}$, $\eta_{SRC}=20\text{deg}$)

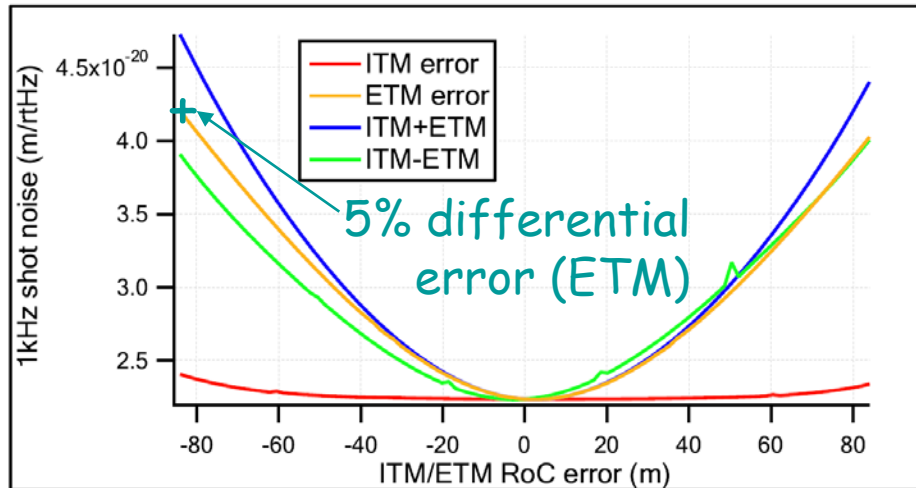


OMC's role

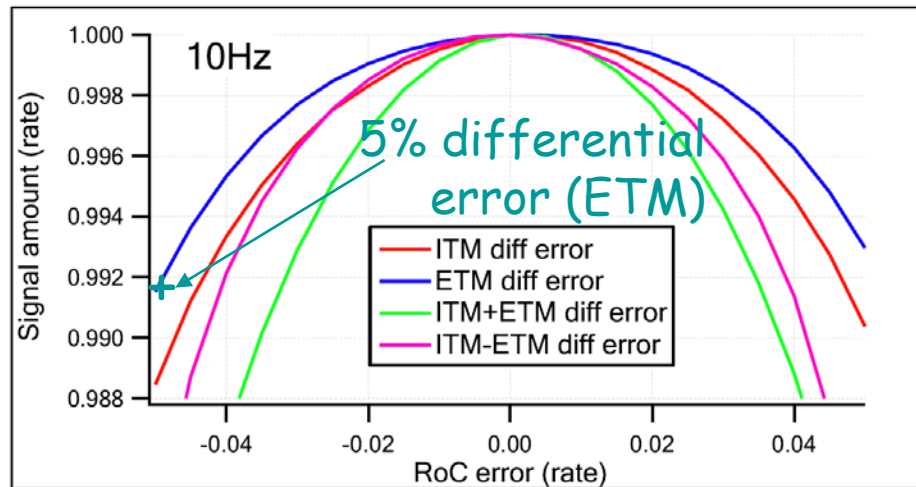
(i) Removal of junk light

(ii) Removal of 16.875MHz SB

TM curvature error



Shot noise increase for junk light



Signal reduction for mode-mismatch

Shot noise increases for...

(i) SRC mode-mismatch (common)
- fixable by SR2-SR3 telescope
(1% error -> 13cm adjustment)

(ii) Junk light increase
- partially removable by OMC

(iii) Signal decrease (differential)
- unfixable, but small

With 1% error

- * 1% diff error on ETM
- * TM loss: 41ppm/49ppm
- * Finesse difference 0.5%

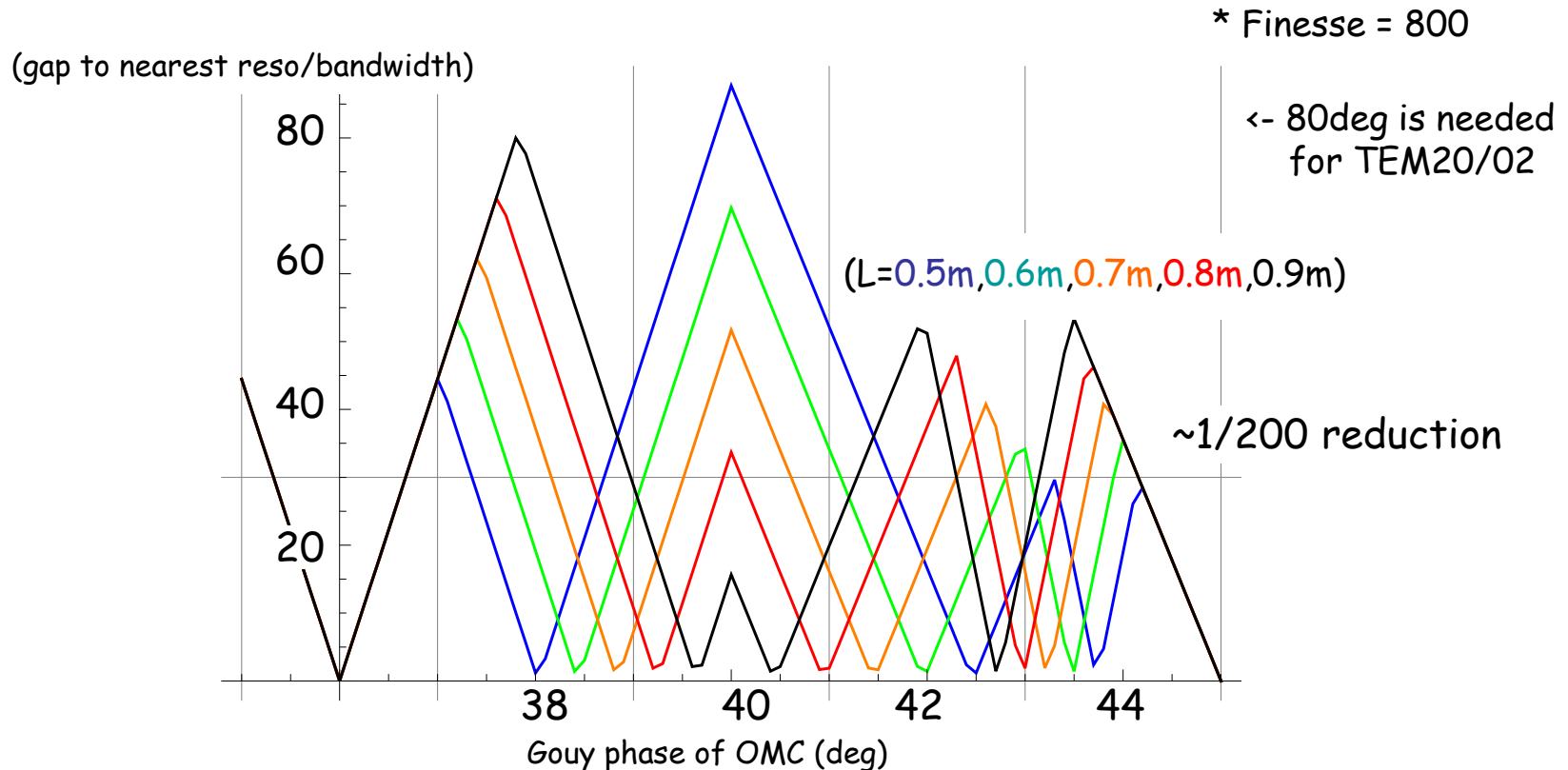
RF						DC					
TEM00	TEM20	TEM02	TEM40	TEM04	TEM22	TEM00	TEM20	TEM02	TEM40	TEM04	TEM22
85mW	0.1mW	0.1mW	4uW	4uW	3uW	1.0mW	8.9mW	8.9mW	30uW	30uW	20uW

Requirement to OMC

- (i) Signal reduction for optical loss $< \sim 2\%$ <- 2% degrade
-> finesse < 1000 (30ppm/mirror)
- (ii) RF SB should be less than 10uW ($\times 1/8500$) <- 2% degrade
-> $L_{omc} > 90\text{cm}$
- (iii) TEM20/02 should be less than 2.5uW ($\times 1/3600$) <- 0.5% degrade
-> Gouy phase = 7~83 deg (finesse=800)
- (iv) Other HOM should be less than 0.5uW ($\times 1/200\sim$) <- 0.5% degrade
-> Less solution with longer OMC; astigmatism issue

* The requirement depends on the loss imbalance

Gouy phase selection



Considering up to the 8th order, 19, 38, 80, 99 degs are candidates

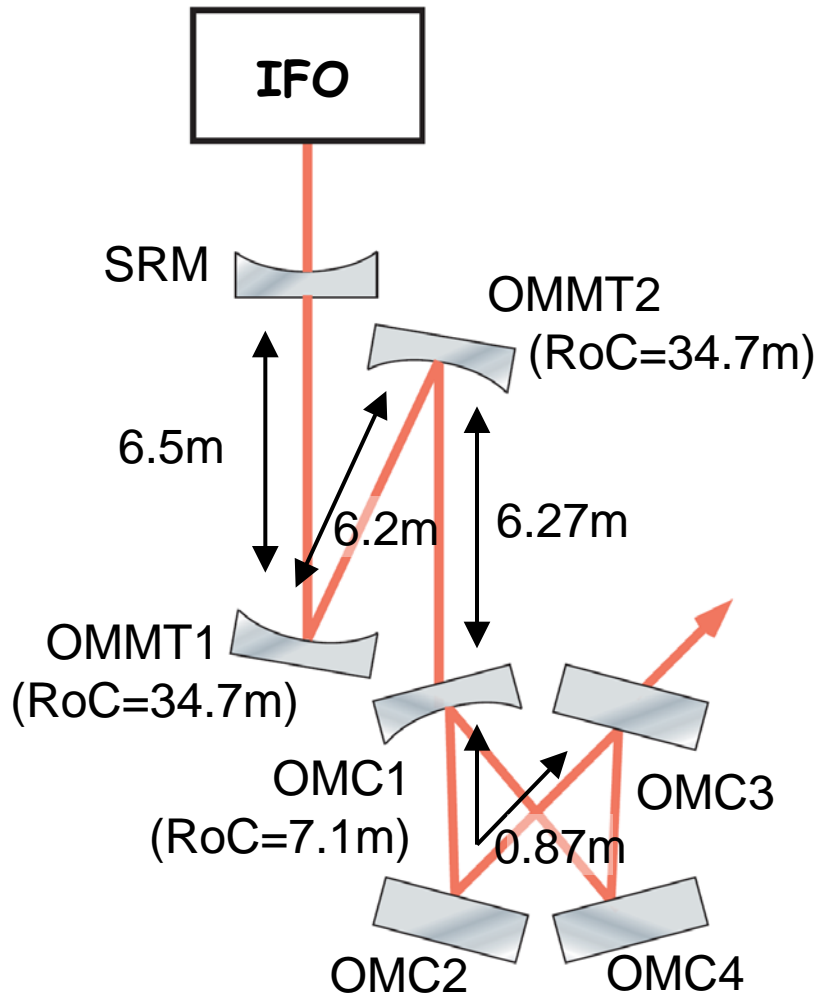
-> 19 and 38 are good with the 2nd order modes

-> OMMT length will be 10m+ for 19 deg

-> L=87cm is the best, 2nd HOM of RFSB taken into account

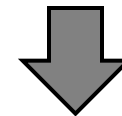
* Astigmatism makes Gouy phase shifted by 0.5~1 def btw V/H

OMC design



before OMC

RF	DC					
total	TEM00	TEM20	TEM02	TEM40	TEM04	TEM22
85mW	1.0mW	8.9mW	8.9mW	30uW	30uW	20uW



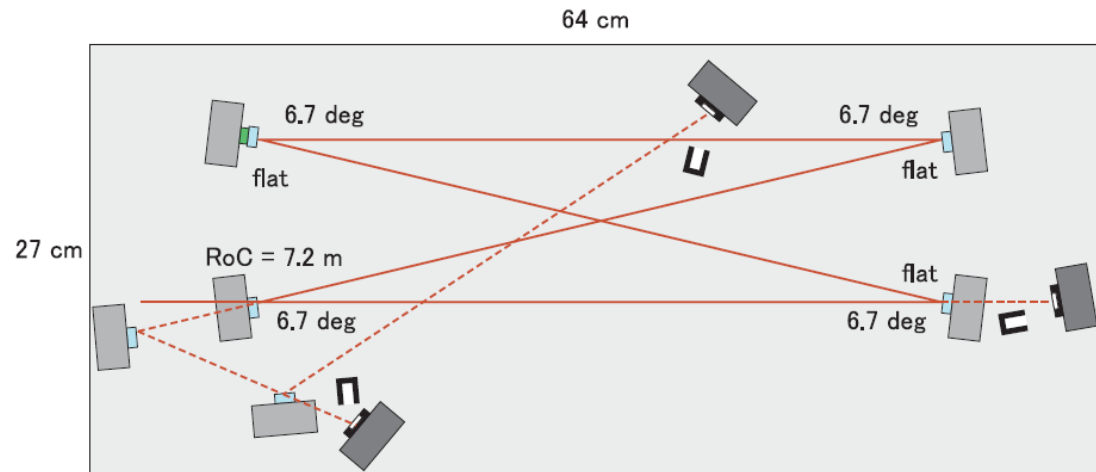
after OMC

RF	DC					
total	TEM00	TEM20	TEM02	TEM40	TEM04	TEM22
4uW	980uW	0.1uW	0.1uW	0.1nW	0.2nW	0.1nW

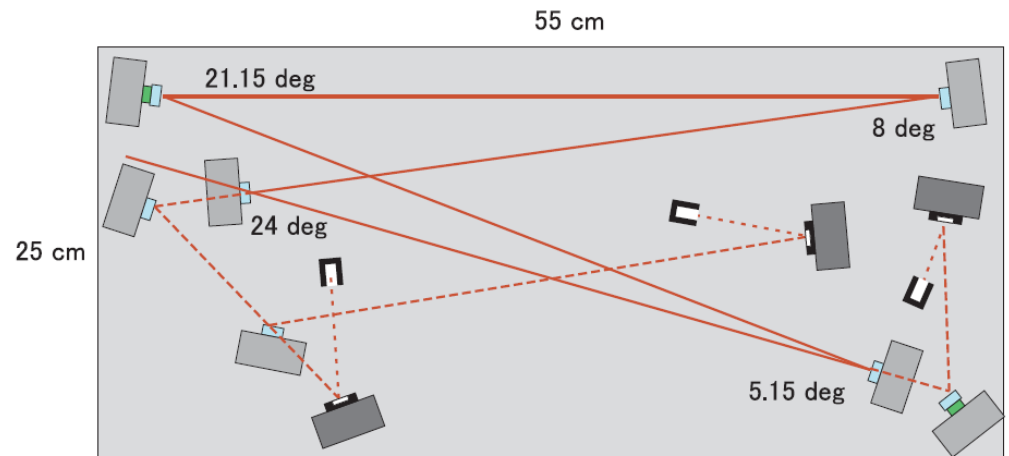
Reflectivity of OMC1/3 is 99.6%

Preliminary design

item	value
SRM-OMMT1 length	6.5 m
OMMT1-OMMT2 length	6.2 m
OMMT2-OMC1 length	6.266 m
OMC roundtrip length	1.74 m
OMMT1 RoC	34.7 m
OMMT2 RoC	34.7 m
OMMT1 incident angle	1.9 deg
OMMT2 incident angle	1.9 deg
OMC mirrors incident angle	6.7 deg
OMC1 RoC	7.2 m
OMC2-4 RoC	flat
beam radius on OMMT1	4.1 mm
beam radius on OMMT2	4.3 mm
beam radius on OMC1	0.95 mm
power reflectivity of OMC1	99.6 %
power reflectivity of OMC3	99.6 %
OMC suspension	Type-C
OMC material	Aluminum

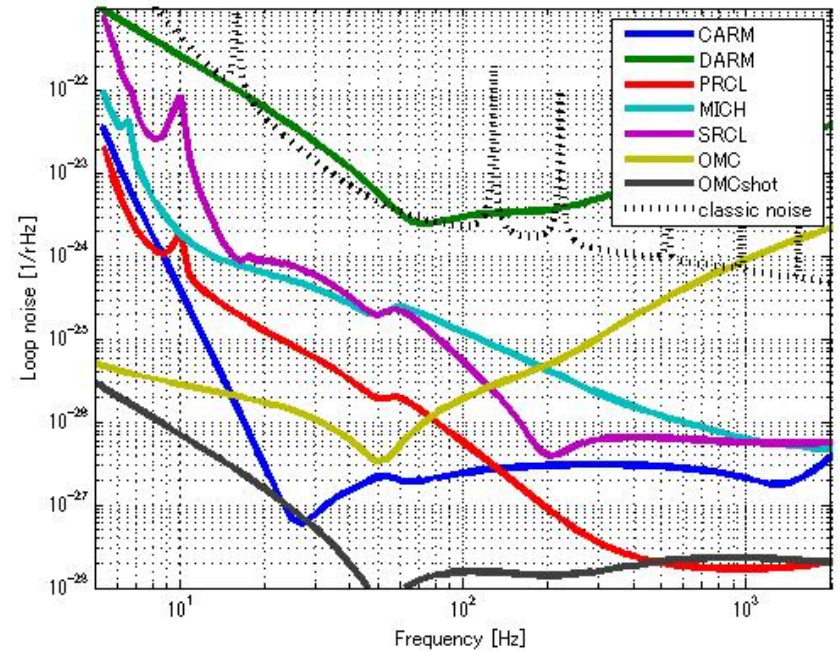
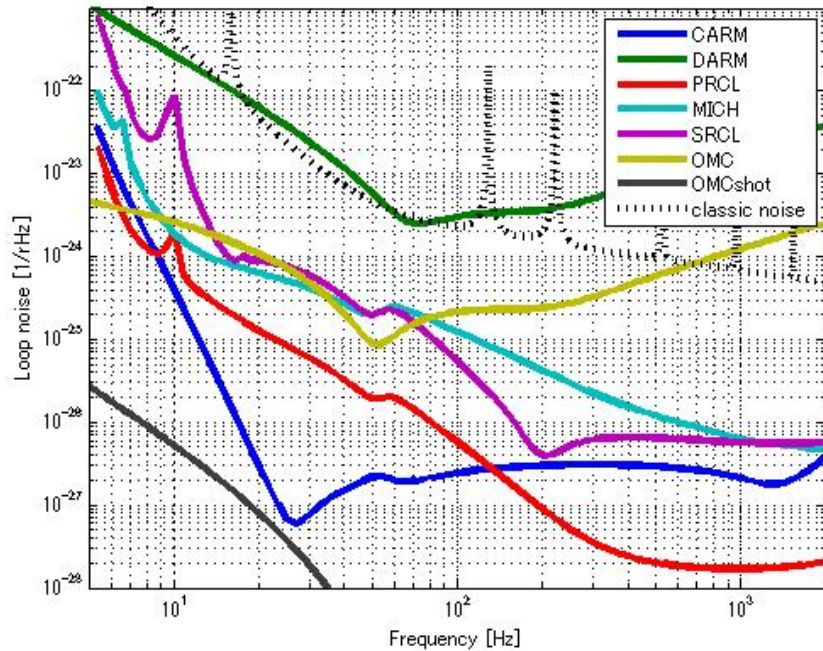


[old]



[new]

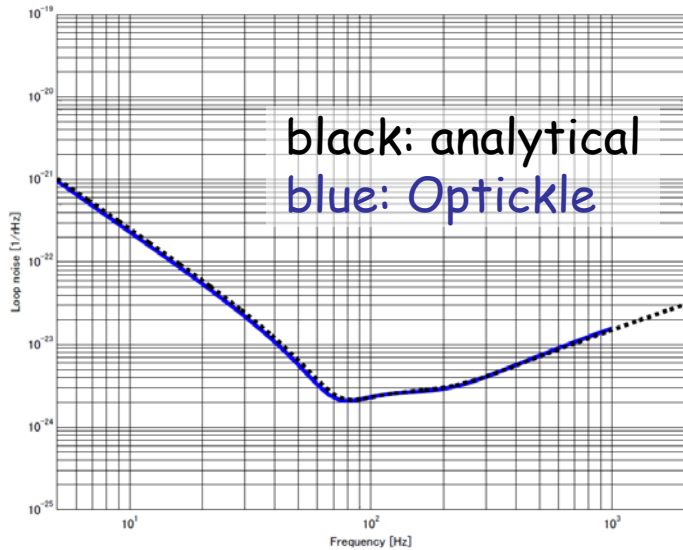
OMC noise



- PDH signal at the OMC reflection port
- $1e-14\text{m}/\text{rtHz}$ displacement noise assumed
- Left: OMC UGF=20Hz, Right: OMC UGF=200Hz

Supplementary slides

Junk-light simulations



- Optickle includes radiation pressure
- FINESSE includes higher order modes

Check parameters with Optickle

(DARM offset)



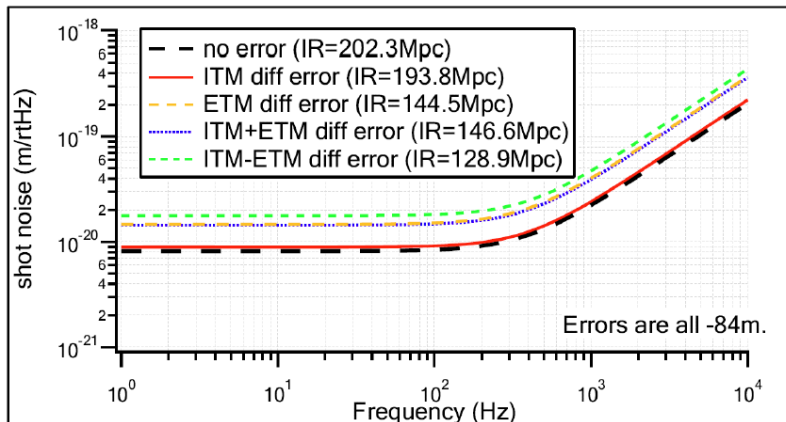
HOM simulation by FINESSE

(Tuned RSE shot noise)



Calculate junk light at dark port

- A dummy SR-arm for reference
- A dummy OMC for reference
- Modal expansion



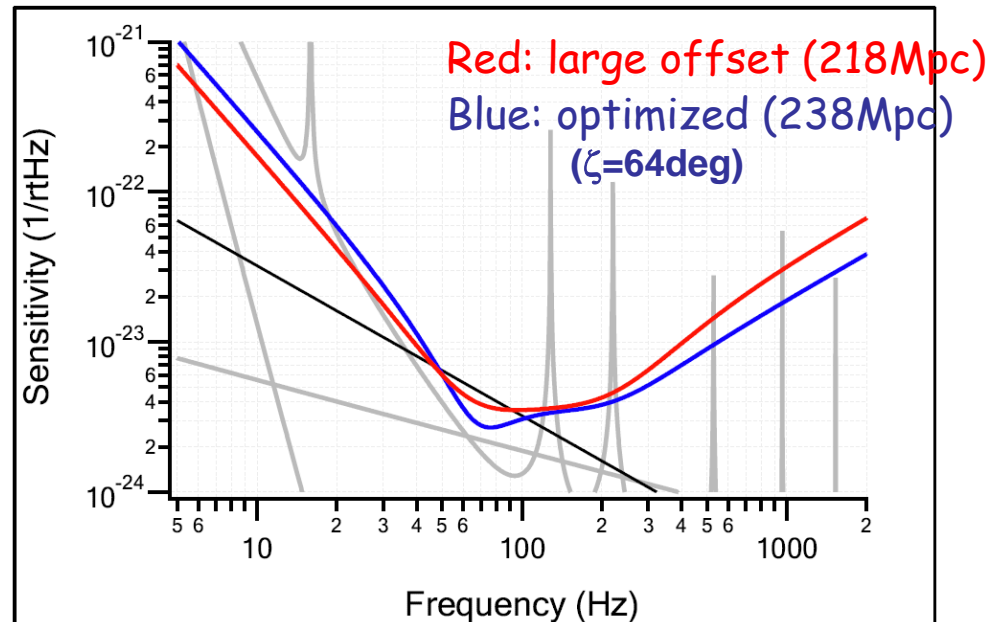
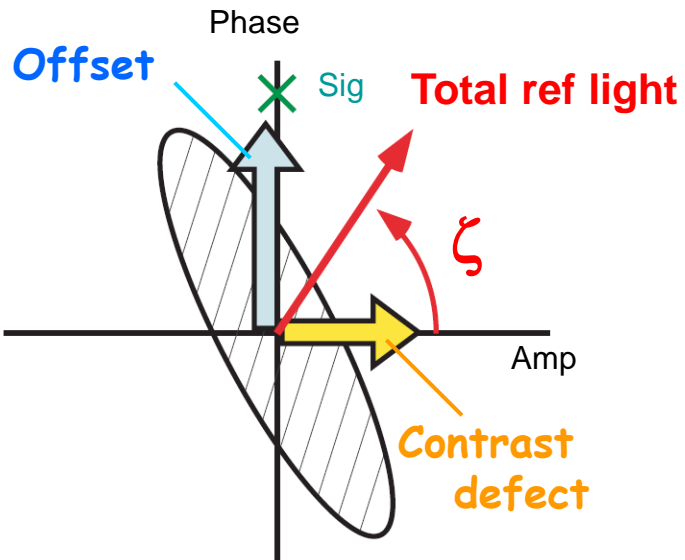
[shot noise calculated by FINESSE]

Confirmation of the accuracy

highest mode	TEM00
1	0.0001954
3	0.0016304
5	0.0042656
7	0.0056478
9	0.0058341
11	0.0058838
13	0.0058732
15	0.0058757
17	0.0058744
19	0.0058739

We should better calculate up to at least the 7th mode. It was 5 for the calculations shown in the slides, though.

Optimization of the readout phase



KAGRA sensitivity

Contrast defect comes from the loss difference of the arm cavities.

Merit of optimization: Inspiral range increases by 10%

Risk of optimization: Ref light gets weak if the loss imbalance is small
~ harder requirement on OMC

With 2% error

- * 2% diff error on ETM
- * TM loss: 41ppm/49ppm
- * Finesse difference 0.5%

RF						DC					
TEM00	TEM20	TEM02	TEM40	TEM04	TEM22	TEM00	TEM20	TEM02	TEM40	TEM04	TEM22
85mW	0.1mW	0.1mW	4uW	4uW	3uW	1.3mW	42mW	42mW	43uW	43uW	28uW

Requirement to OMC

4 times bigger
2nd HOM

- (i) Signal reduction for optical loss $< \sim 2\%$ ← 2% degrade
 → finesse < 1000 (30ppm/mirror)
- (ii) RF SB should be less than 13uW ($\times 1/6500$) ← 2% degrade
 → $L_{omc} > 80\text{cm}$
- (iii) TEM20/02 should be less than 3.3uW ($\times 1/13000$) ← 0.5% degrade
 → Gouy phase = 11~79 deg (finesse=800)
- (iv) Other HOM should be less than 0.6uW ($\times 1/200\sim$) ← 0.5% degrade
 → Less solution with longer OMC; astigmatism issue

* The requirement depends on the loss imbalance