

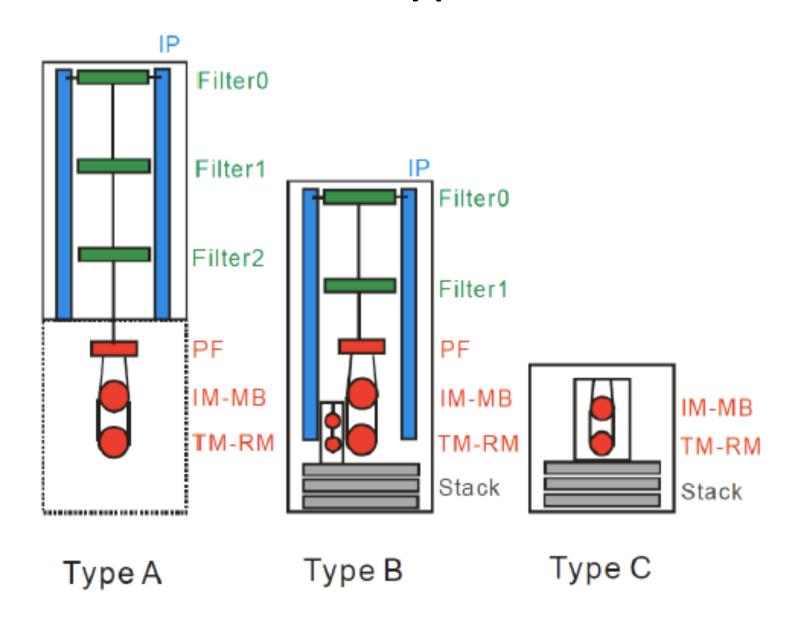
LCGT - SAS development status

H. Ishizaki, E. Majorana, T. Sekiguchi, R. Takahashi, A. Takamori, T. Uchiyama, R. DeSalvo

The structure and functions of LCGT SAS



Attenuator types





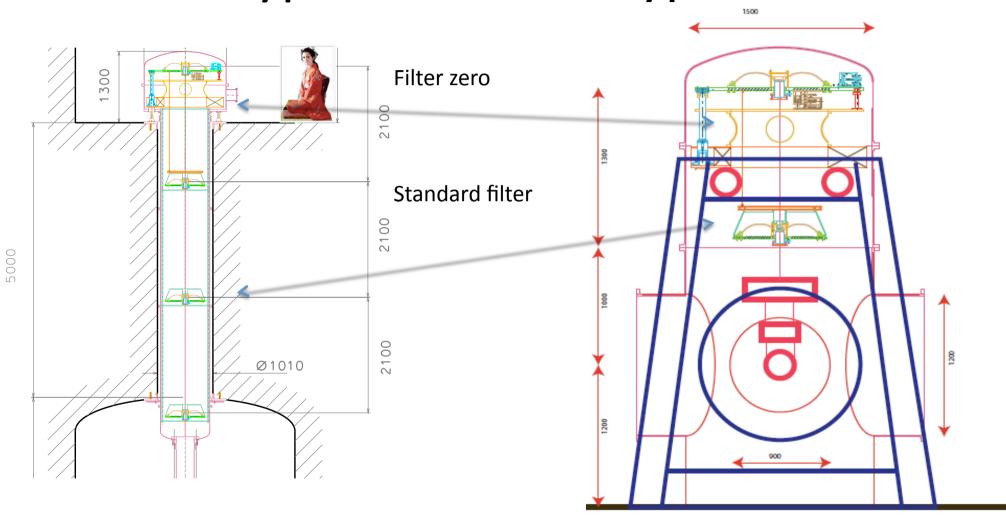
LCGT SAS general design

- Passive seismic attenuation
- Based on Geometric Anti Springs (GAS)
- Pendula
- and inverted pendula (IP) on the first stage



Modular design

Type A Type B

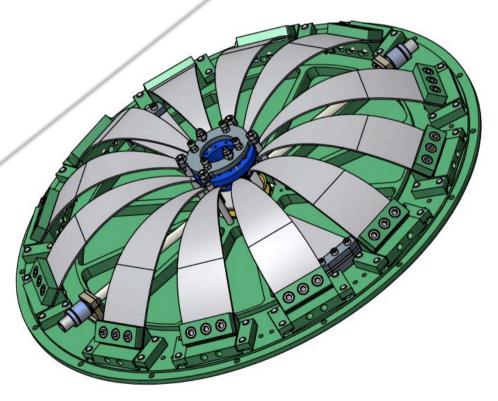




Standard modular filter

- Up to twelve blades
- <100 to 600 kg
 load
- Change number and size of blades to match required load

73 cm diameter

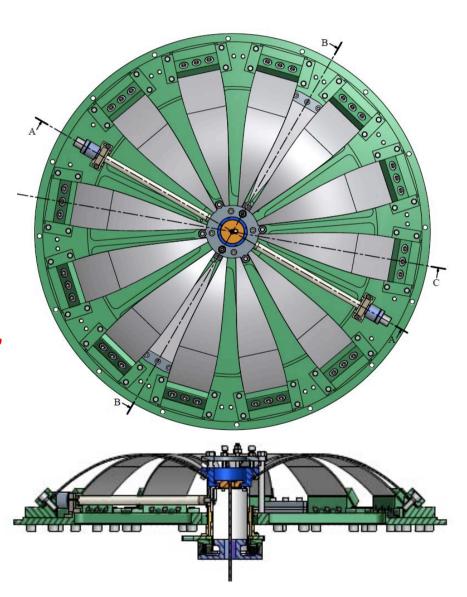


85 kg mass



Standard filter performance

- Passive frequency tuning by changing radial compression
- LVDT/Actuator for testing, ringdown, thermal compensation, frequency tuning, . . .



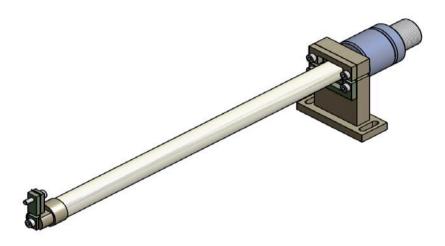


Magic wands

Compensate center of percussion limitations

- Peak attenuation 90 dB





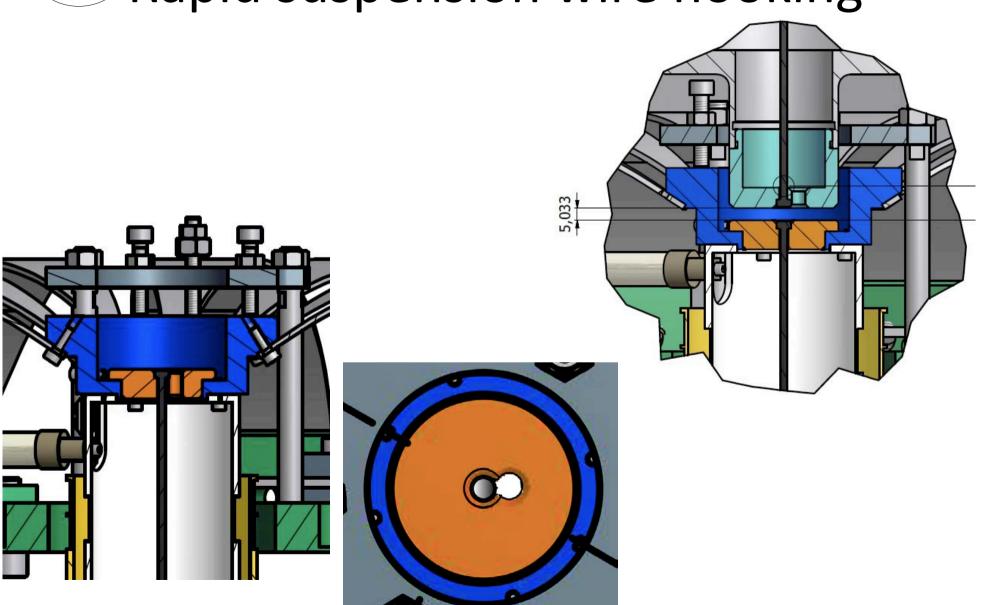
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LVDT actuator unit



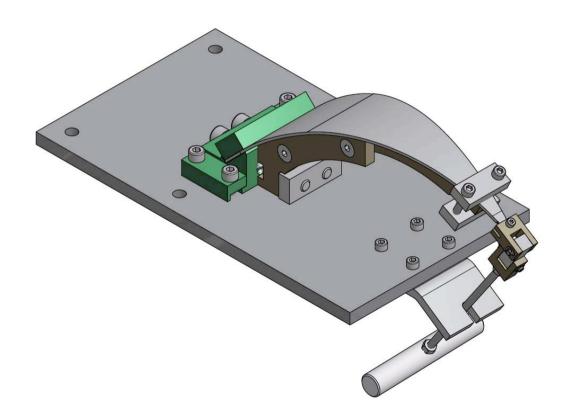






Modular-rapid blade assembly

Specialized tooling





Easy to assemble





Standard filter machining







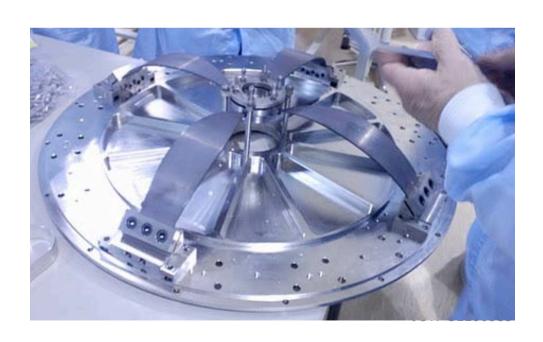
JGW-



Standard filter

• The first prototype of standard filter was built

assembled and delivered

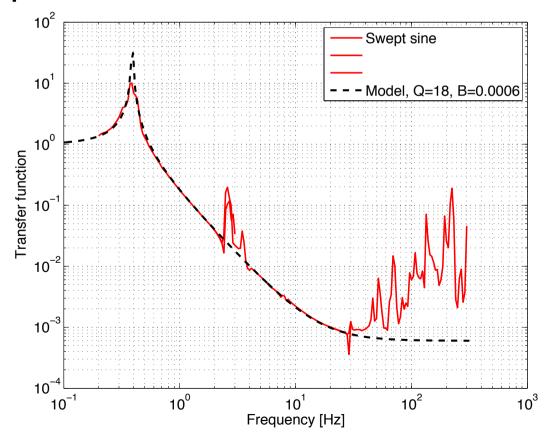






Standard filter

- It was tested it in NIKHEF, Netherlands
- Performance as expected





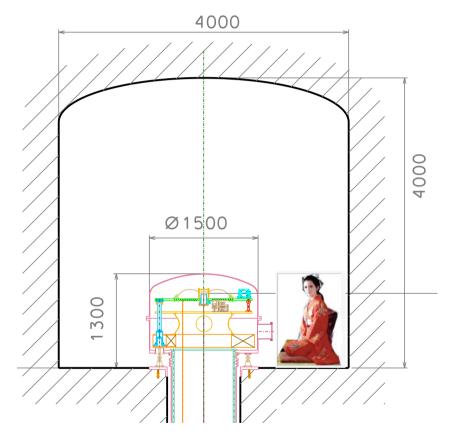
Optimized bades

- A surprise
- The better is the enemy of the good
- Previous blades are good enough
- 90 dB when not cabled





The top filter and IP table

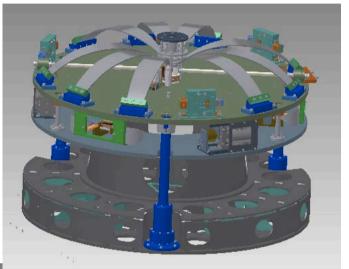


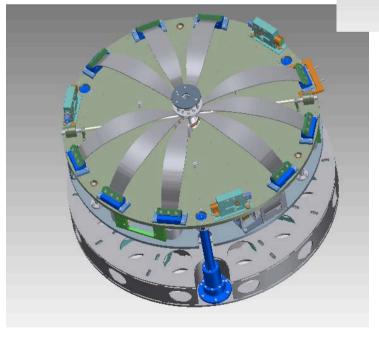
- footed on solid rock
- Inverted Pendulum table with short legs
- Large GAS filter

Easily accessible



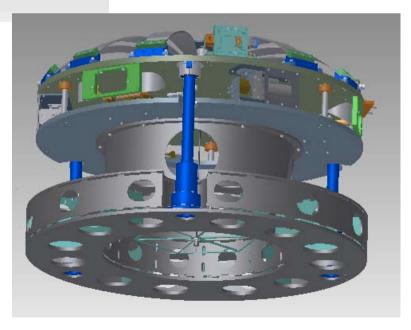
Top Filter / Inverted Pendulum





Please consult T1100306-v1 Top filter description

JGW-G1100385



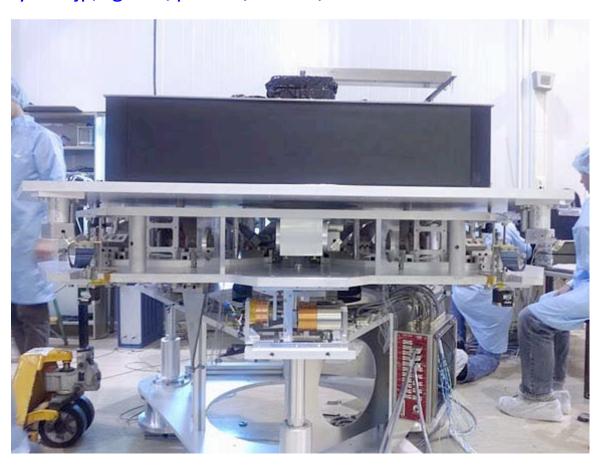


Top filter pedigree

Same as HAM SAS, AEI SAS and NIKHEF-Virgo SAS

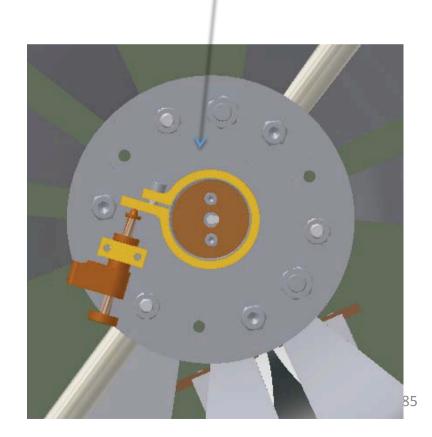
Please read LCGT-T1000253:

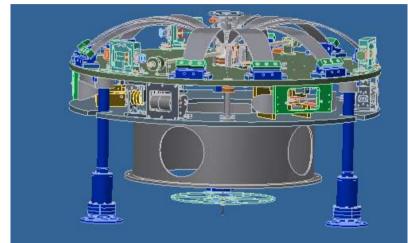
http://gw.icrr.u-tokyo.ac.jp/cgi-bin/private/DocDB/ShowDocument?docid=253





Tuneable load Rotatable suspension wire

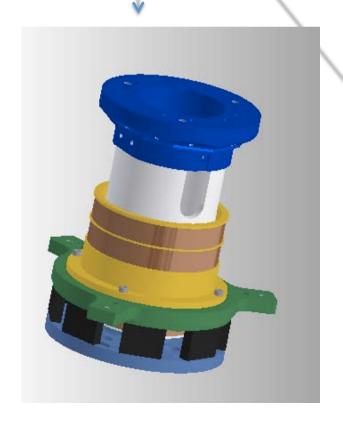


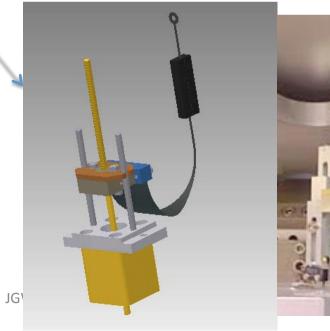




Vertical Dynamic and static positioning



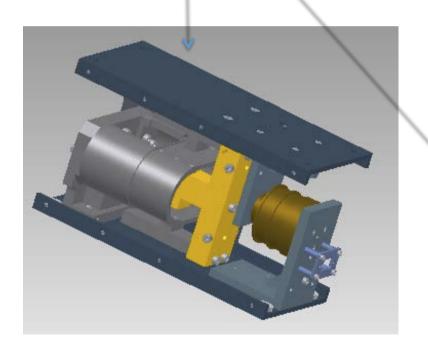




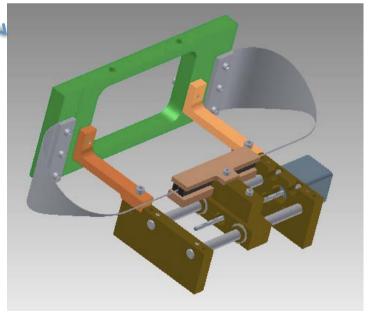




Horizontal Dynamic and static positioning









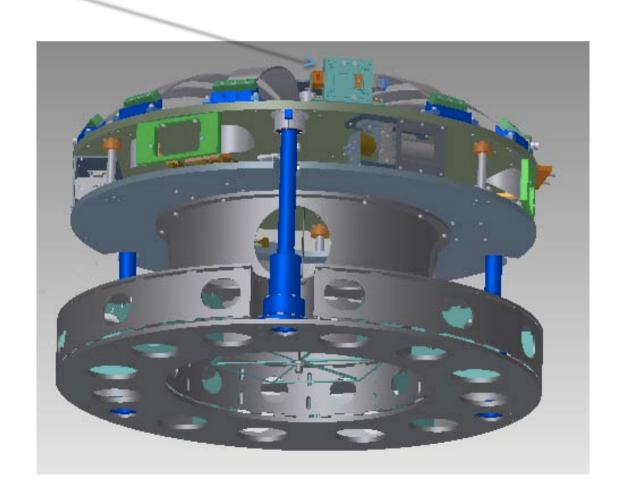
Inertial controls

The key point:
Horizontal accelerometers
Mounted on soft X-Y table
rigid in tilt

Avoid internal tilt problem

Can use an external tiltmeter for tilt correction

Will implement accelerometer in second stage, when money available, if necessary





Top filter / Inverted Pendulum Controls

- Sufficient performance tested by HAM SAS at LASTI
- Designed as platform for active controls
 - Separated degrees of freedom
 - Very soft flexures
 - Tilt problem mitigated by tilt rigidity
- Under development at AEI and NIKHEF
- We will simply copy all controls from Virgo and AEI
- Copy electronics and data acquisition

Top filter – Inverted Pendulum

Design of the top filter nearing completion

Prototyping will follow immediately

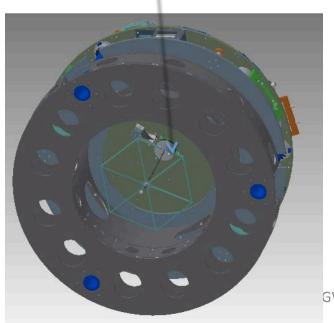
Filter zero and Standard Filter Drawing set As of today D1100307-v2

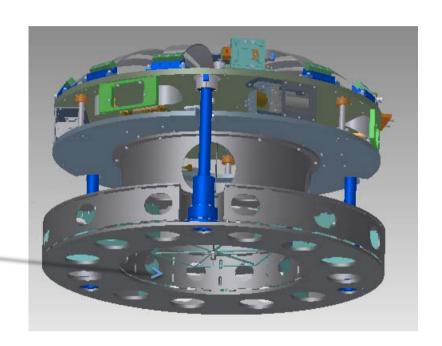


Wiring

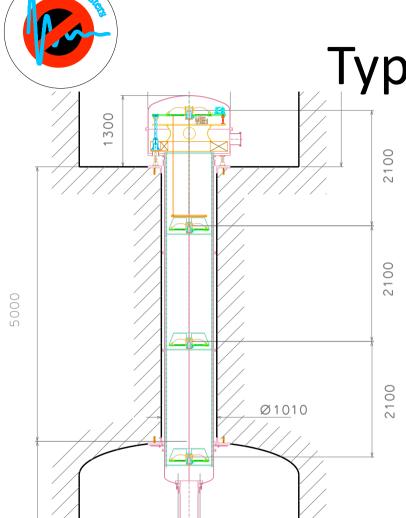
Kapton bound ribbon wires

Spider for cabling





GW-G1100385



Type A chain

Intended for the four test masses

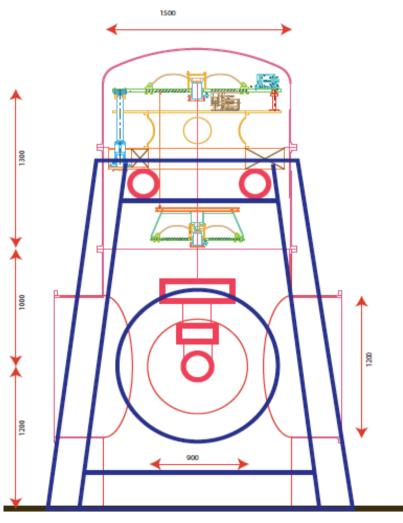
 Virgo measured sufficient attenuation from 4 Hz

This is an advanced version of Virgo's Superattenuators

Expected to do equally well



Type B chain



 Intended for beam splitter and recycling mirrors

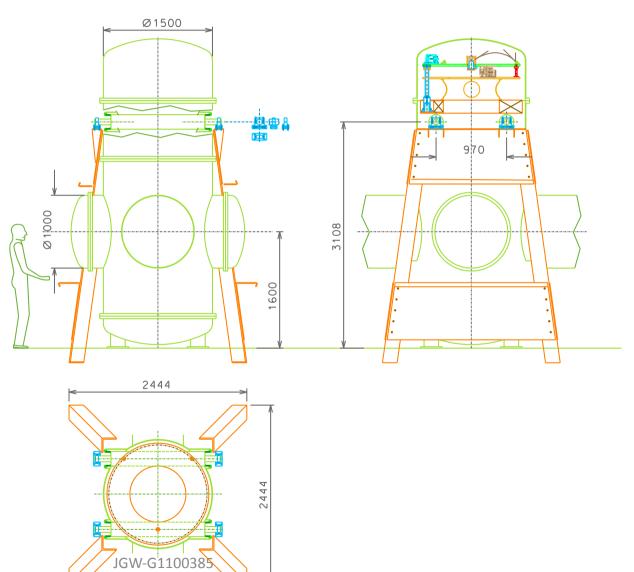
Single standard filter

Mirror suspensions



Rigid external structure to support IP

Type B





Type C table

- Intended for input-output optics
- Simplify and miniaturize HAM SAS
- Will use the same modular components reduced in size as needed
- Otherwise copy all lesson learned
- If not sufficient money available, will use stacks



SAS Pre-commissioning scenario

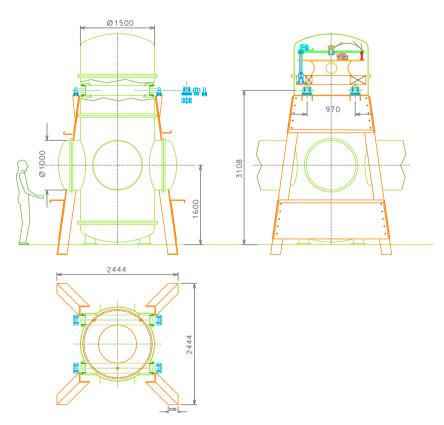
- After prototype test of both filters,
- We are considering pre-commissioning at the TAMA facility
- Reduced payload?
- At Kamioka we will implement very heavy recoil and intermediate masses to make space for future payloads without disassembly



Type B pre-commissioning

- TAMA tanks 1 m diameter
- Type B 1.5 m diameter

• Solution?

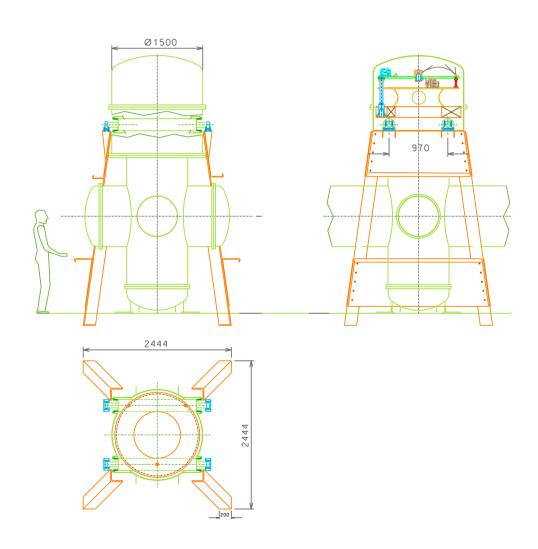




Type B pre-commissioning

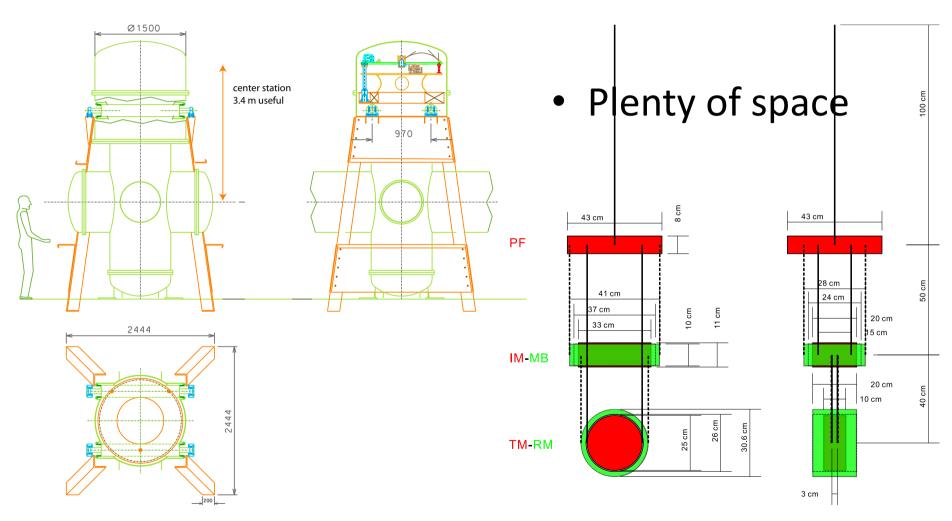
- Solution:
- Weight watchers

 Hat supported by external structure at the central station





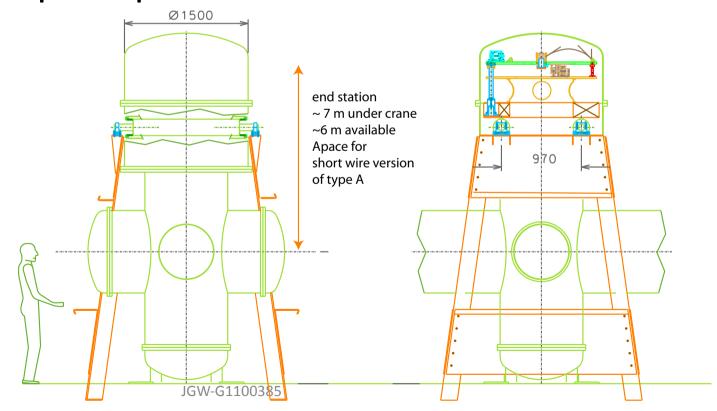
Type B pre-commissioning





Type A pre-commissioning

- In the end stations there is vertical space, but
- May need a more massive external structure
- Feasible in principle with shorter wires





Pre-commissioning tentative schedule

- Filter production will start in 2011
- Extra filters for pre-commissioning facility can be readied by end of fiscal year 2011
- Electronics and control logic from AEI-NIKHEF
- Conceivably can have one year of precommissioning for at least type B,
- possibly even for type A as well before the installation in tunnels



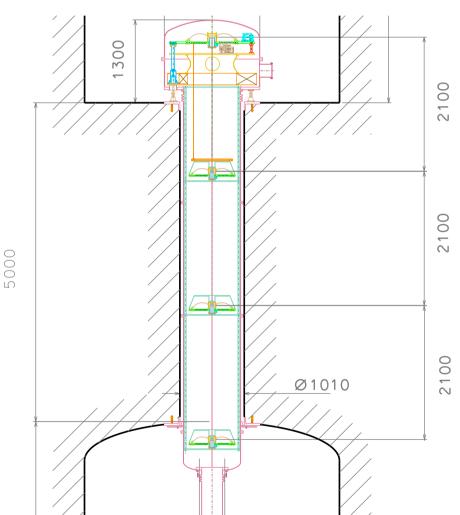
Pre-commissioning problems or show stoppers

- Funding
- Manpower
- Limited time scale

 Still it may give a great payback and is worth a big effort



Cryogenics pre-commissioning



- Heat links sufficiently soft to filter out cooling noise above 10 Hz
- Heat links are very rigid for controls (~mHz)
- A separated specialized underground facility and thorough tests may be necessary before implementation on LCGT